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#### WASHINGTON.

MATTERS OF INTEREST FROM THE FEDERAL CAPITAL

Randall and Morrison Sounding the Members on the Tariff Bill-The Labor Investigation—Mrs. Thompson's Appointment as Fostmistress —A Split Among the Negroes.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—[Special.]—Messrs. Randall and Morrison were both moving about among members of the house today and it is said that both were ascertaining opinjons on the pending tariff bill. Mr. Raudall will oppose it from the start. Some estimates say that as many as thirty-five demomates say that as many as thirty-nive demo-erats are already committed against the bill. The Pennsylvania delegation, however, is not solid in opposition to it. Messrs, Scott, Storm and Swope, three of the democratic members from that state, say that it is time to pass some sort of a tariff bill and if they can do no better will vote for the measure submitted by the ways and means committee Morrison claims to be encouraged by the outlook for the bill and is very confident that it will pass the house. The opposition of twenty-one democrats will defeat the bill. The free wool cause will probably influence every one of the eleven democratic congressmen from Ohio to oppose it and it is more than probable that at least ten more negative democratic votes will come from other delegations.
THE LABOR INVESTIGATIONS.

Governor Curtin, chairman of the special committee to investigate the labor troubles, said tonight that his committee would have a consultation tomorrow with a view to map-ping out the work before them, and would start early next week for St. Louis. They will also visit Fort Worth. Governor Curtin said all he wants is the truth about the troubles and that he means to get it if possi-

Most of the Kentucky congressmen are agi-tated over the reappointment of Mrs. Virginia Thompson as postmistress at Louisville. Mrs. Thompson was first appointed by President Hayes eight years ago, and today President Cleveland started her on a third term. She was indorsed by Senator Beck and Congressman Willis, and was opposed by Senator Black-burn, the democratic press of Louisville and a large number of prominent democrats of that city. Her efficiency was admitted, but it was sileged that she had been an active and offensive partisan, that she had contributed fifteen hundred dollars to the Garfield campaign fund and quite a considera-ble sum to the Blaine fund. Her enthusiasm for Garfield was intensified by the fact that she is a member of the Christian church, in which he was a lay preacher. Senator Beck is a sort of member of the same church, and this fact is offered as the explanation of his indorsement of Mrs. Thompson, Kentucky pa-pers have served notice on Messrs. Beck and illis that their support of this republican lady in preference to democratic applicants for the office will be remembered against them when they next appeal to the party.

EMANCIPATION DAY.

[[Considerable interest was manifested today] in the war of the factions in celebrating emancipation day, which is ex-plained in the Associated Press. Colonel Lamont vigorously endeavored this morning to reconcile the hostile factions, but his pacific diplomacy failed and the two pro cessions were marching separately all day long. Cessions were marching separately allows.

Tonight the city is enlivened by a dozen emancipation balls and the hilarity of a host of dualty street revelers.

F. H. R.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

The Indian Depredation Bill-The Inter-

WASHINGTON, April 15 .- In the senate, Mr. Edmunds, from the committee on judiciary, reported the original bill to relieve John Ran dolph Hamilton, of North Carolina, of his po

Also, the house bill to relieve John Taylor Also, the house bill to relieve John Taylor Wood, of Louisiana, and Dinwiddie B. Philips, of Virginia, of their political disabilities, and on motion of Mr. Edmunds, the bill immediately passed.

Some messages having been received from the president, a motion was made by Mr. Voorhees at 12:25, to go into executive session.

Mr. Dolph said he had given notice of his intention to address the senate this morning on the Indian depredation bill.

Mr. Voorhees withdrew his motion.

Mr. Riddleberger objected to taking up any bill or having any business done at this time that would interfere with the resolution relating to open executive sessions. There seemed to be a determined effort, he said, to interfere with the consideration of that resolution.

interfere with the consideration of that resolution.

Unanimous consent having thus been refused, Mr. Dolph made a motion that the bill he mentioned be taken up. On this Mr. Riddle-berger called the yeas and nays. Mr. Dolph's motion was agreed to—yeas 43, nays 1—the one being Mr. Riddleberger.

Mr. Dolph then addressed the senate on his "Indian depredations" bill and a bill (also introduced by him) appropriating \$5,000,000 to compensate citizens for losses suffered by them through such depredations.

At the conclusion of Mr. Dolph's remarks the bills were referred to the Indian committee.

Mr. Call offered the following resolutions. Resolved, That R. A. Finell, democrat, heretofore employed as a skilled laborer on the senate roll of employes, who was discharged yesterday by the sergeant—at arms without cause except to make place for a republican, be reinstated on the roll of senate employes.

Resolved, That the republican majority of the senate will allow the democratic minority the same number of employes with the same proportion of salaries as were allowed by the democratic majority to the repun minority in 1879.

At Mr. Call's request the resolutions were allowed to lie over for the present.

At 20-clock the inter state commerce bill was placed before the senate and Mr. Camden took the floor in support of it.

On the conclusion of Mr. Camden's remarks the senate, at 3:07, went into executive session.

The doors were reopened at 3 o'olock, and

The doors were reopened at 3 o'clock, and the senate adjourned till Monday.

The Executive Sersion.

In the executive session this afternoon, Mr. Voorbees made a speech on the Weil L'Abra treaty. This was theu laid aside and the calcular of nominations was taken up. All unobjected cases, including a number of "suspended" cases, were confirmed.

Confirmation is announced of nine additional internal revnue collectors, all in the west and north.

Also, of Colonels Potter and Ruger, to be brigadier generals; E. A. McWhorter, collector of customs at St. Mary's, Georgia, and a large number of postmasters and minor civil and military officials.

The president has appointed E. Prentiss Bailey, of Utica, New York; Thomas W. White, of Hernando, Mississippl, and L. G. Kinne, of Toledo, Iowa, commissioners to examine and report upon forty miles of railroad company, in Yokima valley, on the Cascade branch of said company's road, in Washing.

ton territory. Bailey is a prominent demo

cratic editor.

The predicant has also appointed Frederick A. Conder, of New York city; Franklin MacVeagh, of Chicago; Edward P. Alexander, of Augusta, Georgis; Marcus A. Hanna, of Cleveland, Ohio, and James W. Savage, of Omaha, Nebraska, government directors of the Union Pacific railway company.

THE FISHERIES QUESTION. The House Calls Upon the President for

Information.

Washington, April 16.—Mr. Clements, of Georgis, from the committee on foreign affairs, reported back the Dingley resolution calling on the president for any information in his possesson relative to the exclusion of American fishing vessels from the right to enter the ports of the dominion of Canada for the purpose of trading, purchasing supplies, or landing fish caught in deep water for shipment in bond to the United States, or doing other acts which Canadian or other British vessels are freely permitted to do in ports in the United States.

Also requesting the president to inform the house what steps have been taken to bring such unwarrantable and unfriendly acts of the dominion authorities to the attention of the British government.

The resolutions were adopted.
Committees were then called for reports of a private character.
The house then went into committee of the

whole on the private calendar.

The first bill on the calendar, was that which was thoroughly debated last Friday, for the relief of the McMinville and Manches ter railroad company, of Tennessee; but the discussion was continued today with unabated vigor. The facts and law bearing upon them vigor. The facts and law bearing upon them was closely scrutinized and commented on, and the same degree of heat was evolved by conflicting speeches of the debate pro and con. Mr. Houk, of Tennessee, being worked up to a point of asserting that the statement made by Mr. Johnston, of Indiana, was untrue, but any excitement which might have been aroused by the remark, was turned into laughter by the benignant manner in which Mr. Johnston (who is a large man) declined to have any personal conflict with Mr. Houk, on account of the size of that gentleman.

The bill was finally reported to the house without a recommendation, but it was not definitely disposed of.

The house then, at 4:40, took a recess until 7:30, the evening session to be for the consid-

7:30, the evening session to be for the consideration of pension bills.

The EVENING SESSION.

The house, at its evening session, passed forty-five pension bills and then adjourned

EMANCIPATION DAY.

A Split Among the Colored People of Washlngton.

Washington, April 16.—Today was the
twenty-fourth anniversary of the emancipation
of slaves in the District of Columbia and the
event was celebrated in a somewhat unusual
manner. The colored people disagreed among
themselves as to how the celebration should
be conducted and as a result divided into two
factions, one headed by W. C. Chase, editor of
a Colored newspaper, and the other by Perry
Carson, who was delegate to the last republican national convention. Each party made
elaborate arrrangements for the parade and a
public meeting at night, and each endeavored
to excel the display of the other. The Chase
party completed its programme first and managed to secure for their parade the services of
the principal colored military organizations of
the district and three colored companies from
Baltimore, besides several civic organizations
The Carson procession did not include as many
militia companies, but had more bands of
music, and was particularly strong in civic orcanization the foremest of which, were the A Split Among the Colored People of Wash-The Carson procession did not include as many militia companies, but had more bands of music, and was particularly strong in civic organization, the foremost of which were the Hod Carriers union and employes, of brick-yards. Each procession contained several wagon loads of colored women dressed in white and colored dresses, representing the Goddess of Liberty, Queen of May, etc. The Carson procession also had, mounted on wheels, a whale-boat rigged as a yacht borrowed from the navy yard for the occasion. and which was christened W. C. Whitney in honor of the secretary of the navy. Party feeling ran high and it was feared that trouble would ensue in case the two processions should come together. Fortunately nothing of the kind occurred. The two processions formed in different sections of the city, and although both had selected pretty much the same line of march, they moved over it at different times and without collision. In view of the lack of harmony between the two parties, the president positively refused to review either procession. Both passed in front of the white house, but mounted policemen guarded the entrances and prevented them entering the grounds. passed in front of the white house, but mounted policemen guarded the entrances and prevented them entering the grounds. The president through his private secretary had previously notified the chairman of the opposing committees it would give him pleasure to accept the joint invitation to review the procession in which all could amicably participate; but that he would not take sides in the quarrel, and therefore declined to accept either invitation to review the parade. A strong effort was made to reconcile the differences between the two factions and have them unite in one the two factions and have them unite in one demonstration, so as to secure the honor of the president's recognition, but without success.

Two Committees of the House Consider it Without Result.

WASHINGTON, April 16 .- The Blair educa-WASHINGTON, April 16.—The Blair educational bill came up before two committees of the house today and gave rise to a lively debate in both. In the committee on education the bill came up as the special order, but a motion to further postpole its consideration was carried by a vote of 8 to 4, which is regarded as a flual indication of the disposition of the committee toward the recents. Still was carried by a vote of 8 to 4, which is regarded as a final indication of the disposition of the committee toward the measure. Still, as one of the advocates of the measure raised a point that the committee was not treating the minority with courtesy in thus summarily disposing of the bill, the members reconsidered the vote and took up the first section, pending the consideration of which the hour of 12 was reached, and the committee adjourned, leaving the bill as unfinished business, to be taken up at next Friday's meeting.

In the labor committee, the proceedings, while not so positive in their nature, were more animated. Decided opposition to bill in its present shape was developed at the beginning of the session. Mr. Daniel, of Virginia, offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a sub-committee of three to which the bill should be referred, with instruction to report a substitute making an appropriation, of the proceeds of sales of public land to the states for educational purposes.

Before action could be had upon the resolution Mr. James, of New York, moved that the bill should be referred with the recommendation, but the committee aljourned without action on his motion to that effect.

Mr. Crain, of Texas, who is among the op-

effect.

Mr. Crain, of Texas, who is among the opponents of the Blair bill, will, on Monday, introduce in the house a bill looking to the application to educational purposes of the proceeds of sales of public lands.

The Ohio Investigation. The Ohio Investigation.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 16.—Consideration of the investigation committee's report, was resumed in the house this morning on the motion to postpone to Thursday next for the purpose of printing the evidence. The motion was defeated, as was also that to substitute the minority for the majority report. The majority report was adopted by a party vote, together with a resolution ordering the same to be forwarded to the United States senate for consideration by that body.

### THE WESTERN CYCLONE.

APPALLING SCENES IN THE HOS-

Zighteen Lifeleus Bodies in Shapeless Mass-T. Terror-stricken People of Sauk Rapids and St. Cloud-Description of the Horrible Af-fair-Burial of the Victims.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., April 16.—Relief is rapidly coming in for the cyclone sufferers. The scene in St. Benedict hospital was heartrending. Men, women and children lay in broken shapes, bathed in their own blood and faces blackened and grimy and arms and legs broken and scalps torn and bodies lacerated. The scene at the enginehouse was more horrible. Eighteen lifeless bodies were stretched on the floor in two rows, draped in sheots and blankets, while around and among them moved men with lanterns uncovering faces, trying to recognize in the distorted faces some familiar line in which they might trace relationship. The bodies presented

A TERRIBLE SPECTACLE. . The clothes they had worn were torn into shreds, their faces were black with dust, and gravel was ground into the cheeks, while the scalps were torn and blood still flowed from gaping wounds and covered the floor. Skulls were crushed, eyes torn from their sockets, and tongues protrudad from between lips that were eruelly cut and mutilated.

STORY OF AN EYE-WITNESS.
St. CLOUD, Minn., April 16.-"My God, it's a cyclone? Run for your lives!' I cried to it's a cyclone? Run for your lives!' I cried to several men with whom I was talking in front of the postoffice," said an eye-witness of the awful disaster which befel St. Cloud and "Sauk Rapids." Hardly had we sought shelter in our places of fancied security when the storm burst in all its fury, and in an incredibly short space of time the pretty town of Sauk Rapids was the picture of desolation which you see. Two of the poor fellows warned were killed by falling timbers almost as soon as they were indoors, and I, as you see, will bear the mark of my experience to my dying day"—pointing to the bandaged arm which he carried in a sling.

"Fortunately as it turned out I did not have time to

GET UNDER COVER

time to

GET UNDER COVER

myself, and thus escaped being crushed beneath a roof, a fate which happened to very many. I saw, too, the cyclone from its beginning until its ruthless work was accomplished. The awful grandeur of the sight I shall never forget. It is impossible to say how many people were killed or injured. As soon as the storm had passed I staggered to my boarding-place, which strangely enough was left, and have been here ever since unable to walk out. I am sure, though, that no less than thirty people were killed, while the injured will number many score more. The eastern portion of the town is in ruins." Proceeding, he related the detailed story, whose very simpleness gave a dramatic effect to the narrative which the most studied effort could not have attained. All day long an oppressive sultriness had pervaded the atmosphere. At noon the clouds banked up on the western horizon gave promise of welcome rains and relief from the dust and heat. All looked forward with pleasure to the coming of gentle April showers. Their presence had been long delayed; vegetation just beginning to be touched with a tinge of green would be freshened up and the parched earth refreshed. Windows were thrown up and doors opened that the cooling air might have free access. Slowly that bank of blackish cloues

but a change was taking place. About four o'clock, in place of the contrasting clearness which had hitherto existed, an ominous, grayish-green tinge was assumed by the sky in the southwest. The air became more close. Still no fear was manifested or felt. Instead there was gladness for the surety which now existed of a copious rainfall. Slowly the bue of the heavens changed. The coloring interchanged and deepened as though the heavens were a huge palette and the colors were being laid on with a giant unseen brush. From green to a muddy copper, and from copper to dark-hued muddy copper, and from copper to dark-hued brown, the clouds in a few moments shifted. Here and there a streak of light like a glitter-

brown, the clouds in a few moments shifted. Here and there a streak of light like a glittering dagger, was seen gleaming among the masses of darker color, while scurrying sail-like scul appeared here and there. On the edges of the approaching cloud-bank was seen a whitish-gray trimming. All

THE CYCLONIC CONDITIONS

Were present. A vague alarm then began to stir in the breasts of the hitherto joyful on-lookers. It seemed to animate even dumb animals; horses standing in the street shifted uneasily and neighed anxiously. Even dogs whined timorously and tried to slink away into places of shelter. Those who had experience of cyclonic storms feared the worst, and imparted their slarm to others. Anxiously the sky was regarded. In a few moments the truth could no longer be doubted. The inevitable and fatal inverted cone quickly took form out of the terror inspiring mass which now covered the entire southwestern heavens. At 4:27 its shape was distinctly outlined in blacker coloring. Twisting and twirling it came whirling down toward the doomed town. Then the instinct of self-preservation took possession of all. Mothers with blanched Then the instinct of self-preservation took possession of all. Mothers with blanched faces hastily snatched up their babes and sought makeshift protection in convenient cellars. Husbands and fathers ran terror-stricken to their homes, fearful for their wives and children. Hasty protection was made against the fast-driving demon of the wind. Doors were locked, windows closed, and families

the fast-driving demon of the wind. Doors were locked, windows closed, and families crowded into cramped cellars. Others sought safety in the open fields. In nearly every case within the cyclone's path precautions were in vain. Like a huge black funnel, with its cadaverous maw seeking to gulp down everything within its reach,

THE DEATH-DEALING CLOUD came swooping down. With immeasurable swiftness it drew near the ill-fated towns. At 4:32 it had struck the southwestern portion of St. Cloud. There was a rush of wind, the intermingled patter of heavy rain drops and hail, and the beantiful town was at the mercy of the all-devouring demon. Like snow beneath the warm sun's rays the houses in its path melted away. Some were lifted bodily with their contents high into the air and dashed into kindling-wood upon the ground. Others, of stouter frame, were crushed like so much cardboard. Still others, more massive in construction, were twisted and wrenched. The churches, forming as they did prominent objects of attack, felt the full fury of the monster's force. Their towers were all more or less damaged, as was the normal school building. The sky was almost

BLACK WITH FLVING TIMBERS, which were whirled like straws through the air. Occasionally was seen an animal hurled along with irresistible force Occasionally

which were whirled like straws through the air. Occasionally was seen an animal hurled along with irresistible force Occasionally the semblance of a human form, bruised almost beyond recognition, formed a part of the flying debris. Tail and sturdy trees were hoisted out of the ground like so many reeds, and seen flying like chaff through the air. Above all the confusion rose the roar and swirl of the storm as it satiated its awful appetite for destruction. For twelve minutes the terrible uproar and work of devastation raged. Then all was quiet—quiet save for the groans and moaning of the wounded and dying. These rose with terrible distinctness upon the clear evening air. There were others who made neither sign nor sound. Lying under heavy beams, buried in rubbish, choked cellars, lying lifeless in the roadways, where they had been thrown. Nearly two score people, who had awkened glowing with

strength and health into the light of a bright spring day, lay 1901. AND MOTIONLESS IN DEATH.
Here beneath the edge of a broken roof a mother was lying with her left arm thrown protectingly around the mangled form of a little child. Both were dead. There a man with the hardy vigor of his manhood so recently snatched from him was lying beside the bowder against which his life had been dashed ont. Principally the fatalities were occasioned by the crashing in of the heavy timbers of the houses upon the heads of the unbappy occupants. The full list of these casualites has not been made out, but at this writing twenty bodies have been recovered, and every additional search discloses another victim.

The tale from Sauk Rapids is the same. The tale from Sauk Rapids is the same. Almost in a thought the scene of desolation was shifted from one town to another, and both were in ruins—it seemed almost simultaneously. A man who has just crossed the river from Sank Rapids informs the correspondent that already fourteen bodies have been discovered there, and that the tale of woe is not yet ended. Upon the streets of both towns even now the scene is most heartrending. Children are seeking their parents, and parents their children. Dreading the worst, but eager to learn the truth, they search each ruin with wild-eyed fervor. Father and mothers with loved ones missing and almost bereft of reason, run from sobbing knot to knot of workers, hoping against hope that there may yet be such a thing as rescue. Strong hands and brave hearts are leading all the aid they can.

BURIAL OF THE VICTIMS.

St. CLOUD, Minn., April 16.—There was a

St. CLOUD, Minn., April 16.—There was a solemn mass of requeim in the cathedral this solemn mass of requeim in the cathedral this solemn mass of requeim in the cathedral this morning for the victims of the cyclone, Father Stember officiating. Thirteen of the bodies were in the cathedral. Similar services took place in the church of the immaculate conception, where there were four bodies. The dead were buried in two large graves, nine adults in one and eight children in the other. Mrs. Stein was buried yesterday and Mrs. Fehr today in the North Protestant cemetery. Another child died here today and additional deaths continue to be reported. From the country districts fourteen dead were buried in the cometery at Sank Rapids today. Ten doctors have been in attendance and a large number of nurses from St. Paul and Min-

buried in the cometery at Sank Rapids today. Ten doctors have been in attendance and a large number of nurses from St. Paul and Minneapolis. The loss of property in St. Cloud is estimated at \$70,000 and in Sank Rapids at \$260,000. The wreekage on the railroads is estimated at \$20,000.

MINNEAPOLIS SENDS RELIEF.

MINNEAPOLIS Minn., April 15.—The city council today voted \$25,000 for the benefit of the cyclone sufferers.

THE STORM IN IOWA.

OMAHA, Neb., "April 16.—Dispatches from towns in western lowa show that the loss of property in the section between Griswold and Audubon by Thursday's cyclone reaches nearly \$150,000. Everything was laid low in the path of the storm. The small loss of life is accounted for by the fact that the cyclone occurred in the day time and nearly every one had time to get to their "cyclone cellars," which nearly every farm in that part of Iowa is provided with.

MONTREAL INUNDATED.

MONTREAL INUNDATED.

MONTREAD, April 16.—All the lower part of the city along the river front and islands in

the city along the river front and islands in the river are inundated, and Commissioner street is half covered with huge masses of ice. An immense amount of damage is already done and is constantly increasing.

SENATOR WHITTHORNE.

The Governor of Tennessee Appoints Jackson's Successor.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 16.—[Special.]—It had come to be generally understood by this morning that[General, W. C. Whitthorne would be spointed as Senator Jackson's successor, so that the formal announcement, just after the receipt of Senator Jackson's resignation today, created little comment. Governor Bate said, in an interview this morning, that he fully made up his mind two days ago to give the place to middle Tennessee. Great pressure had been brought to bear on him for the appointment of a man from west and East Tennessee, but he recognized his duty to the state and was convinced that the man should come from the middle division. The governor had made up his mind and fixed upon a man early this morning, but a telegram from Memphis asked him to await the noon mail. Then, too, he had received rectification, that a purpor of sentences. him to await the noon mail. Then, too, he had received notification that a number of gen-tlemen would wait upon him with a petition from citizens of Jackson, asking a petition from citizens of Jackson, asking Judge Alex Campbell's appointment. The governor said he was bound in courtesy, until he had heard what these gentlemen had to say, and soon as he had received these communications he would make his appointment. The governor received a number of visitors and the communications of various gentlemen were pressed upon his attention, in the hope and the communications of various gentlemen were pressed upon his attention, in the hope that even at the eleventh hour a favorable consideration would be accorded. The governor heard politicly all suggestions. At last the critical moment came, and the governor announced the appointment of General W. C. Whitthorne. He had endeavored to select a man wholly capable with congressional experience and envelope the select and th wanthorne. He had endeavored to select a man wholly capable with congressional experience and one who was a true democrat. He had tried to look solely to the interests of the state and party. The governor said as Mr. Wilson's name had been frequently mentioned, he would say that Mr. Wilson had come to him and frankly given his views. He not only made no application for the appointment, but he stated that he thought the appointment should not go to any one who had been conspicuously identified with either factions of the party engaged in the political struggle in 1886. The news was received at Columbia with wild enthusiasm, the entire population turning out. Senator Whithorne made a feeling speech, and Colonel D. B. Coopers, E. W. Cormack, George Taylor, John P. Williamson and others, also made speeches, A hundred guns were also fired at Nashville. Burns' artillery also fired a hundred guns in honor of the event. Senator Whitthorne honor of the event. Senator Whitthorne leaves for Washington tomorrow.

LOCAL OPTION IN VIRGINIA. Botetourt County Gives a Majority Against Prohibition.

Prohibition.

RICHMOND, Va., August 16.—The election on local option in Botetourt county, Va., today, resulted in a majority of 357 in favor of granting license for the sale of liquor. The first city to vote on the same question will be Fredericksburg, where the election will be held on the 22d instant. On the 26th Richmond and Lynchburg will vote. The excitement in this city is daily increasing. Both the "wet" and "dry" people are working vigorously.

Rhode Island Revising the Voting Lists. Rhode Island Revising the Voting Lists.

Newport, April 16.—It is understood that the voting lists in every city and town in Rhode Island are to be examined to ascertain when each voter registered and by whom his tax was paid, with a view of obtaining the decision of the supreme court as to the legality of votes cast by persons whose registry taxes have been paid by others. The movement is made to overthrow the prohibition vote, if possible.

Washington, April 16.—There is a rumor that General W. F. Rogers, of Buffalo, a member of the last congress, is to be appointed public printer in the place of Mr. Ronnds. Mr. Rogers is a practical printer and a successful man of affairs.

Trial of General Shaler. New York, April 16.—The second trial of Major General Shalar, commandant of the National Guard and president of the health board, indicted for accepting a bribe while a member of the army commission, was begun THE LAND BILL.

MR. CLADSTONE PROPOUNDS HIS BILL IN COMMONS.

England Responsible for the Deeds of Irish Land lords—The Bill Intended to go into Effect the Same Day that the Home Rule Measure Becomes Operative—Other News.

LONDON, April 16.-Mr. Gladstone propounded his Irish land bill to the house of commens this evening. There was hardly any excifement attending the event. At noon to day but ninety seats on the floor of the house had been "hatted," and these were nearly all taken by the Irish members. At 4 o'clock the house was crowded to its utmost capacity. Mr. Gladstone rose in his place at 5:25 and

was greeted with cheers. When he began to speak his voice was low and husky. He said

the aim of the present endeavors of the government was directed toward securing content-ment among the people of Ireland and a permanent restoration of social order. The speak er's proposals would greatly benefit the tenants of Ireland, but the landlords were the principal object of the measure, although he thought that many of these landlords were most hostile to the government's policy. At the outset the speaker wished to make a most emp hatic denial thet it was his intention to emp hatic denial thet it was his intention to sak the Scotch and English to run any pecunilary risk on account of the landlords of Ireland. The history of Ireland was one long indictment against its land owners. Agrarian crime had originated and increased under the absenteeism of landlords and the raising of rents, as their expenses while away from Ireland increased. Oppression married to misery had hideous progeny. Crime had been endowed with vitality to perpetuate itself and handed down its miserable inheritance from generation to generation. England was not clear of responsibility for the deeds of Irish landlords were English deeds. "With power in our hands we have looked on and done nothing." After the union, absenteeism became general. National sentiment ceased to have beneficial influence on the relations between the landlord and tenant. The union itself was obtained against the sense and wish of every class by wholesale bribery and unblushing intimidation. The land act was intended to go into effect on the same day on which the home rule bill would become operative. It could not go on without the operation of the other, which would provide legislation in Ireland to appoint statutory authority to deal with landed estates and act between the vender and purchaser. Purchases would be made through the issue of 190,000.000 pounds of three per cent-stock issued at par. These low Irish consols might, with the consent of the treasury, be commuted for stock of lower denominations. If the stock could not be issued for the same purpose. The act was to give landlords option to sell out under its term. Its enactment was confined to agricultural holdings and did not include mansions having woods. State authorities acting between a peasant and landowner would purchase the land from the latter and put the peasant in possession as absolute proprietor, subject to an annual rent charge till the total payments equaled the purchase money. ask the Scotch and English to run any pecuni

purchase money.

The state would not force small occupiers to become proprietors. In districts where population was congested, the state would have the lation was congested, the state would have the power to decide whether the expropriation of too crowded land should be compulsory. Nobody except immediate landlords would have option to sell to an incumbrancer and then he must sell by foreclosure and not at an option for himself. Applications to sell would have to be made by all the tenants as an estate; and all these applications and sales would be registered. The land commission would be empowered to refue applications. The basis of prices would depend on rental for a fixed period. The judicial rental of 1845 would be the standard in all cases wherein the rent of land to be sold was then fixed. In all other cases the land commission would have power to arrive at a price by comparing other judicial rentals with Griffith's valuation. The land commission would also be allowed to examine the state of books! concerning estates for ten years back. Twenty years' pental would be a normal

would also be allowed to examine the state of books' concerning estates for ten years back. Twenty years' rental would be a normal purchase; in exceptional cases twenty-two years rental would make a purchase. Applications for sale would not be received after March 31, 1890. Ten millions of pounds of stock would be issued during 1887, twenty million pounds in 1888, twenty millions in, 1889. When the proposals were first placed before the speaker's colleagues, he proposed to raise one hundred and thirty million pounds immediately.

Chamberlain and Trevelyan both objected to this as a wholesale issue which would depreciate values. The speaker therefore thanked both gentlemen for having given him occasion to reconsider the original proposition. He now thought it was an error to ask forthwith for anything like an outside estimate, and believed that by appointing a receiver forgeneral rents, armed with sufficient authority to collect them but without coming into contact lect them but without coming into contact with the new proprietary repayment of purchase, the money could be amply secured. The charge on Irish exchequer would be £2,000,000 per annum, to meet which it would be ableto levy for rents amounting £2,500,000 per annum, and this sum would be the first charge on rents and the taxes raised by the Irish government. Adding to this the imperial contributions, the sum paid to England by Ireland would be £6,242,000 per annum, secured on revenue amounting to £50,000, no portion of which would be annied to any purpose until £6,000. lect them but without coming into contact

sum paid to England by Ireland would be £6,242,000 per annum, secured on revenue amounting to £550,000, no portion of which would be applied to any purpose until £6,000, c00 was paid into the English exchequer. The ptesent contribution of Irish tax payers to England was £6,280,000, of which England paid back in the Irish civil service and in the service of collection £4,840,000. The residue which was secured to represent an imperial contribution for the army, navy, national debt and imperial civil charges was £2,055,000. What did England do with it? As an instance, she sent an army of 26,000 men to Ireland and kept them there at an annual cost of £3,000,000, £915,000 more than the balance mentioned. That was a specimen of the economy that the speaker wanted to root up.

Mr. Gladstone commended the scheme to the strict, jealous, careful and unbiased examination of Englishmen. He was convinced it would be recognized as a fitting part of the great auspicious effort to sustain the plans of the British legislature for the welfare of what had long been, and the speaker hoped, would ever be under circumstances far happier than heretofore, an integral part of her majesty's dominion.

Mr. Gladstone's proposal does not imply a new issue of £180,000,000; in 3 per cents, but of only £50,000,000 from the £180,000,000 in new 3's already authorized.

Following Gladstone Mr. Chamberlain read the letter which he sent to Mr. Gladstone tendering his regignation as a member of the cabinet. In the letter Mr. Chamberlain states that Gladstone's policy would throw a heavy burden on Great Britain, entailing an enormous addition to the national debt and probably an immediate increase of taxation, not to secure the union of the kingdom but to purchase separation. Mr. Chamberlain then went on to say that the land proposals, although they had been modified since he had left the cabinet, would still impose a great burden on Great Britain, without sufficient security for the loans advanced. The bill was calculated not so much to benefit ten

be accepted, how would all the money be previded. He opposed the bill on principle, because it specially protected the landlords. If the Irish parliament was to be entrasted with the protection of commercial classes and the maintenance of social order, why could it not be trusted to protect landlords? The government was putting on Ireland a burden which no Irish member could declare to be a fair price to give for landlords' rights [Cheers]. The Irish people would regard the bargain as one imposed by a foreign country, and would be justified in taking the first opportunity to repudiate it. If the bargain should be repudiated, how would it be enforced? The government could not disregard the risk to British taxpayers under the increasing depression in trade, hundreds of thousands of hard workers in England would probably be thrown out of employment and would probably be thrown out of employment and would probably be thrown out of employment and would demand assistance from the state. While refusing to assist deserving crofters in Scotland and postponing the claims of English laborers could the government consistently grant large sums for the benefit of the Iriah peasantry. [Cheers.]

In conclusion, Mr. Chamberlain said he was not an irreconciliable opponent of Mr. Gladstone's policy. If the land proposals should be sufficiently modified he would be happy to be relieved of the duty of continuing his present attitude of opposition.

Mr. Gladstone's statement of the provisions of his Irish land bill lacked completeness and clearness, and evoked no enthusiasm from any quarter, even the Parnellites remaining silent during its delivery.

In course of his remarks, the premier said:

"I am strongly impressed with the belief that it is not possible for parliament to acquire any edequate idea of the measure except on a close inspection of it."

The bill itself met with general acceptance and this will have influence in curtailing debate. The vaguences of Mr. Gladstone's language on the proposed issue of three per cents caus

to what amount should be loaned to the Irish exchequer. In explaining this section of the bill Mr. Gladstone said:

"Purchasers under the act are to be made in three per cent stock issued on application, probably of the land commission to the treasury under regulations made by the treasury. This three per cent stock will, in all likelihood, be what is termed new three per cents. The amount of the new three per cents is 180,000,000 pounds, quite sufficient to insure extensive dealings. It so happens that the mass of Irish dealings in stock is about 6,000,000 pounds in consols. against 27,000,000 pounds in the new

dealings. It so happens that the mass of Irish dealings in stock is about 6,000,000 pounds in consols, against 27,000,000 pounds in the new three per cents. It is, therefore, probable that the stock will be most convenient for Irish holders."

The house interpreted the language to mean that in addition to the 180,000,000 pounds new three per cents, already in existence, will be added a fresh issue of 50,000,000 pounds on account of the Irish exchequer. Mr. Chamberlain's speech made a great impression. The Scotch liberals held an informal conference and decided to support Mr. Chamberlain unless the load was reduced to a sum sufficient to assist in the purchase of only the smaller holdings.

Mr. Gladstone spoke for one hour and thirtyfive minutes and sat down amid great applause.

plause.

Mr. Morley announced that the bill would be in the member's hand on Monday. Permission was given to introduce the bill, and the second reading was fixed for May 13.

The Cholera Scourage. BRINDISI, April 16.—Sixty-eight cases of cholers have occurred here, ton of which proved fatal. Officials declare the disease

proved later. Only as development of cholera at Brindisi causes an alarm in France, and particularly along the Italian frontier. Precautions of the most stringent kind are being instituted to "prevent" the scourge from

invading France.

ALEXANDEIA, April 16.—A quarantine of seven days has been ordered against arrivals here from Brindisi, Venice and Ancona.

The Pope and Home Rule.

Rome, April 15.—Cardinal Jacobint, papal sceretary of state, has authorized the London Tablet to declare that the statement that the pope had ordered the sacred congregation on extraordinary ecclesiastical afairs to study the Irish question in wiew of Mr. Gladstone's Irish question in wiew of Mr. Glads home rule bill, was without any found whatever.

The Author of the New Book.

PARIS, April 14.—The author of "Avant Le Botaillé," an anonymous book published to show that France is prepared for a German attack, is Colonel Barthelemy, an old officer in the French army.

Opposition to Irish Sympathy.

Providence, R. I., April 16.—In the state senate today the Gladstone-Parnell resolution of sympathy passed by the house met with strong opposition on grounds of international interference, and that Ireland by voting money and men for crushing the colonial army in 1776 was not entitled to sympathy on the score of reciprocity. It was urged that the Irish parliament did not represent the Irish people at that time and arguments to that effect were so strongly urged that the defast of the resolutions was not wholly accomplished. The resolutions were referred to the committee on executive communications. Opposition to Irish Sympathy.

mittee on executive communications. A MISSING CASHIER.

Failure of the First National Bank of Roch-

Failure of the First National Bank of Rochester.

Rochester, N. Y., April 16.—Great excitement was occasioned at Angelica, N. Y., today by the announcement that the First National bank, of that place, had closed its doors. It is said that J. E. Robinson, cashier, is defaulter to the amount of \$50,000. When last heard from he was in Canada, whither he had gone for the purpose of "recovering his health." Robinson had been cashier of the bank for twenty-five years, and the utmost confidence in his integrity had prevailed. It is believed that speculation in wheat was the cause of his alleged defalcation. National Bank Examiner Clark is at Angelica and will remain in charge until a receiver is appointed. The directors are persistent in the claim that the in charge until a receiver is appointed. The directors are persistent in the claim that the depositors will be paid in full.

Failures for the Week.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Business failures occurring throughout the country during last week as reported to IR. G. Dun & Co., number for the United States 155; Canada 27; total 182, against 215 last week and 214 the week previous. The decrease as compared with previous weeks is considerable and is about equally distributed throughout the country. country.

A Murderer Hung in Massachusetts. A Murderer Hung in Massachusetts.

Northampton, Mass., April 16.—Allen J.
Adams, in 1875, murdered his employer,
Moses Dickinson, an aged farmer of Amherst,
by splitting his head with an ax. He robbed
him of a considerable sum of money and fled.
After spending ten years as a dissolute tramp,
he confessed his crime during a drunken dispute and was returned to Massachusetts, tried
and convicted. He explated his crime on the
scaffold here a few minutes after 10 o'clock
this morning. His utterances were blasphemens to the last.

"Parewell to the World."

"Farewell to the World." "Farewell to the World."

NewCASTLE, Del., April 16.—Charles Robinson was hanged here at 1:03 this evening for rape upon Mrs. Ella G. Gardener, a white ludy. He died of strangulation and with very slight struggles. He made a short speech on the scaffold, reiterating his assertion of innocence, and while the deputy was adjusting the noose around his neck, mid:
"Draw it tighter. Farewell to the world."

In ten minutes the physicians pronounced the pulsations of the heart imperceptible.

#### THE DAY IN MACON.

A NEGRO CRUSHED UNDER THE

Other News from the Central City-Aftermath of the Firemen's Parade-New Buildings and Firms The Police Court-A Writ of Lunacy Against a Woman-Personal, etc.

MACON, April 16 .- [Special.]-A negro who is supposed to be named Columbus Father, was horribly mangled on the Brunswick di-vision of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad near Stratton's brick yard this afternoon at 2 o'clock, by an evening meagre details could be learned. It was supposed that the negro sat down to eat his dinner and fell asleep. The engineer, seeing him on the track, blew his whistle twice. The second time the negro awoke, jumped as if he was going to leave the track, and as if dazed, stood in the centre of the track. It was too late to reverse the engine, and it passed over his body, cutting in twain. An inquest will be held.

New Building and Firm.

MACON, April 16.—[Special.].—Work was begun this morning on the building No. 29, Cotton avenue, formerly occupied by Messrs. Charles Taylor & Son, and which was burned some time ago. The building is owned by Mrs. Kennedy, and has been leased by Messrs. McManus & Co., who will conduct the furniture business. They will open August 1.

Died. Macon, April 16.—[Special.]—Intelligence was received in this city this morning of the death of Mrs. Flora Scheline, of Heilbron, Germany, at the age of 68 years. Mrs. Scheline was the mother of Messrs. Sam and D. J. Baer, of this city, who have many friends, who condole with them in their great sorrow. In consequence their stores were closed today. were closed today.

A Writ of Lunaev.

MACON, April 16.—[Special.]—Several days ago a writ of lunacy was sworn out against a white woman named Mattie Mooney, living on Fifth street. The jury found her sane, but declared her a fit subject for the hospital. This has been nearly a week ago. Since that time she has not had any attention, and lies suffering for want of medical treatment and necessaries of life.

Police Court.

MACON, April 16.—[Special.]—Notwithstanding the fact that no session of the recorder's court has been held in two days, and that yesterday, was parade day, there were only five cases for the recorder to try this morning. The were principally vagrants, and fines were imposed to the amount of \$37.50. In default the money, the mourners will work on the chaingang.

Macon, April 16.—[Special.]—Emma Ross was arrested by officer Charles Hutchings at the instance of Mr. J. J. Clay, from whom she stole \$10. She was afterwards released.

Foston Montgomery was arrested yesterday by Officer Drew, at the instance of W. W. Collins, for stealing some fencing from around his property in Tybee. A warrant will follow.

Tom Knott was arrested by Officers Abel and Johnson for stealing a pair of shoes from another negro. A warrant was sworn out.

Not Paid. Macon, April 16.—[Special.]—The Macon and Covington railroad authorities have miss-

ed another pay day.

Yesterday, the 15th of the month, the allotted pay day, the employes of the road gathered around the headquarters of the company, on Fourth street, to receive their money, but they were informed that the money had been de-layed from unavoidable cause and that it would arrive last night and they would get their money. The money did not come today, but the efficials state that it will certainly arrive tonight and all claims will be paid in full.

Fine Boy. MACON, April 16.—[Special.]—Mr. H. T. Heath, of the Evening News, has signed a new boy-weight 12 pounds-record good.

Firemanic Aftermath.

MACON, April 16.-[Special.]--Mr. George Payne did the marking.

No. 1 had a banquet at Brown's hotel at 3 o'clock,
Very little ill feeling was engendered by the pa-

rade. Refreshments were served at the different engine Mr. C. Kubn kindly loaned the pistol used as a

signal to the runners.

Hook and Ladder had their picture taken by Daniels. There were about seventeen men surrounding the handsome truck.

Complaint was universal at the time consumed in carrying out the exercises. It was thought that it could have been gone through within half the time. It is hoped that this matter will be remedied next parade day.

time. It is hoped that this matter will be remedied next parade day.

The Evening News mentioned yesterday the non-arrival of a badge from New York intended by the members of No. 2 fire company as a present to Secretary Schoneman. The medal came last night by express and was presented at the banquet at the engine house. It was a beautiful medal, rich in matterial, tasty in design and workmanship the best. It was presented by Foreman Daly, and feelingly responded to by Mr. Schoneman.

When the foot race was finished, nearly everyone had left the grounds, being eager to witness the game of baseball. Consequently, when Colonel Joseph G. Blount, who had been invited to deliver the prizes, mounted the rostrum, he refused to de-

seph G. Blount, who had been invited to deliver the prizes, mounted the rostrum, he refused to de liver the eloquent address he had prepared for the occasion, and said, in substance: "Mr. Frieman and Gentlemen—I have been invited to address the public today but the public is not present. Thanking you for the honor bestowed upon me, I begleave to present the successful contestants with the prizes offered, through the chief of the fire department." Mr. Blount pursued the right course.

Personal.

MACON, April 16—[Special.]—Mr. Julian togers is visiting relatives in Waynesboro. Detective Bili Jones, of Atlanta, is in Macon today. Editor Whitaker, of the Barnesville Democrat, is

Editor Whitaker, of the Bartlest this morning to Maken today.

Mrs. T. C. Burke left for Augusta this morning to visit relatives and friends.

Mayor W. D. McCracken, of Cincinnati, is in Macon today, at Brown's hotel.

Misses Johnnie and Namite Davis, after a few days pleasantly spent in the city, returned to their homes in Albany this morning.

COLUMNS OF GRANITE.

Before which Oglethorpe People Stand LEXINGTON, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—The lovers of the beautiful in nature went over see the massive columns of granite that have just received the finishing touch of the chisel. This finely executed work was done by Mr Hugh Larney and Patrick Shevelin, two exceptionally fine and expert stone masons. The columns are two in number, the dimensions being two feet nine inches in diameter, four feet six inches in length and eight feet feet six inches in length and eight feet eight mehes in circumference. The base on which these will rest will be four feet each way, and two and a half feet high. The heautiful cap stone will rest on top of each column, making the entire height about thirteen feet. These will be placed in front of the new court house, one on either side of the door entrance. The superb polish these columns have been brought to, speak of the immense value of this granite, and does the immense value of this granite, and does credit to the two expert workmen who have chiseled them out of their rough state into perfect smoothness.

Savannah Public Buildings Declined. SAVANNAH, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—The grand jury of the United States circuit court grand jury of the United States circuit today, on its general presentments, condemned the present building on the customhouse a nnfit and utterly unsuitable for a courthouse and the present building used as a position. and also the present building used as a post-office, urging that some vigorous action be taken towards securing suitable public build-ines for Sayanneh

Distinguished Visitors.

CONYERS. Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—Rev. H Twigg, D. D., Colonel W. L. Peek and Mr. J W. Hollingsworth left today for Atlanta to attend presbytery, which convenes there to-night. Rev. Sam Scott will go up in the morn-

COLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

Captain English, of Atlanta, on Hand to Sign His Contract—Other News. COLUMBUS, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—Captain J. W. English, of Atlanta, is here for the tain J. W. English, of Atlanta, is here for the purpose of siguing the contract for grading fifty miles of the Georgia Midland. He will begin work in four or five days. The entire route is practically let, but the contracts have not all been drawn up.

Rev. Mr. Hayes, of Talbotton, who has been assisting the pastor of St. Luke in conducting a protracted meeting here, returned home today. It is not known yet whether the meetings will be continued another week.

be continued another week.

The receipts of cotton at this city to date are \$5,082 bales, which is an increase over last year of 8,932 bales. The stock on hand at the close of business this evening by actual count

ties of business this evening by actual count is 5.553 bales.

The Philharmenic society is practicing for another entertainment, to be given for the benefit of the public library.

The annual meeting of the grand lodge of Good Templars will be held in this city in July. The local lodge is already arranging for the occasion.

To Preach in St. Philip's. DARIEN, Ga., April 16 .- [Special.] - Rev.

Byron Halley left here today, having received a telegram calling on him to preach in St. Philip's, Atlanta, on Sunday.

SMITH AND MERRITT.

The Mountain Duel Not Likely to Come Off.
—Merritt's Letter,

—Merritt's Letter.

CLAYTON, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—The rumors of war between Dr. B. F. Smith and Colonel J. M. Merritt are arousing the mountain country. Merritt is a young attorney who won some notoriety by his connection with the prosecution of the murderer Beck. As soon as he heard of the crime, knowing that Beck's property would go to wreek, he rushed in and secured the settlement of several claims, which Beck afterward regretted. Dr. B. F. which Beck afterward regretted. Dr. B. F. Smith is a young physician, a native of Walhalla, S. C., and a graduate of the Charleston medical college. He has the field in his profession here, and is a very popular and skillful physician. It was his intention at first to pay no attention to Merritt's challenge to meet him by roaring Tallulah, but later he wrote a letter, of which the following is a copy:
CLAYTON Ga., April 14, '86.—Mr. J. M. Merritt—Dear Sir: Your very insulting epistle was received yesterday. In reply I say that your insolence is only exceeded by your stupidity. Such a letter, without first investigating the charges, I consider a gross insult. A man who would allow his "soul to be filled with anger and indignation" upon the misrepresentation of a man of the stripe of Mitchell must be exceedingly shallow. which Beck afterward regretted. Dr. B. F. ell must be exceedingly shallow.

The only thing that I have ever said about you was that you were vain and conceited, and why, I could not tell. If this insults you make the best of it. As to my meeting you at the Tallulah falls, such a ridiculous idea! Very respectfully, B. F. Smith.

It is considered that the duel is off, though there is no telling what a day may bring

THE CHEROKEE PRESENTERY. Encouraging Reports of Church Work

DALTON, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—The Cherokee presbytery assembled again at 8:30 o'clock with devotional exercises led by the moderator. Visiting ministers of other devotional exercises were recognized and invited to nominations were recognized and invited to seats. Among whom were Revs. J. B. Robbins scats. Among whom were Keys. J. B. Moddins and J. W. Quillian, of the Methodist church, and G. A. Lofton, of the Baptist.

Rev. Dr. Myers addressed the body upon the work of the American Bible society in an ear-

nest and eloquent speech. The society in 70 years has issued 45,000,000 copies of the Bible, at a cost of \$22,000,000, and it has been the greatest instrument of benevolence in the world. The time was when a Bible cost £150, but now Bibles are issued at the low price of 25 cents, and New Testaments at 5 cents. Mr. Myers spoke especially of what the society had done in the way of expenditures for the south, and how little the south had done for the society. The presbytery heartily indorsed the work of Mr. Myers and made a contribution to

During the day the presbytery was occupied with the many details of church work within its bounds, and the reports of different sessions were encouraging.

TRADE IN DARIEN.

The Success of Mr. Mansfield, of McIntos County, in Farming. County, in Farming.

Darier, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—Farming in McIntosh county has not, so fas, been a very prominent feature of its properity. In the midst of a rushing timber business the cultivation of the soil has been neglected. The price of labor connected with the manufacture and shipping of timber and lumber has always been high, and this fact doubtless has retorated. the farming industry. The recent dullness in trade, however, has influenced the timber and other mercantile interests perceptibly, and this has led many to turn their attention to this has led many to turn their attention to farming. One of these is Mr. Joseph Mansfield, who about eighteen months ago bought a delightful place called the Thicket, about five miles from Darien. For this place he paid \$3,000, but today he says he would not sell for \$6,000. Mr. Mansfield is an amateur in farming, but his short experience has convinced him that success is certain. He correct ed him that success is certain. He owns a large brick store and is doing a good business in town, but affirms that he would be ready to sell these on short notice and devote his whole attention to farming.

They Kept the Soda iFzzing. SPARTA, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—Among the visiting attorneys who attended the Hancock superior court this week were Judge W. M. Reese, Mr. John Allen and Mr. Hudson Jenkens, also Messrs. M. P. Reese and James

The attorneys in the Dickson will case have agreed to argue the motion for a new trial in that important cause on the 25th of May next in the state library at Atlanta. Colonel J. T. Jordon gave a most elegant

bar dinner on last evening.

The three soda founts in our town flowed free last Tucsday—free drinks. Held for Trial. Held for Trial.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—
Mr. James Gibson, of Gordon, who is stopping at the Sandersville hotel, had \$9.50 in silver stolen from his valise in his room last week. Suspicion rested upon Clara Strong, one of the servants of the house, and today she was arraigned before the mayor's court on said charge. The evidence was very conflicting, but the mayor, Colonel Gilmore, opined that it was sufficient in warranting him in binding her over to the September term of the superior court. She is now out under bail.

Held for Murder. SYLVANIA, April 16 .- [Special.]-Washing-SYLVANIA, April 16.—[Special.]—Washington Lawton, the negro boy who shot and killed Catherine Burney, a mulatto girl, several weeks ago, was tried in the justice court on yesterday before Judges W. J. Grass and J. H. Hull, Jr. The theory set up by the defense was that it was an accident. The trial lasted for nearly two days, and ended in the negro being committed to the superior court for trial.

Measles in Campbell. FAIRBUEN, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—There seems to be a very fatal type of measles prevailing in the western portion of this county. About ten days ago Mr. James A. Cook, a prominent young farmer, aged about twenty-eight years, died from the effects of them, and this morning at 8:30 c'clock Mr. Lacy. and this morning at 8:30 o'clock Mr. Lacy Hataway, an estimable young man, aged about twenty-seven years, living in the same neigh-borbood, died from the same causes. Mr. Hataway leaves a young bride of a few short mouth and a host of relatives and friends to mourn his loss.

Forsyth's Hotel Project.

Forsyth's Hotel Project.

Forsyth, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—The Forsyth hotel stock company was organized on yesterday, and the following elected directors of the same: W. H. Head, chairman; E. R. Roberts, R. P. Brook, Dr. L. P. Alexander and J. T. McGinty, secretary. They will go to work at once and select a suitable plan for the building, which will be on the vacant lot on the south side of the public square, next to Pve's opera house, where the old Thomas hotel Pye's opera house, where the old Thomas hotel

AMONG THE FARMERS.

SUCCESSFUL FARMER IN EL-

w to Solve the Froblem of Cheap Cotton-The Browing of Live Stock in Monroe County-The Crop Outlook in Taylor County-The Cultivation of Watermelons.

Mr. J. R. Forrester, of Dougherty, has 200 Much more than half of the cotton crop o Houston county has been planted.

Over four hundred acres will be planted watermelons in the vicinity of Byron. A Wilkinson county farmer has sold six hundred dollars worth of apples from a two-acre orchard. Several of his trees bore thirty bushels each.

Mr. Thomas J. Carpenter, of Harbin's, brought into Canton last week a wagon load of yellow yams, so large that some of them weighed six pounds each.

The Fort Gaines Advertiser says:
The watermelon men are having a hard time of it. The rains, cold and frost have been bad enough, but the rats are worse. Mr. Larkin Smith has I ad to plant forty acres three times because the seed were destroyed by these pests,

The Spring Place Times points out the way to success when it says that "if the people would raise clover and stock instead of cotton, the curse now so common in our county of mortgaging a \$1,000 farm for two or three hundred collers. hundred dollars and payig fifteen per cent in terest would soon stop.

Says the Dawson Journal: Says the Dawson Journal:

Farmers have not only hauled from our market a considerable amount of guano, but also large quantities of meat. It is a painful spectacle to see this thing going on year after year with scarcely any abatement. If it were true that farmers could not produce their own home supplies, then it would be different; there would be some extenuating circumstances to excuse such a policy, but such is not the case. Farmers can, year after year, by making proper arrangements, make an abundance of corn to answer their every purpose, and in making the corn the meat will follow as a necessary sequence. As to guano we have nothing to say, but believe a judicious use of it pays. Buttor the sake of your own comfort and prosperity let the cotton crop be in your minds and hearts a secondary consideration. Until this is done you may expect always to be dependent, and a dependent farmer is by no means an object of admiration.

The Talhotton Era insists that the farmers

The Talbotton Era insists that the farmers of the south have got to solve the problem of raising cheap cotton. It is their staple money crop and they should prepare themselves to see it fall yet lower in price. The only way to raise cheap cotton is to first make plenty of corn, oats, wheat, peas, potatoes, syrup and bacon, and then reduce and intensify the cotton area. This is the plan, and the only plan through which the southern farmer car ray of hope out of his present dependent po-

In Taylor county the corn crop has been nipped, oats, rye and wheat are looking well, and there will be a good crop of spring oats raised in this county, though the fall oat crop will be a failure. The fruit crop, especially the peach crop, will be a successful one according to present prospects. The young trees are already very heavily laden with fruit, and unless there should be more severe weather than for the past month, there will be a large peach crop raised in this section. As to other fruits there will be a sufficiency of all kinds, unless there should be more severe weather during the present month.

The fact is developing that the growing horses and cattle will at no distant day be come one of many enterprises in Mouroe county, the fact being gradually developed that as fine horses and cattledon be grown there as in more northern latitudes. Advertiser claims that "we have the mild winter climate, the open lands and can grow good grasses here to perfection. That stock raising will be a feature of the future in the county, is the opinion of many. That this enterprise or industry will be a great source feconomy to the people, none can doubt who will take the time to who will take the time to calculate what a vast amount of money is sent from middle Georgia annually into othe for live stock. Growing cattle and especially the latter, on our own lands will stop this money afflux.

The Elberton Gazette quotes Captain H. P. Mattox as saying that whenever a man under-takes to raise cotton to buy corn and meat with, that he will then begin to lose money. The assertion that there is no money in farmme assertion that there is no money in farming will not do, for instances can be given which will prove to the contrary. Mr. J. W. McLanghan, of Elbert county, but a few years ago was very poor and rented land. He is not a stout man physically, but by his own labor, economy and good management, has made at least ten thousand dollars at farming, and raised a large family. He has always raised raised a large family. He has always raised his own corn and meat, and always has corn to

sen. About ten years ago he bought an old worn out tract of land, for which he agreed to pay ten dollars per acre. Everybody considered it a very high price and doubted his ability to ever pay for it, but before the last payment was due he came up with the last dollar of the money, which he had himself dug out of the ground and paid for his land. Mr. McLanahan is an uneducated man and having no contact activities. uneducated man, and having no one to assist him pecuniarily or otherwise, was dependent solely upon his own exertions. A Lively Foot Race.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—To-day a lively impromtu foot race for a box of

cigars took place between a prominent mem-ber of the cotton exchange and one of the board of trade. It was won by the former, who carried off the trophy, a box of havanas. GEORGIA BREVITIES.

The Methodist Sunday school of Ft. Gaines All the hotels of Gainesville are beginning of prepare for the army of visitors that will flock here in the summer.

there in the summer.

Protracted services are being conducted by Rev. Dr. F. H. Ivey at the Baptist church in Electron, and considerable interest is being taken in he meetings. The waterwheel in Gaines & Lewis's flour

mill. Kingston, broke about two weeks ago. They are busy making necessary repairs and will re-W. A. Camp, the proprietor of New Holland,

bout there now busily engaged in repainting the houses, clearing away rubbish and beautifying the grounds of this famous resort.

The Grand Lodge Property of New Holland. The Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias will hold its annual session in Gainesville on the 18th of next month, and Stephenson lodge is making preparations to entertain them.

Near Watson's Springs, on the west side of the Oconee, lie the remains of ex-Governor Early, a distinguished citizen of Georgia in its early his-tory. To the discredit of the state, no monument

A thief entered Mrs. V. H. Deadwyler's meat house in Harmony Grove a few nights since, and stole four large hams and several other pieces of meat. The entrance was effected through the top of the building.

Last week while little Frank Barrett, son of Mr. Eli Barrett, of Kingston, was cracking a whip, the end of it struck him in the eye, causing the child excenciating pain, and the parents fear the sight is totally gone.

Judge Simmons, of Macon, will preside on the bench in Lexington next week, as Judge Lumpkin is disqualified, being interested in many important cases. Solicitor Howard will be in attendance, and will ably represent the state. Watson springs are located on the Ocone river, two miles from Powell's mills, near the grand farm of Powell & Davenport, and its water is as curative as any in the south. Its analysis is as fol-lows: Sulphur, potash, todyne, magnesia and iron, the latter predominating.

the latter predominating.

Colonel Candler is repainting the Arlington hotel in Gainesville, and when the work is done the building will look greatly improved. Wink Taylor, the proprietor, is preparing for a great crowd of visitors during the summer. He has engaged the orchestra of Professor H. W. Card, of Macon, for the entire season. The orchestra contains six pleees and no resort in the south will have better music or a better hall for dancing than the Arlington.

It Looked Entirely Too Pretty.

From the Gainesville, Ga., Eagle.

The better half of our junior is indebted to Mrs. R. Palmour for some of the nicest Jersey butter we ever saw. It was of a beautiful golden color, firm and handsomely stamped. In fact it looked too pretty to stick a knife in, but it was soon gotten away with all the same.

Moxie contains no alcohol or drug, is perfectly harmless, and costs 50 cents.

LUMBER MILLS BURNED. Four Hundred Men Out of Employme

and a Big Loss. From the Montezuma, Ga., Record. SAVANNAH, Ga., April 16 .- The mills of the Waycross lumber company at Watertown, Ga., burned today. The loss is estimated at \$130,-00; insurance \$25,000. Four hundred laborers are thrown out of employment.

DEATHS IN GEORGIA.

Friday morning at 2 o'clock the two yeald child of Mr. T. C. Vickery, of Toccoa, died. This year's election for county officers in exington will bring out a full list, asking the Mrs. Samuel Chandler, whose husbaud died three years ago, died of consumption in Madison county, and was burried on the 11th.

The infant of Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson, of Madison county, one day last week, after breakfast, when the mother went to take it up from the bed, was found dead. It is supposed that The infant daughter of Mr. J. J. Mullan, of

Gainesville, died Thursday of pneumonia. She was a most lovely child in every way and was the light of the home from which she has just been ta-ken by the rude hand of death. Mr. Robert Cameron, one of the first settlers of northwest Georgia, died at his home in Chattooga county on Wednesday last. He was one of the best known and most respected citizens of the county, and formerly represented

Mrs. Lettie Brannon, a very aged Christian lady, of Danielsville, died a few miles from town and was buried there yes/erday. She was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church for over half a century. Rev. G. H. Cortledge preached the funeral sermon.

J. HENLEY SMITH'S FATHER. A Pen Picture of a Georgia Preacher of the From the Carnesville, Ga., Register.

About forty-two years ago, a plain, humble Methodist preacher, named Burgess Smith, lived on Tugalo river, in Habersham county, near the line of Franklin and Habersham counties. He was of medium stature, or per haps a little less, plain in appearance, unpre tentious and unassuming. He was a school teacher as well as a preacher, and was well up in the branches usually taught in the country schools of the day, and had a fair smattering of most of the sciences. His education, which far above that of the ordinary teacher of was lar above that of the ordinary leader of that time or this, was self acquired. No one ever heard him talk or preach for the first time without astonishment. His voice was low, smooth and pleasant, and when he talked peo-ple involuntarily stopped to listen. He was a born teacher, preacher and elevator of the race He did not preach doctrinal sermons-his preaching educated, elevated and ennolled his hearers. Some forty years ago, he taught school several years at Mount Zion, in Wolf Pit district. The place, by that name, is now almost unknown. The old schoolhouse and church building have disappeared, the well worn paths can no longer he traced the well worn paths can no longer be traced, the playground is overgrown with bushes and brambles. The smiling patrons of the school who used to walk in on Friday evenings to hear the boys speak are all gone. Most of the merry girls and boys who used to assemble there have fallen by the way, folded their hands and closed their even in the long draamhands and closed their eyes in the long dream less sleep. Later he taught school near Brack-ett's bridge in Carnesville district, and later still, he moved to Elbert coun-ty, where he died many years ago. He was a wonderful man, as a teacher, preacher and conversationalist, and he is held in graetful rememberance by those yet living, who knew him. He was the father of J. Henly Smith, of Atlanta, and Rev. W. P. Smith, a Methodist preacher of some distinction, but who is by no means the peer of his father. Burgess Smith was no common man, and he impressed himself powerfully for good, upon those to whom he preached, whom he taught and with whom he come in contact.

DISCUSSED BY THE PRESS.

The Fort Gaines Advertiser says "that irds-eve view of the situation reveals the facthat the quietest, most orderly and moral section of the country is the south."

After asking itself the question "Has the gov-

ernment really passed into new hands?" the De Kalb Chroadele says:

It is true, we have a democratic president, and a democratic cabinet, at least the people presume so, but this is about all we have, and civil service reform seems to have complete control of the entire administration. The president and all his cabinet officers, worship daily, at this shrine, and are so devout to this goddess that everything else is forgetten, and they will cling to this miserable civil service reform, though it sink the democratic party and the country. Civil service reform has stolen the president's heart, from the democratic party, as it has also captured the hearts of the cabinet officers; and, as a consequence, the democratic party is daily being insulted by the very men who were, one year ago, made its leaders.

The Chronicle then goes on to say that it "be

The Chronicle then goes on to say that it "be hooves President Cleveland to carry out the pl form of the democratic party, in preference to h own individual platform. Let him place good honest democrats in federal offices as fast as he can, regardless of this rotten civil service reform and the masses will be proud to do him honor, while the democratic party will be materially strengthened and redeemed. Where Cleveland or any of his adviers can lopp a republican head they should be quick to embrace the opportunity, and place an honest democrat in his stead."

The Propagate Process touches were a real

The Brunswick Breeze touches up a rea The great trouble with the educational system of this country, next to the fact that it is too frequently used as a part of the political machine, is that too many men who know absolutely nothing about it are placed in anthority over those who do. In many instances, if the power of the school board were vested in a board of teachers instead, there would be a better record of individual and collective pupil progress, for teachers know better than directors the capacity and endurance of pupils. A school board should have the power to remove an incompetent or unfaithful instructor, but the qualified faithful teacher should be above the personal and political prejudices of a too frequently arbitrary power.

From drytopics of school and state, the Dawson The great trouble with the educational system o

From dry topics of school and state, the Dawson From dry topics of school and state, the Dawson Jonral turns to our pretty girls and says:

It is refreshing to know how gracefully our girls are learning to adapt themselves to the demands and necessities of the times. But for the results of the war many of the girls who are now compelled to labor for their daily tood would have been surrounded by all the luxuries of life that wealth could bestow; yet, cherily on they go, as merrily as if they were surrounded by millions. Noble girls! How you should be honored! Most of our girls have learned that work is honorable, and while they are rarely called upon to perform field work, they are willing to do with all their might whatever they find to do. It is a rare thing to find a pauper among our young ladies. We find some of them teaching school, some teaching music, more honorably and proudly making their daily bread by applying the busy needle. How they deserve to be encouraged, respected and honored for that resolute will which proclaims to the world that they are proud to be dependent, too noble and too brave to despair. A true, sweet girl is worth more than all the gold imbedded in the Sierra Nevada.

Seen But Not Tasted.

Seen But Not Tasted. From the Columbus, Ga., Sun.

We were shown a few strawberries yesterday that were grown in the open air, in Rus sell county near this city by Corintha Pollard These are the first we have seen this season, though we have noticed accounts of early shipments from other sections. A Line That Pleases all.

From the Louisville, Ga, News. Atlanta, the new capital, and Milledgeville and Louisville two of the old capi als, and the broad Atlanta joined together sounds rathe

PROMINENT PERSONALS. Major Jones, of Atlanta, paid his friends in

Fort Gaines a visit last week Mr. A. T. Chapman, of Macon, spent last veek in Fort Gaines. Rev. L. H. Crumley has tendered his resigna tion as principal of the Coleman station high

Hon. C. J. Wellborn has been in Gainesville where he gave good reports of the people of the Judge Hugh Bucharan has been the recip-

ient of many pleasant attentions during a recent visit to Carroll county. Judge J. C. Fain, of Gordon county, has Rev. J. W. Lee, of Atlanta, one of the m

talented divines in Georgia, has been invited by Professor Ledbetter to deliver the address at his coming exhibition in Ellijay.

EMORY'S GRADUATING CLASS. A Critical Editor Buns Over the List and find Little to Approve.

A few days ago the senior class of Emory college, at Oxford, had their class picture made in Atlanta. It is a large class, numbering thirty-nine. It is generally known that this institution has a technological department attached—in fact, an advertisement appeared in the preprinent daily papers of the state that the prominent daily papers of the state that an engine had been built, and was on the mar-ket for sale. As there had been so much talk about the attachment of a technical depar-ment to this, the oldest and one of the best ment to this, the oldest and one of the best colleges in the south, we naturally watched the complexion of the class as regards the avocations chosen, to see how many real developers it contained—men who would go out and work up such new enterprises as would make Georgia prosperous and stop the everlasting and eternal leech-like drain of money from involverished couth to the rich manner. lasting and eternal leech-like drain of money from impoverished south to the rich manufacturing north and west. This class has done well in every respect, and its standing is the highest ever made in the college. Among the states represented in this class are Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florids, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas, Colorado and California. In the list we discover ten preachers; (consumers and non-producers) nine lawers; (consumers and non-producers yers, the same; three doctors, the dentist, ditto; one druggist, another and non producer; two farmers—thank the Lord for that; ons civil engineer, a very useful man and none too plentiful; five teachers, necessary, but too abundant; one lonely missionary, wh wants to go off and mix up with the heathen; (he will find enough at home); one musiciau, there is a lot of these fellows starving all over the country now; one journalist, another candidate for the poor house; four merchants, business in every branch of trade is now overdone, and last but one stenographer. In the above list not a single mechanic is found. Not man who knows how to adjust a slide valve in a steam-chest or take up the lost motion in a pitman shaft. None of the list know a steam lubricator from a patent chicken incubator, or a return flue boiler from a stem-winding mon-key wrench. The country is full and over-flowing with just such young men, and to say that one out of every hundred makes a suc-cess in life would give a stretch to every day observation. This class of educated people are practically worthless, inaspunch that they do practically worthless, inasmuch, that they do not add one cent toward developing the re sources of a country, and are that much orna mental furniture which is worse than parlo bric-a-brac. To become a great people, a rich people, a happy, a prosperous people and an independent people, we must become a practicable as well as an educated people.

ARMED TO THE TEETH. Amateur Detective Mitchel Ready to Su round Garvin.

From the Waynesboro, Ga., Citizen. Mr. Walter Mitchel, of this city, has ob Mr. Watter Mitchel, of this city, has obtained the signatures of quite a number of our citizens requesting the authorities of the steamboat "Katie," plying between the cities of Augusta and Savannah, to give him some positron upon the boat, so as to afford him the opportunity of arresting the celebrated murders. Bill Garvin whom Mr. Mitchel supposes. derer, Bill Garvin, whom Mr. Mitchel suppose is rusticating somewhere in the swamp of the Savannah river. Mr. Mitchel procured a shot-gun and carried it about the city with him while discussing his contemplated adventure, and the consequence was that no citizen had the temerity to decline his signature to the aforesaid petition. Yesterday morning Mr. Mitchell in addition to the shot gun, armed himself with a brace of pistols, a bowie knife, a razor and a pair of brass knucks, and boarding the early train for Augusta, took the first step in the carrying out of his brilliant enterprise. Mr. Mitchell sat gazing out of the the first step in the carrying out of his brilliant enterprise. Mr. Mitchell sat gazing out of the car window at the morning stars in that calm, resolute, detective like manner of a man who recognizes the responsibility resting upon him, but who fancies himself fully equal to the task and is terribly in earnest. The urbane and peaceful conductor gently tapped him upon the shoulder and politely requested the usual fare. Mr. Mitchell, wrapped in the solitude of desperate reflection, and his dark features set in the merciless repose of one immovable purpose, glared wildly pose of one immovable purpose, glared wildly and sternly at the conductor, rattled his ar mor, and again looked out into the darkness Of course the conductor passed on, deeming it impredent to parley with such a man un der such circumstances. We presume that he is bound to secure the desired position on the boat, and in the opinion of our citizens the said Garvin had just as well deliver him self up to the proper authorities at once. Mr. Mitchell is alone, but his plan, as we learn it, is bound to succeed. Though generally acting upon the idea that a wise man keepeth his own

diately surround him, when, as a matter of The Early Snake.

counsel, we learn that he kindly let one of ou

citizens into a part of his programme. He proposes that the very first time he sees Gar-

From the Newnan, Ga., Herald. Mr. Dick Lyndon went out to Kirby's lake last week fishing. While sitting on the bank tempting the minnows with his baited hook, a tempting the minnows with his baited hook, a large snake seven feet long and big in propor-tion came rushing down to the lake on the opposite side, plunged into the water and made a bee line for the fishing-tackle, rearing his tall head far above the water. Dick had no time to say his prayers but made hasty prepar-ation for battle. Gathering a pile of sticks, be began to hurl them at the horrid monster, which grew larger and larger as it neared the hither shore. His snakeship seemed to bear a charmed life, for he artfully dodged ever well-aimed missile, and finally retreated unhurt. aimed missile, and finally retreated unburt.

An Adventure in a Handcar. From the Dallas, Ga. Fra Thursday Mr. J. B. Foote got on a hand car run by J.F. Parish and Bob McLarty, two colored men, and started to Hiram. When they were near the bridge about two miles south of Dallas, they were met by a passenge train which turned a curve within twenty feet of them before they saw it. They all jumped and before they struck the ground, the train hit the band car and knocked it into splinters. Fortunately none of the parties were hurt. Mr. Foote stuck his head in the bank and was so badly scared that he kept on running. He

a hand car and that it will be the last. Dublin as a Railway Center.

Dublin this week entertained three railroad presidents. No wonder she wishes to put on

News Rails in Georgia.

News Ralls in Georgia.

Talbotton railroad stockholders meet first Wednesday in May.

The grading of the Dublin and Wrightsville railroad has been completed to a point within two miles of Dublin, and hands furnished by the Central railroad are very busy laying the rails. President W. B. Thomas says that the road will be finished and trains running to the point above given by the first of next month.

Elberton wants a railroad built to Enright's, so as to tap the Savannah road. An engineer has examined the Savannah river at the most accessible place for crossing who says a bridge can be built over the river for \$20,000, and that it is believed that Colonel Calboun will build it is believed that Colonel Calboun will build the bridge himself. The Leader says that if this is true, and the people on the other side will grade the road from Enright's to the river, the money necessary to grade it from Elberton to the river ought to be subscribed by Elberton

people in one day.

Americus has set to work to secure the location of the shops for the Savannah, Dublin and Western railrway. If the road is built through to Birmingham, as contemplated, Americus would be in the center of the line Americus would be in the center of the line and a most convenient location for the shops. Such shops would be of immense value to Americus, as they would not only employ many men, but would make it a railroad center, where conductors, engineers, firemen, brakemen and other employes would find it convenient to take up their residence.

Do not suffer from sick headache a m longer. It is not necessary. Carter's Little Liver Pills will cure you. Dose, no little pill. All druggists sell them. DR. JOHN BULL'S

# Smith's Tonic Syrup

FEVER and AGUE

Or CHILLS and FEVER. AND ALL WALARIAL DISEASES.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine fustly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the SAFE, CERTAIN, SPEEDY and PERMANENT cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whe or of short or long standing. He refers to the sntire Western and Southern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion that in no case whatever will it fail to cure if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single does has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perhave been cured by a single bottle, with a per-fect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more cer-tain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has doese for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order. Should the patient, however.require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of KENT'S VEGETABLE FAMILY FILLS will be sufficient. Use no other.

DR. JOHN BULL'B SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP,

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA, BULL'S WORM DESTROYER, The Popular Remedies of the Day.

Principal Office, 631 Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

RELIEF

Forty Years a Sufferer from

CATARRH.

Wonderful to Relate.

222222223 "For FORTY YEARS I have been a victim to CATARRH-three. fourths of the time a sufferer from EXCRUCIAT-ING PAINS ACROSS MY FOREHEAD and MY NOSTRILS. The discharges were so oftensive that I hesitate to mention it, except for the good it may do some other sufferer. I have spent a young fortune from my hard earnings during my forty years of suffering to obtain relief from the doctors. I have tried patent medicines --- every one I could learn offrom the four corners of the earth, with no relief. And AT LAST (57 years of age) have met with a remedy that has cured me entirely-made me a new man. I weighed 123 pounds and now weigh 146. I used thirteen bot. tles of the medicine, and the only regret I have is

BLOOD RENEWER. "HENRY CHEVES, "No. 267 Second St., Macon, Ga."

that being in the humble

walks of life, I may not

have influence to prevail

on all catarrh sufferers to

use what has cured me-

GUINN'S PIONEER

"Mr. Henry Cheves, the writer of the above, formerly of Crawford county, now of Macon, Georgia, merits the confidence of all interested in catarrh. W. A. HUFF, "Ex Mayor of Macon."

A Superb Flesh Producer and Tonic.

**GUINN'S** Pioneer Blood Renewer

Cures all blood and skin diseases,

rheumatism, scrofula, old sores. A perfect spring medicine. If not in your market it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small bottles \$1; large bottles \$1.75. Essay on blood and skin diseases

mailed free. MACON MEDICINE CO., MACON, GA.





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TOBACCO PLANTING.

INTERVIEW WITH THE COMMIS-SIONER OF AGRICULTURE.

The Character of Land Best Adapted to the Cultiva-tion of Tobacco—Row the Flant Should be Treated in the Bed a d in the Field—The Effect of the Crop on the Boil.

A reporter of THE CONSTITUTION, being adh reporter of the constitution, seing advised that quite a quantity of tobacco seed had been distributed by Commissioner Henderson, called upon him yesterday to see if he had anything to say that would be of service to those who are now engaging in that new enterprise. Finding the commissioner, as usual, at his desk in the department at the capitol, the reporter opened an interview;

What character of land do you think should be selected upon which to plant to-

"Well, sir, the experience of the older tobacco growing states without exception favors the planting of tobacco in gray, porous and silicious or calcarious soil—the more calcarious

"Georgia has vast areas of red lands, and hence writers frequently speak of the red old hills of Georgia; but she has a fair proportion

POROUS GRAY LANDS,
which are considered so superior in Virginia,
North Carolina and Pennsylvania. The character of these ands are what geologists call the
jurassic formation. They are lime lands of
a coarse, yellow, gravelly, silicious character,
such as I have been recommending. This
land should contain at least sixty per centum
of silica.

"Some chemist has said that the successful growing of smoking tobacco depends almost entirely upon the nitrification of the soil and when the percentage of sand is less than or even down to fifty percentum, the nitrification is bad, and consequently the tobacco not so

good.
"I have not a doubt that many of the lands
of north Georgia will be found, upon actual
experiment, to be finely adapted to tobacco, or experiment, to be finely adapted to tobacco, or at least we know many of the essential features exist in great perfection. Among the soils known to produce a fine quality of leaf, is that of a gray, gravelly land, found very extensively in northwest Georgia, and very commonly known, on account of the broken character of these lands, as "the ridges." That is the reason why I paid attention in the distribution of seed, particularly to that portion of the state. that portion of the state.

IT MAY BE FOUND,
when the trial is sufficiently made, that other portions of the state are quite as well adapted to it, if, indeed, they are not more so. But then at present the whole thing is an experiment, or nearly so, at least so far as the grow-

ment, or nearly so, at least so far as the growing of such grades as is produced by the states already named."

"What do you have to say as to the management of the plant after it has been set out in the field, or after it has passed from the plant bed?"

"First, work; secondly, work, work; thirdly, work, work, work. There should be no niggardly use of the plow and the hoe then. It is scarcely more important to grow the plants than to add the requisite labor after they are transplanted. It should be stirred before rains and after rains and between rains, and particularly between rains, if the intervals are too long, leat they commence buttoning, which is a sue indication of approaching maturity, which the grower will find to his interest to delay as long as possible."

"What quantities of land, commissioner, would you recommend to each, to be planted in tobacco?"

in tobacco?"

"A very small quantity, indeed, I think as the whole thing is an experiment, that a half acre or an acre at the outside, would be sufficient. These who are thoroughly satisfied as to their own experience in growing it and of the adaptability of their lands, might venture

TO THE FULL EXTENT

TO THE FULL EXTENT
of their desires. Indeed, it would not be a
venture then, for the prerequisites are all that
could be desired anywhere.
"After they have acquired a knowledge of
the modus operandi and ascertained from experience the quality of their tobacco in the
market, they can then venture further if they
like it"

"Do you think our lands rich enough to

"Do you think our lands rich enough to grow tobacco well?

"No, sir, I do not. I know of no lands in the state that I think rich enough, not even the famed lands of Baker or Dougherty, or the punkin vine lands of Bartow county. The very best of them can be improved, and to succeed well it must be done.

succeed well it must be done.

"The average production of the Virginia lands was about 660 pounds per acre in 1879, whilst twice that amount, and more, was realized from the lands of Lancaster county, Pennized from the lands of Lancaster county from the lands of Lancaste

"Tobacco growing there has reached great perfection. They
MAKE A SCIENCE OF IT,

MAKE A SCIENCE OF IT, not infrequently they exceed 2,000 pounds per acre and being of a very superior quality it commands twice the price of the Virginia, and North Carolina tobacco. There are profits for you and profits too that can be attained if our farmers will post themselves and go at it right. It is always about double the price of the Virginia and Carolina goods and we all know about the prices of these. Now I do not expect Georgia to do much except to gain experience the first year, but wherever the lands prove suitable, the second year they should begin a thorough and regular system of land improvement." of land improvement."
"What is the best kind of fertilizer for to-

"The best is lot scrapings, rich compost heaps, etc. Virginia and Carolina provide themselves with vast quantities of cattle, and gather in the leaves and trash of all sorts from

gather in the leaves and trash of all sorts from the woods, lots and stables, and thus keep up their production from year to year. "After the farmers of Lancaster, Pennsylva-nia, have done twice as much in the same way as is done in Virginia and Carolina, they then add many times as much more in the way of appropriate commercial fertilizers, to their lands, hence they frequently produce exceed-

TWO THOUSAND POUNDS PER ACRE.

For which, they get from 80 cents to \$1 per pound. There is intensifying with a vengeance, and the more you intensify the better you are paid,
"In tobacco I would say to all beware of over

planting.

"Better a quarter of acre properly enriched than acres of sickly dwarfed parts that pains the eye each time they are beheld."

"What is the extent of the area, commissioner,

in tobacco?"

"If you allude to the United States as far as I can ascertain there are about seventeen states as well as I remember engaged, more or less in it. Some extensively, others not so much so. I suppose there is hardly any one product in the world, more universally grown. It is grown considerably throughout Europe and I have not a doubt, it will follow civilization wherever it goes even into Africa."

"Is not your statement enough to discourage new beginners?"

"Is not your statement through an ew beginners?"

"Whether it is or not, they are facts and might as well be known sooner as later. The struggle for the mastery is greater now than at any other previous time. The survival of the fittest is about to be put to a fair test. No doubt some will prove inadequate to the fearful contest because of unadaptedness of soil and climate. We will excuse them but the CONTEST FOR THE MASTERY

and climate. We will excuse them but the CONTEST FOR THE MASTERY Of those who are equal in every other respect will be fearful and I pray now for old Georgia that her arms may be held up, until the going down of the sun. I hope Georgians will remember that the country is already full of the cheap grades of tobacco and instead of aiming for medicerity to dogtail, she will set her sights higher and aim even if she does not succeed both as to quantity and quality. In the language of the commissioner of agriculture of Virginia, Remember that a moderate crop of good tobacco will be much better for the individual, as well as for the whole brotherhord of planters, than a large crop of inferior."

"What effect is produced upon the lands by the growing of tobacco?" "When we consider the years that have been

given to tobacco raising in Virginia, Carolinas and Pennsylvania we might reasonably conclude if the plant was so very injurious, that the lands would have long since been entirely exhausted. Not so, however, for they make as much or more today than they ever did."

"What lands in Georgia would have withstood more wear and tear than these?"

"We find the best of our lands under cotton culture will show signs of decay in a dozen or less years, if they are not supplied in some way with humus. I have already alluded to the way these more northern states have

way these more northern states have

KEPT UP AND EVEN IMPROVED
their lands. It is only a question of time
when our progressive farmers everywhere will
commence a system of terracing and fertilization such as never was seen in these parts before. The tobacco stem contains a larger
amount of ashes than almost any plant known
to our agriculture. Tobacco stems are now extensively used as an ammoniate in many of
our commercial fertilizers, just as do the cotton
farmers their cotton seed."

"No Physic, Sir, in Mine?"

A good story comes from a boys' boardingschool in "Jersey." The diet was monotonous
and constipating, and the learned Principal
decided to introduce some old-style physic in
the apple-sauce, and await the happy results.
One bright lad, the smartest in school, discovered the secret mine in his sauce, and pushing
back his plate, shouted to the pedagogue, "No
physic, sir, in mine. My dad told me to use
nuthin' but Dr. Pierce's 'Pleasant Purgative
Pellets,' and they are doing their duty like a
charm!" They are anti-bilious, and purely
vegetable. "No Physic, Sir, in Mine!"

There are 201,804 public school teachers in the

Mrs. Chas. Smith of Jimes, Ohio, writes: I have used every remedy for Sick Headache I could hear of for the past fifteen years, but Carter's Little Liver Pills did me more good than all the rest.

The dynamite attacks on buildings cost England \$250 000 for renairs

Sudden Changes.

If the body receives daily a proper amount of nutrition, and daily expels the worn-out parts, health is the certain consequence; but by a sudden change of weather, the pores of the skin may not perform their office well, and matters are retained which should have passed off by that avenue. All causes which mpede insensible perspiration are fraught with danger, because matters which should have passed away throuh the skin are returned again into circulation. Brandreth's Pills will remove all impurities, from whatever cause they may come, curing pain, inflammation and colds arising from above cause in a few hours.

Wolves have become so plentiful near Washington, Ill., that they hunt in packs.

Hard Times. While money is close, wages and prices low expenses should be cut down in every house-bold. Economy the watch word for mothers, bold. Economy the watch word for mothers, head off doctor bills, by always keeping in the house, a bottle of Dr. Bosanko's cough and lung syrup. Stops a cough instantly, relieves consumption, cures croup and pain in the chest in one night. It is just the remedy for hard times. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Sample free. Sold by C. O. Tyner, Schumann's Pharmacy and Goldsmith & Co.

Experiments in steering baloons are to be made in all the fortified places in France.

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Is Remarkable as a Flesh Producer. The increase of flesh and strength is perceptible immediately after commencing to use the Emur-sion. The Cod Liver Oil emulsified with the Hy pophosphites is most remarkable for its healing, strengthening and flesh-producing qualities.

Massachusetts has a law prohibiting the sale of minors under sixteen.

Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times symptoms of indigestion are present, flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, bleeding and itching piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's pile remedy, which acts directly upon the parts effected, absorbing the tumors, allaying the intense itching and effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Pinqa, O. Sold by C. O. Tyner, Schumann's Pharmacy and Goldsmith & Co. macy and Goldsmith & Co.

Thirteen thousand stray dogs have been killed by the London police since the hydrophobia scare began.

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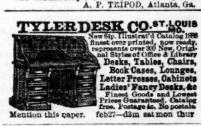
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price, location, terms, and all particulars. Address
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Cell street. We have on sale this day a nice los
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Please call during the day and get a bargain. Geo.
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HAVE 100,000 POUNDS OF TENNESSEE PACK-ed Pork well trimmed, with the lard, jewis and heads of six or seven hundred hogs, now for sale. Address me at Sweetwater, Tenn. J. F. Owen. M.

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L OST-A PACKAGE CONTAINING WHITE SILK handkerchief and white splasher, with pink border. Finder will please leave at Dr. C. T. Brockett's office, Peachtree st. LOST-BULL TERRIER, ABOUT ELEVEN months old, color white, dark mark over one eye. Suitable reward for his return to 63 Marietta

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WEETINING RATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE R, AND WILL BE PURNISHED ON APPLICATION. REEFFONDENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS, DITED PROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY. DORESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAKE DRAFTS OR CHECKS PAYABLE TO THE CONSTITUTION,

ATLANTA, GA., APRIL 17, 1886.

Indications for Atlanta and Georgia, taken at 1 o'clock a. m: Local rains; stationary temperature. Middle Atslightly warmer weather lantic local rains, southeasterly winds; South Allantic States: local rains, stationary temperature, winds generally easterly; East Gulf States: stationary temp erature, local rains

winds generally shifting to southerly. THE loss of life and property in Minnesota by the cyclone of Wednesday was very heavy. The funeral of the victims took place

winds generally southeasterly; Ohio ualley and

Tennessee: local rains, stationary temperature,

MR. GLADSTONE introduced his land bill in the house of commons yesterday. The reading of it did not create the enthusiasm the home rule measure shared.

GOVERNOR BATE, of Tennessee, yesterday appointed ex-Congressman Whitthorne to fill the unexpired term of Senator Jackson, resigned. For the last few days the governor has been besieged with letters suggesting men for the place from the two factions of democracy in the state, and the appointment of General Whitthorne was celebrated by the firing of guns and speech-

Something Like a Cold Snap. It is nonsense to talk about "trifles light as air." Sometimes they weigh a ton to the square inch.

The other day a little cigar maker walked into a big silk mill in Patterson, N. J., and snapped his fingers.

The eigar maker held, with Jay Gould, that he was an American citizen. He believed that one of his inalienable rights as a freeman was the privilege of snapping his fingers whenever he pleased. From his standpoint he was right, but when a man turns himself into an automatic, self-acting explosive he should let off his detonations gently, and not go snapping and popping around

like a willipus-wallopus loaded with dynamite cartridges.

Unfortunately our cigar maker was not influenced by any consideration for the feelings of others. He was a sort of High Jim or something in a labor organization in New York, and when he visited the Patterson silk mill he demanded a change in the conduct of the dye house. Being refused his request he stepped into the factory and snapped. Of the 1,200 men and boys in the mill not one understood the cause of this man's action. They knew, however, that it was a command to quit work, and they quit. These docile operatives, after giving up a good job to oblige an unknown man, very sensibly held a mass meeting and passed resolutions complaining bitterly of "the tyranny of capi-Then they assured their employer that they had made a mistake and desired to return to work. The brutal capitalist replied that he could not allow his business to be at the mercy of wandering eigar makers, and he would, therefore, decline to reinstate his men until they severed their organized relations with the man who was responsible for the cold snap in which they had been

And so the situation stands at present There is a ludicrous side to it, and a mournful side also. Where is the freedom of the American workingman when he, for no reason known to him, blindly obeys a mysterious sign from a stranger, and gives up work, wages and all that makes life enjoyable This way of putting the case is not new, but it will bear the strain of all the thought that can be devoted to it.

A Memorable Appointment.

The appointment of Howell Edmunds Jackson, senator from Tennessee, to a judgeship in the federal courts is something more than an ordinary event. It marks the termination of a period of eclipse and the beginning of a period of fair play in such appointments. For it is the first appointment of a democrat in twenty-five long eventful years to the national judiciary. The circuit over which the new judge will preside con sists of the districts of northern Ohio, south ern Ohio, eastern Michigan, western Michigan, Kentucky, eastern Tennessee, western Tennessee and middle Tennessee. Judge Jackson is fifty-four years of age, and he must serve sixteen years before he will be entitled to retirement, and he will probably live to see many other democrats on the federal bench. Let us hope he will.

The appointment of an able lawyer, clos student and upright man is a good beginning, and patriotic men everywhere will rejoice to see a judge in the United States courts from the other side. As politics and judicial appointments cannot be divorced, the next best thing is a division of appointments between the two parties. The courts will thus command more respect, and much friction will be avoided. The ice is broken, and if the supreme court judges who have reached the retiring age would make way for some democrats in the high court, the situa tion would be still more satisfactory. Disguise it as we may, there are at least two ways of looking at constitutional questions and the conservative sentiment of the country should be represented in the court of last resort where grave and far reaching questions are presented

A Congressional Farce.

In some respects the house of representa es is not making a very good record for its bell or for the parties they represent With the republicans we have nothing to do. but it is surprising, as well as embarrassing to note the action of some of the democrats They seem to be led blindly. They are making a record that will rise up to vex them in the near future, and that will vex the democratic party.

Take, for instance, the piece of tomfoolery known as the arbitration bill recently passed the house: what possible good can come out of it? What can be the result of it but mis-

conception and mi of the house have made speeches on the bill, and, by their votes, have hurried it through that branch of congress—and yet there is not a man among them, of either party, that is not aware of the utter futility of the measure—that does not know it to be as arrant a piece of demagogy as every had its birth among politicians.

Such unmitigated tomfoolery as this is bound to bring about bad results in one shape or another. The laboring men of the country are very much in earnest. They feel that they have grievances that ought to be adjusted and wrongs that ought to be righted; and, while the efforts they are making in that direction are crude and clumsy, and, in some instances, calculated to injure an innocent public, there can be ne doubt that the workingmen themselves are in a very serious frame of mind. The spreadeagle orations that have been delivered in favor of the arbitration bill are calculated to deceive those who are but superficially acquainted with the functions and powers of congress, and the probability is that there are many workingmen who are fully persuaded that the arbitration bill is a measure which will give them legal redress and enable them to carry out their purposes.

What will be the feelings of these men, therefore, when they discover, as they inevitably will, that the bill is not worth the ink with which it is written; that it can be no more effective, so far as its alleged purpose is concerned, than if it had been passed by a parcel of Esquimaux in the neighborhood of the north pole; that it is simply the attempt of the nimble-fingered politicians of both parties to make political capital out of a very

serious and a very perplexing situation. The passage of this so-called arbitration bill, together with the resolution ordering an "investigation" into the railway strikes and troubles in the neighborhood of St. Louis, is calculated to impress workingmen with the idea that congress has the power to remedy the evils of which they complain. But the simple fact is that congress has no power to deal with the matter. It has no jurisdiction. It has nothing to do with the strikes, nothing to do with arbitration between workingmen and their employers, no power and no machinery to enforce any law looking to a settlement of the troubles. In short, the arbitration bill is null and void and the pro-

posed investigation will end in the air. We should think that congressmen, above every other class, would have reasons for not dealing farcically with a matter so serious as the labor troubles that exist today.

Sewage Experiments in London.

The experiments with sewage that the metropolitan board of works, London, are making are very interesting to all towns that have sewage to dispose of, and particularly to Atlanta that has no satisfactory method in sight for the disposition of large quantities of waste.

London is drained by six huge sewers, three on each side of the Thames. In these all the waste of the city is carried about five miles down the river. It is then pumped into a six acre brick reservoir, which empties into the Thames at ebb tide, when the refuse is carried out to sea. From 80,-000,000 to 170,000,000 gallons of sewage are carried off each day by the three northern sewers alone. The larger or smaller figures depending on the rainfall, as half an inch of rain increases by 150,000 gallons the volume of sewage carried into the reservoir. This storage tank is, by the way, not a nuisance to the neighborhood as might be expected. On the contrary it is roofed over, covered with earth, and forms a pleasant and it is thought not an unhealthy, play

ground and park. The board of works are not dealing with the vast daily amount of sewage thrown off by the mighty city, but they have subdivided one of the compartments of the storage tank, and are treating about o million gallons a day—the sewage of a population of about 36,000. The amount treated is just about the sewage of Atlanta if our city were thoroughly drained. The first object sought in the experiment was rapid and complete precipitation, and it was decided that the best way to effect this at the lowest cost was to well mix up the sewage with a certain proportion of lime, and then add to it a solution of proto-sulphate of iron. The whole compound was then run off into subsiding reservoirs, in which it was allowed to remain for not less than two hours. A large reservoir full of sewage thus treated last month in weather unfavorable for rapid decomposition, "presented so close a resemblance to pure water that any one who did not know what

it really was would have had no hesitation at all in taking a bath in it." So says the London Daily News. At the end of two hours, the water is drawn off, treated wth permanganate of soda, to remove all chemical impurity, and then discharged into the Thames. The sediment remaining at the bottom of the reservoir is swept up and pumped into "sludge settling tanks," where it is allowed to remain for twelve hours, when there will be found to be a further accumulation of water on the surface; this is drawn off and the residue

has then to be dealt with. The value of the "sludge" remains to be determined. One million gallons of sewage yields five tons of sludge. This is solid matter, but it is not yet established that it is valuable manure. In taking the water out the fertilizing properties may have been taken out also. Further experiments will test its value; and in the meanwhile the necessary plant has been set up to treat nine million gallons daily, instead of one million. A daily output of forty-five tons of solid matter will soon lead to the ascertainment of its real value. The cost of treating the ewage is not great, and it is understood that if the residuum is marketable-if farm ers and gardeners can be induced to purchase it-the amount of sewage treated will be indefinitely extended. There are some who think the entire waste of the city will be utilized in pursuance of the present experiments. Our city authorities should keep up with these experiments of the English metropolis. They may fit our case ex

THE New York Sun has discovered that Editor Joseph Pulitzer contributed \$5,000 to the republican campaign fund in 1884. No doubt that Editor Pulitzer did this for adver tising purposes.

AFTER twenty years of social equality, with mixed conferences and congregations, the Northern Methodist church, in Missouri, has washed its hands of the negro. The separation, however, did not come until the negroes

in the two Missouri conferences, almost to a man, voted to reparate from the whites. It is gratifying to see that the Northern Methodists have learned a lesson from their southern brethren. After twenty years of bladdering they now find themselves on the right line.

"DIXIE" for April, out today, has the fol-lowing table of contents: "Southern Railway Problems." Second paper. By Colonel John B. Peck. "Mountain Campaign in Georgia," illustrated. By Joseph M. Brown. Was not Coal Field of Alabama." First paper. By Professor Henry McCalley. "Timber Wealth of the South." Third paper, By Charles H. Wells. "The Growing South;" H. W. Pinckney. "Glimpses of Our Southern Scenery." By Henri C. Welsh. "Flour and Meal Milling in the South." Third paper. By G. B. Dong-las. "In the Carolina Mountains." By Chas. Edgar Jarvis, etc., etc. Colonel Peck's rail-road article is notably strong and clear. Professor McCalley's paper on the Warrior coal fields will attract attention, and the other special articles are all good. Mr. Joseph M. Brown's "Mountain Campaign in Georgia," will please a large circle of readers. Of the illustrations and typography of "Dixie" we have spoken before. The magazine shows no signs of lagging, but continues pushing on to

THE people of Christian county, Kentucky, have just discovered that in their midst is the grave of Jefferson Davis's brother. The grave s unmarked by a tombstone, and has been plowed over. This year a crop has been planted on it.

It has been a fortnight now since General Sherman contributed one of his side-splitting letters to the public. There must be something

THE Springfield Republican says all that can be said when it says, "Whether prohibition will prohibit, must depend on local sentiment."

WHEN the New York aldermen of 1834 passed the Broadway railway franchise bill very sensible man saw that there was corrup tion in it. Everybody knew that the franchise would not have been given to Jake Sharp and his confederates if the aldermen had not been bribed. It was difficult to get evidence, as all of the aldermen, with the exception of perhaps two or three, were guilty. These bloated corruptionists filled their pockets and felt se cure. Slowly the coils of testimony began to tighten around them. Now seventeen of the criminals are to be tried for bribe-taking. Two are dead. Others have fled. A few have turned state's evidence. The effect will be wholesome. It is well for public servants all over the land to understand that when they betray the public trust exposure and punish ment, though long delayed, will surely come The penitentiary looms up as the strongest purifying element in our politics. Behind the statesman stalks the sheriff.

For a local periodical the New England Magazine, published in Boston, is a very handsome and ably conducted affair. It is devoted to the history, biography, literature, educational social and material interests of New England. It fills its field very thoroughly.

PHILADELPHIA has a spring poet named Swinburne Rittenhouse. There is a flavor about this name that speaks well for the climate and soil of Philadelphia. Colonel Rit tenhouse contributes to Editor Moses Handy's pinky-winky News.

COLONEL P. DONAN wants the south to get together and organize a boom. Alas! The western statesmen and tariff cranks are doing this for us. Statesman Morrison proposes to lift the south out of its boots by putting an end to its industrial development.

IT is thought that the New York aldermen who have not been arrested are going about the co untry disguised as disabled clergymen. It is said that Jay Gould is an ardent lover of nature. We suppose that nature, in this instance, is only another name for money.

THE Savannah News says "the tickling of a feather" causes THE CONSTITUTION to flinch. On the contrary we were simply amused at the caperings of a featherhead

Does Editor Dana propose to carry the peachblow controversy into politics? PERSONS AND THINGS.

FORTY names are down on the list to speak Mr. Spurgeon's ebb of good blood is thought

due to excess in the tobacco habi A FLOATING planing mill, 170 feet long by venty feet in width, is being built on the Alle

ALLEN THORNDIKE RICE, the editor of the North American Review, is said to have won 160,-000 francs at Monte Carlo recently. IT requires the annual slaughter of 100,000 elephants to keep the world supplied with ivory, England alone uses up the product of 30,000 ele-

phants, or 1,200,000 pounds. GOVERNOR ROBINSON thinks of settling in Boston after his term of office expires. He has definitely determined to withdraw from politics and devote himself to the practice of law.

LEW WALLACE favors changing the national name from "the United States" to "America " He says the latter is a passport to traveling Am in countries where "the United States" a

THE democratic faction in West Virginia opposed to the re-election of Senator Camden has fixed upon the Hon. John J. Davis as its leader, and the campaign will begin at once to force Camden's withdraws! from the field.

The temperance people of Virginia propose to make the best use possible of the local option law passed by the last legislature, and in order to work in greater harmony they will hold a local option state convention in Lynchburg, April 21. M. DE LESSEPS says that the building of the pyramids, which occupied thirty thousand men ten years, was boy's plays to building the Panama

canal. He estimates the power of the machines employed as equal to the labor of five hundred thousand men. COUNT DE LESSEPS is laughed at for being sanguine that be will live till 1889 and charter a steamer, take his whole family, and, passing through the Panama canal return to France by way of Stez. But the real difficulty by that time may be to find a steamer that will hold his whole family.

THE mikado of Japan, it is said, has appointed twelve official poets. If he followed this with the beheading of all the amateurs and all the professionals who have set up in business on their private account, he would solve a problem which has given a greatdeal of trouble to countries further west, particularly in newspaper circles.

THE humorous feature of the Rhode Island emperance question is found in the announcement that the Casino at Newport will have to close if the anti-liquor law is enforced. It depends very largely, although the resort of the great and fash-ionable, upon its receipts for wines and liquors of various grades, and naturally there is as much kicking in Newport as else-where

JAPANESE lacquer ware, known the world over as the most superb for beauty and quality, is made from lacquer furnished by the sap of the rhus vernicifera, a tree cultivated especially for this product. It is a dirty gray viscous liquid, which is refined by straining and decantation. It is absolutely necessary for the lacquered articles to be dried in a damp atmosphere to insure the re-quisite hardness.

In length of Boston pastorates Rev. C A. Bartol ranks first, 49 years; Rev. Dr. James Free man Clarke, 45 years; Rev. Dr. A. A. Minor, 3 years; Rev. Dr. E. E. Hale, 30 years. Rev. Dr. E. B Webb, now retired, 25 years: Rev. William Burnet Wright, 19 years; Rev. Dr. Phillips Brooks and Rev. Dr. A. J. Gordon 17 years; Rev. R. G. Seymonr, 16 years; Rev. Dr. Samuel E. Herrick, 15 years; Rev. Dr. C. C. Grafton 14 years; Rev. M. J. Savage 12 years; Rev. Dr. J. L. Withrow, 10 years.

THE ALABAMA DOCTORS They Close Up to Meet Next Year at Tuses-

whitever, Ala., April 16.—[Special.] The lical association spent the day in the dis-tion of abdogrinal surgery, the changes of the

by invitation addressed the body on the theme of antiada.

The foll of grand senior, senior and junior counsellors was revised and corrected. Dr. Herbert was promoted to the grade of senior counsellor. A metion was adopted that any one who has served for twenty years as counsellor shall be passed to the roll of grand senior counsellors and announcing the promotion of several others to the higher grades by virtue of their having compiled with the rules prescribed, the association proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year. Dr. Seelie was elected president, and Dr. Robertson vice-president for one year; Dr. Sauders and Franklin censors for five years; Dr. Huger orator; Dr. Inge, alternate orator.

The president appointed Drs. Ketchum and The president appointed Drs. Retenum and Shell a committee to conduct Dr. Scelle to the stand for inauguration as president. The retiring president committed the conduct of association into his bands. Dr. Reggs offered a resolution of thanks to the citizens of Anniston, the railroads centering in the town, the town, the Calloun County Medical society, the local committee of arrangements for kindlocal committee of arrangements for kind-ness and courtesies extended the body during

its sojourn.
Tuscaloosa having received a majority of votes cast, was decided on as the place for the next annual meeting. The combination ad-journed sine die. During the morning session Judge Clayton took a seat on the floor.

Alabama State Dental Association

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 16 .- [Special.]-The state dental association adjourned this even-ing after three days' session. The following officers were elected; Dr. R. M. Dubose, of Greenes-boro, president; T. P. Whitby, of Wetumpka, first vice-president; W. W. Evans, of Union Springs, second vice-president; T. M. Allen, of Eufaula, sec-retary; G. M. Rosslan, of Montgomery, treasurer. THE PANAMA CANAL

Mr. Bigelow Makes a Report on Its Condi-

New York, April 16.—John Bigelow, who with M. DeLesseps and as the delegated repre-sentative of New York chamber of commerce, inspected the Panama canal, has submitted his report, which would fill eleven newspaper col-umns. Mr. Bigelow regards the possibility or impossibility of securing adequate and effective labor supply as the "axis on which the fortunes of this enterprise revolve." Mr. Bigelow declines to hazard the guess whether the canal if fin-ished will be remunerative to stockholders, as to the time of completion. Mr. Bigelow says: "It would be about as safe to predict the quar-ter in which the winds will be setting next Christmat day at St. Petersburg as the time when the canal will be finished or what it will

Twenty-Eight Days Fast,

OPELIKA, Ala., April 16.—[Special.]—Dr. Tanner steps down and out. Twenty-eight days sgo today, one of our citizens lost a favorite pet dog, and after giving days of vigilent search, gave up in hopeless despair of ever listening to the deep mouthed welcome of his little pet. During the interregnum occasionally noises from a butcher's dry well would attract attention, not sufficient, however, for investigation. Other dogs disappeared in a mysterious manner, and one litpeared in a mysterious manner, and one lit tle pig. Today the noises in this dry well attracted the attention of some gentlemen, who investigated and found the lost dog, poor and emaciated, not having a drop of water nor a morsel of food for twenty-eight long days. The master and dog met, each glad to meet

A BAILROAD CHANGE. Richmond and Danville Leases the Virginia Midland.

WASHINGTON, April 16 .- At Alexandria, Danville railroad company, under a lease of ninety-nine years, by Colonel John Mc-Anerney, vice-president in charge of the Virginia Midland company, to Colonel A. S. Buford, president of the Richmond and Danville railroad company, in the presence of E. B. Thomas, general nanager; Major Peyton Randolph; Colonel An drews, superintendent of the Midland road and others. Printed notices of the lease and transfer were issued to all the officers and employes of the Virginia Midland road and its connecting lines The officers of the Richmond and Danville road formally took possession under the lease. It is stated that the road is leased for its fixed charges and net earning—that is, the Richmond and Danvilleècompany guarantee to pays per cent per annum on the Midland mortgages, amounting to \$12,500,000, and give the net earnings over operating expenses to the Virginia Midland stockholders, Colonel McAnerney says the lease is very favorably considered by parties interested in the Midland company, as it will enable that company to have its road put in a first-class condition to meet its growing business, and to erect proper stations and give the people along its line facilities which they have not heretofore enjoyed. The officers of the Richmond and Danville

Headlight Flashes. C. S. Gadsden, superintendent of the Charleston and Savannah railroad, was in the city resterday on his return to Charleston from Chi-cago, where he has been attending the time con-C. E. Osborn, of the Chicago, Burlington

and Quincy railroad, with headquarters at Cin-cinnati, is in the city. J. H. Murray, traveling passenger agent of

the Iowa route, with headquarters at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is visiting Atlanta.

"Fox and Hounds."

COFFEEVILLE, Miss., April 16.-A number of ittle boys and girls were playing"fox and hounds" and little Lizzie Thackston was the "fox." One and little Lizzie Thackston was the "fox." One of the little boys suggested that Freddie Thackston should returd to the house and get his small shot-jun and use that in their play. Acting upon the suggestion, he went to the house and came back with his gnn—never noticing that it was loaded—and walking up in about eight steps of his little sister, fired at her, the load, which was squirrel shot, taking effect a little above the center of the forehead, when she jumped out of the door in which she was standing, and fell. She was carried into the house by her mother, but there could be nothing done, for the fatal shot had accomplished its work.

'Twas Unrequited Love.

BAY St. Louis, Miss., April 16 .- O. M. Sylester, a boy of eighteen, disappeared from home Thursday night and was seen with a bull dog pistol, which he discharged several times. He was not seen again until Sunday morning, when his body was discovered dead with a bullet-hole in his head and his pistol beside him. An inquest was held on the body which pronounced a verdict of suncide. Disappointed love was the cause.

Wrecked by the Wind.

LAKE CHARLES, La., April 16 .- Last evening a passenger train on the Louisiana Western railroad, from Houston for New Orleans, was railroid, from Houston for New Orleans, was wrecked at Sulphur Mines station, by running into a stock carthat had been blown across the track by the wind. The enthe train was ditched, making a complete wreck of the lecomotive and baggage car. The fireman jumped from the locamotive and was dangerously injured. The passengers were considerably shaken up, but all escaped undurt.

The Visit of Mr. Davis.

MONTGOMERY, April 16. — [Special.]—The Southern passenger agents' association has agreed to sell round trip tickets to Montgomery on all the railroads of Ohio and east of the Mississippi, fare one way on the occasion of the coming of Mr. Davis's virit to Montgomery and the laying of the correr-stone of the confederate monument. The design of the monument was accepted by the committee today and the contract awarded to W. A. Doyle, of New York.

A LONG RIDE. Mr. Van Meerbeke, the Bicycle Rider, Ar-

Fred E, Van Meerbeke, of New York, one of the most accomplished bicycle riders in the country, is making a trip from New York to San Francisco, via New Orleans, on a Colum-

San Francisco, via New Orleans, on a Columbia bicycle.

He reached Atlanta yesterday, at 12:30 p.m., from Lawrenceville, when he mounted his machine at 6 a.m. The distance is thirty miles. Mr. Van Meerbeke is making the trip on a wager, and agrees to cover the distance between New York and San Francisco in 150

He left the city hall in New York on the 1st of March, and covered the distance between New York and Lynchburg, 435 miles, in 138 bours and 11 minutes, actual riding hours. From Lynchburg he came to Atlanta deing up 450 miles in 161 hours and 5 minutes on the bicycle. Since leaving New York he has lost eleven days by reason of rainy weather and in waiting for articles of clothing forwarded from one point to another. Mr. Van Meerbeke says that he averages thirty-five miles a day. In making the trip he passed through the cities of New Brunswick. N. J.; Trenton, Philadelphia, Wilmington, Baltimore, Washington, Lynchburg, Danville, Charles making the trip he passed through the claes of New Brunswick. N. J.: Trenton, Philadelphia, Wilmington, Baltimore, Washington, Lynchburg, Danville, Charlotte and Atlanta. If the weather is favorable he will mount his machine at 3 p. m. to-day for the purpose of continuing his trip. His route will be by the way of Moatgomery and Mobile. The Atlanta bicycle club will escort him to the limits of the city.

Mr. Van Meerbeke is twenty years of age and appears to be physically able to do anything that he may undertake in this line. He says that he has enjoyed fine health since

says that he has enjoyed fine health since leaving New York. Strapped on his machine behind him he carries a small hundle of necessary articles, and has his valise forwarded to him from one point to another by express. He feels fully confident that he will make the trip in the time specified in the wager.

THE HORSE GUARDS.

A Splendid Drill Yesterday-An Important

Meeting Tonight. The Governors Horse Guard were out yes terday for their last practice drill before going to Savannab. Yesterday's turnout was one of the largest of the year, and much interest was manifested in the drill, which occurred in the presence of a number of spectators. Captain Milledge has taken much interest in the wel-fare of the company, and as has been shown in its recent drills, has been very successful in his efforts to perfect the company in sys-tematic organization and thoroughly familiarize it with the details of cavalry tac-

Captain Milledge announced vesterday that a very important meeting of the company will be held at Concordia hall tonight, at 8 o'clock, and he is specially anxious that every member be present. Final arrangements concerning the Savannah trip will be made and other im-portant business will be brought before the company. The company is expected to appear in citizens' dress, and it is very important that a full attendance be present.

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

Admiral Semmes. Subscriber, Columbus, Ga.: Is Admiral emmes, of the celebrated "Alabama," still living? He is not. Unanswerable Questions.

L. A. F., Greenwood, Texas: Please give of life and property annually destroyed by whisky No such statistics can be given. Sometimes you may see estimates in print, but they are simply guess-work. It would be just as easy to give the

number of persons who are annually "talked to death" on this subject as it would be to give the A Voice From Greene WHITE PLAINS, Ga., April 15 .- Editors

Constitution: Of the lines proposed from Atlanta of the sea, other things being equal, the shorter will be the cheaper. Port Royal would be the choice. But Charleston is better able to meet the expense of the increased distance than Port Royal that of the shorter line. When therefore this project is more fully developed, what substantial pledges may not be expected from Charleston? As an air-line to the latter would pass through the center of Greene, what material encouragement may not be expected from this county? When the canvass is made for that aid which builds railroads, I think you may expect liberal help from GREENE COUNTY.

An Address Fornished. R. H. Allen, Red Land, La.: In one of your March issues J. B. Laster, of Haywood, N. C., asked for the address of either W. H. Meares or J. J. Meares. The latter died, August, 1882. The former lives at Collinsburg, Bosier parish, La.

General C. A. Evans for

ELBERTON, Ga., April 15 .- Editors Constitution: We have hailed with sincere pleasure the notices in The Constitution and the state press of the possibility of calling to the gubernatorial chair of Georgia that heroic soldier, that public spirited citizen, that courtly gentleman and carnest Christhe possibility of calling to the gubernatorial chair of Georgia that heroic soldier, that public spirited citizen, that courtly gentleman and earnest Christian, General Clemant A. Evans, of Augusta. We do not disparage the claims of any of the distinguished gentlemen whose names have been mentioned in connection with the high office of governor, but we feel that it the people of Georgia only knew the sterling qualities of character and the administrative capacity and executive abilities of the gentleman named above, as they are recognized and acknowledged by his intimate friends, it seems that a wave of popular enthusiasm would place him in a high place that he would adorn, and would bring to the state, whose welfare lies near his heart, an administration that would be equal to any that have preceded it—which is saying much, for our ablest and most patrictic clizens have cecupied the chair.

General Evans is no office-seeker. And thousands of Georgians are glad to know it. General Evans deserves rewards. In the days when our southland was in danger, his manly form was seen in the thickest of the fray. In the days of peace he is a "son of peace," Georgia would honor herself in placing in the office of governor such a citizen as C. A. Evans, the people's candidate.

The Situation in Brief.

The Situation in Brief.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: It was thought EDITORS CONSTITUTION: It was thought that the public had been plied with a sufficiency of literature touching the alleged grievances of the late rector of St. Philip's church, and that his vindication was complete. All of it has been written in his defense, and there seems to be a disposition to continue to advertise the affair quite liberally. It appears to be that sort of thing about which reiteration is persistently reiterated, but nothing new developed. The horse is sixteen hands high, but let us beware lest it shell prove a Greek horse to poor St. [Philips', the innocent victim, at least, of this most wretched business.

business.

The inquiry will arise what it aimed at now?

Admitting, for argument's sake, the court in Dr.

Armstrong's case to have erred, and the bishop's

action too severe. will the fomenting of strife by
the people of St. Philip's among her own people
furnish a remedy, apply the corrective, or in any

sense help the matter. On the courtary, harm
has been done, it is being done now—whether or not

so intended; and it will he well for the friends of sense help the matter. On the contrary, harm has been done, it is being done now—whether or not so intended; and it will be well for the friends of the church whose voice has been long stient to make a note of passing events. Dr. Armstrong is not the rector of the church any more, and whatever the strength of his sympathizers in members or infinence the dragging his grievances into the church has only evil in it. It will continue an element of discord, cause the church to languish, arrest progress and prove the death knell of Christian unity. It bodes no good to peace and harmony to see a retiring vestryman (Governor Eulloch) in avowed hostility to the anthority of the church, and inveighing against its laws as incapable of according justice in the absence of an appellate court, and the conspicuous champion of a rector disqualified under those laws. Let this position be true or false. The appellate court is not in existence, and car not be created in less time than three years. It is not thought that the same vestryman, with als following, was in anywise promoting the welfere of St. Philds by withdrawing and scekingto establish some sort of outside organization in defiance of law, church decorum and Christian unity. This was all very well as illustrative of personal preference, and is a custom in vogue with political conventions and manicipal ward meetings, but is of questionable propriety in church matters. This gentleman and his compatriots can neither create an appellate court or restore a suppended rector, and how far St. Phillip's may hope to be benefitted by their present attitude is a question the people of the church may investigate with profit. It is not believed by intelligent people that Dr. Armstrong is entitled to that excess of sympathy which threatens to disrupt a church. Look to it:

CHATTANOGGA, April 16.—[Special.]—Mission Ridge Post G. A. R., held a bean banquet and camp fire tenight, and Department Commander Jones was present, also several other prominent members of the order.

CONSTITUTIONALS.

General Gossip and Editorial Short Stops

Caught on the Run. The best preserved man in congress for his age is the Hon. William D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, who enjoys the title of "Father of the House." He was seventy-two last Monday. On that day he walked up to the capitol with the elastic step of a man of forty. His eyes are bright and strong enough to defy glasses; his thick brown hair is not even sprinkled with gray; his voice is one of the crarest and most ringing to be heard in the halls of congress. Few of his colleagues do more work han this old gentleman.

He has served twenty five consecutive years in he house and has a good title to his seat for the rest of his life. No opposition is ever thought of in his own party, and he lays out the democratic candidate in his district regularly by majorities rang-ging between ten and fifteen thousand.

Judge Kelley has a "pig iron" constitution, but it would not have brought him past three score and ten in such admirable condition, but for the most scrupulous physical economy. In youth toil toughened his sinews while poverty sharpened his ambition. He has worked with regularity and system since he was ten years old. He never drew in his maturing years those drafts of dissipation which must be cashed when the meridian of life is past, but laid up a liberal surplus of strength which young men now admire and old men envy. For the past ten years he has slept regularly nine and ten hours a night. He was always fond of a social glass, but he has aways taken it in moderation, and for many years past only at dinner. He is a prodigious reader and his memory preserves whatever he reads with unusual accuracy.

Quite a remarkable man is "The Father of the

House." He seems good for twenty years more at least, and it would not surprise those who know

In two respects the delegation from Philadelphia is the most remarkable in congress. Every one o the five members for that city was within its limits, and no other five members have served so long. The aggregate continuous service of the Philadelphia represen latives will be at the expiration of this cong ninety-six years, or an average of nineteen and one fifth years each. These facts are evidence of the remarkable conservatism of the Quaker city. but they also speak well for the coaracter and capacity of these veteran public servants. Flsewhere ten years is an unusually long hold on a seat in congress. Besides the Philadelphia men, only twelve mem bers of the house have served longer than ten consecutive years in congress, and the three oldest members in point of service come from the sec ond, third and fourth districts of Pennsylvania, which are part of Philadelphia.

Mr. Randall entered congress two years later than Judge Kelley, and is now rounding a quarter of a century of continuous labor in that body.

For a long time he has been the only democratic member from the most decidedly republican city in the country. Though his own district often goes republican on other issues he is returned by majorities which seldom fall below two thousand. Five years of his congressional career were served as speaker of the house. He will not be fifty-six until next October, and is apparently good for many years yet. Mr. Randall is, perhaps, the most commanding figure among the three hundred and thirty-two on the floor of

Mr. Charlie O'Neill, the genial little gentleman who represents the second district, entered congress with Mr. Randall, and they have been warm personal friends ever since in spite of political differences. Mr. O'Neill is an affable gentleman an excellent representative, and one who is liable to hold on for some time to come. He is sixty-five, but looks ten years younger.

The other two Philadelphia members. General Harry Bingham and Mr. Everhart are novices compared to their veteran colleagues; though Mr. Everhart is on his fourteeth year in congress and General Bingham is on his eighth. As the former had no opposition and the latter 8,000 majority at the last election both have blooming prospects of continued service. General Bingham is one of the most popular men in congress and is conspicuous for his military air and his Chesterfieldian manners. Mr. Everhart is modest little man, exactly the Mr. O'Neill. He is always on the look out for a chance to serve a constituent, and is ranked among the most cultivated gentlemen in congress. His library is one of the largest and best in a city fa-

mous for books. As a rule the large cities of the country are poorly represented in congress. The average metropolitan member comes through the mill of ward polities which does not produce very good congressional grist. Mr. Hewitt and Mr. are the only two men from New York who have taken any high stand in the house for years past. The western cities are still weaker in the quality

of statesmanship they present to the country. The Philadelphia delegation is a strong one, decidedly the strongest that comes from any of the great centers of population. All things considered these five men constitute a very interesting group.

Rome Will Entertain the Baptists. ROME, Ga., April 15:- Editors Constitution: Permit me through your columns to assure all delegates to the Georgia Baptist convention that our arrangements for their entertainment are ample. Railroads entering Rome will be running their

regular schedules by the time of the convention

All roads in the state will carry delegates at four All roads in the state was cents per mile round trip.

R. B. Headden,

Pastor First Baptist church.

Bandmann as Hamlet. Last night at DeGive's was presented Shakspeare's masterpiece, "Hamlet;" with the tragedian Bandmann in the title role supported by Miss Louise Beaudet as "Ophelia." "The large audience Louise Beaudet as "Ophelia." The large audience testified to Atlanta's culture and demonstrated that first-class companies, with popular prices of admission, will be well patronized in this city. Mr. Bandmann has an excellent company to support him, Miss Beaudet being an actress far above the average both in intelligence and in beauty. The play was well mounted and accditately costumed andfMr. Bandmann frequently brought down the house and was called before, the curtain after each act.

East Lynne will be presented at matinee this afternoon, and at the evening performance Richard III. will be given. This will conclude Mr. Bandmann's engagement in Atlanta. Both performances will, no doubt, be largely attended, as they so well deserve to be.

Committee Changes. WASHINGTON, April 16.-Mr. George, Mississippi, takes the place on the senate judiciary committee vacated by Mr. Jackson.

Speaker Carlisle has added Representative
Burns, of Missouri, as a member of the committee to investigate the labor troubles in the

An Objection to the Commissary.

From the Jonesboro, Ga., News: We hope that there will be no commissary opened up to dish out rations for the purchase f votes in the coming election as there was in

A Child Drinks a Half Pint of Whisky. CHATTANOOGA, April 16.-[Special.]-An stant child of James O. Carry, while alone at her home yesterday, accidentally found a flask of whisky and svallowed half a pint. She was un-conscious for several hours and it was feared she could not survive.

A Hotel Burned.

JACKSONVILLE, April 16 .- Particulars have just been received of the burning of the Potter house at Crescent City, Fla. The fire broke out at 2:30 yesterday morning. It is supposed to have been in endiary, as the house had just closed for the season. A part of the furniture was saved. Loss, \$50,000; insurance, \$27,66d.

Tobacco Manufactory Burn CINCINNATI, April 16.-Robert Hamilton's large totacco manufactory in Covington, Ky., was burned this morning, damaging his stock to the amount of \$60,000; insurance \$68,000.

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ANOTHER ST

NEW YORK, Third avenue so this morning, a lines controlle Third avenue fr Third avenue is the stables at S ery, was lined any interferent the company's Police were hand at the polithe road. Thad a confer and during road during was decided

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they congreg but were que by the polic to work by of the horse A commi avenue str lows: lows:
Gentlement stand by you The compall thirteen of the strik to this city.
the board we nor's rooms tomorrow. commissione cars at once, charter forfe feited, we sh

cars again ST. Louis, man who ha by one of th ton and Qu standing on Missouri aver men, who ke severely befo fight a shot no effect. N police were MR. HOXII man and Pro appointed by house last T President

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#### LABOR'S WAR.

ANOTHER STREET CAR STRIKE IN NEW YORK.

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The Strikers Assaulting Men who Took their Places

-Bartin Irons to be Arrested-Rattan Winders Quit Work-Eow a Schoolmaster

Suppressed a Strike-Labor Notes.

NEW YORK, April 16 .- The employes of the Third avenue street car line went on a strike this morning, and a general "tie up" on all lines controlled by that line is the result. Third avenue from early this morning, between the stables at Sixty-fifth street and the Bowery, was lined with police officers to prevent any interference on the part of the strikers if the company should proceed to run its cars. Police were held in reserve at headquarters and at the police stations along the route of the road. The superintendent of police had a conference with the officers of the road during the morning, at which it was decided to make no attempt to run cars beyond the Sixty-fifth street stables or below Grand street, but to keep up communication between these two points to the great-est practicable extent. The police do not anticipate any trouble from the strikers, but are prepared to meet it if any is made. The company has decided to run as many cars as they can get drivers for, between the stables on

can get drivers for, between the stackes on Sixty-fifth street and Broome street, beginning at 10 o'clock in the morning, and have asked the police to protect them along that route.

When the strikers left work this morning they congregated in groups along Third avenue, but were quickly scattered and kept moving by the police. A number of Italians were put work by the company to feed and take care of the horses.

A communication was received by the Third

lows:
Gentlemen—This time the public in general will stand by you.
A UNION MAN.
The company today ran six cars, making in all thirteen trips. At three o'clock the leader of the strikers sent a message to the railway commission asking its members to come at once to this city. A really was received stating that commission asking its members to come at once to this city. A reply was received stating that the board would accord a hearing in the governor's rooms at city hall, at ten o'clock, a. m., tomorrow. They strikers say they expect the commissioners will insist on the running of cars at once, or else declare the company's charter forfeited. "And if the charter is forfeited, we shall apply for it," said one of the committee. Thus the metter is in abarence.

feited, we shall apply for i," said one of the committee. Thus the matter is in abeyance until tomorrow. The company will run its cars again tomorrow.

ATTACKING A NEW HAND.

St. Louis, April 16.—Last night an unknown man who has occupied a position made vacant by one of the strikers of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy yards, was attacked while standing on the corner of Fourth street and Missouri avenue, East St. Louis, by a party of men, who knocked him down and beat him severely before he could escape. During the fight a shot was fired by some one which had no effect. Neither the militia nor any of the police were in the vicinity at the time.

MR. HOXIE'S REPLY TO THE COMMITTEE.

police were in the vicinity at the time.

MR. HONIE'S REPLY TO THE COMMITTEE.

Three citizens—N. O. Nelson, James Bannerman and Professor Woodward—the committee appointed by the meeting held at the courthouse last Tuesday evening to call on Vice-President Hoxie and Aquest him to appoint a committee of three of the resident directors of the Missouri Pacific to consult with the citizens committee and a committee from the Knights of Labor to settle the strike, met at the Mercommittee and a committee from the Knights of Labor to settle the strike, met at the Mercantile club yesterday afternoon to talk the matter over and devise the best method of approaching Mr. Hoxie. Professor Woodward was appointed to call upon Mr. Hoxie and ascertain the latter's views upon the arbitration scheme. The professor did as requested, and reported that he had found Mr. Hoxie at home completely worn out with the work of the past five weeks. He very courteously received Professor Woodward, however, and chatted pleasantly about the situation. When asked if he would appoint a committee from the railroads to confer with the citizens' and employes' committees, Mr. Hoxie said that he had written his intentions to Dr. O'Reilly, who officiated as president of the citizens' meeting at the courthouse, and his statement in the letter would also apply to the committee. Dr. O'Reilly has as yet received no such letter, and when asked as to the probability of Mr. Hoxie's appointing members of the proposed arbitration, said.

"I'do not anticipate that the letter will contain any favorable new fr. Hoxie, in conversation with the committee to settle the strike on the Missouri Pacific when that road was moving every pound of freight that was delivered to them and carrying all their

the strike on the Missouri Pacific when that road was moving every pound of freight that was delivered to them and carrying all their passengers with safety and speed."

ORDEÉS TO THE MILITARY.

Late last night sentinels patroling the railroad yards in East St. Louis were startled by bearing several shots fired, it is supposed, at them, from the direction of several houses near the junction of the Cairo Short-line and Pittsburg railroad. This sort of attack on the Pittsburg railroad. This sort of attack on the guards has become so frequent that, although no one has yet been indured, General Receccemmanding the military forces here, has issued an order that hereafter if shots are fired from any building, the guards shall surround such houses, raid them and arrest all guilty or suspicious persons found in the buildings.

suspicious persons found in the buildings.

ASSAULTING THE DEPUTIES.

Two deputy sheriffs while guarding the Vandalia road last night were approached by a number of men, supposed to be strikers, who engaged then in conversation, during the progress of which they attacked the deputies, beating them badly. Upon the approach of several sentinels, who were on guard in adjacent yards, and who were attracted by the cries of the deputies, the assailants fled, leaving their victims unconscious.

MARTIN IRONS TO BE ARRESTED.

Bench warrants were issued this afternoon

Bench warrants were issued this afternoon by the criminal court for the arrest of Martin Irons, chairman of the executive committee of district assembly 101; A. C. Coaghlan, chairman of the executive committee district assembly 93; George M. Jackson, formerly a prominent local greenback politician, and S. M. Nichols, telegraph operator, on the charge of felony, for interfering with the telegraph wires in connection with the wire tapping alleged to have been done two weeks ago for the purpose of intercepting dispatches between Jay Gould and Vice President Hoxie.

THE BALTIMORE STREET CAR STRIKES.

BALTIMORE, April 16.—No change in the strike on the four lines of street railway from yesterday. Both sides are determined. No trouble so far.

THE SWITCHMEN'S TROUBLE. THE SWITCHMEN'S TROUBLE.
CHICAGO, April 16.—The switchmen on the Baltimore and Ohio road, in South Chicago, went out this afternoon, owing to the refusal of local officials to accede to their demands for the discharge of non-union men. It is rumored that the Lake Shore switchmen will go out tomorrow. Thus far the road has had no difficulty in moving trains.

SUPPRESSING A SCHOOL STRIKE.

ST. LOUIS APRIL 16.—An inciniont school

St. Louis, April 16.—An incipient school boy strike for shorter hours came to an untimely end today, through the instrumentality of sound thrashings administered to three ringleaders.

INTIMIDATED BY STRIKERS.

CLINTON, Mass., April 16.—The twenty working dyers of the Bigelow mills who were mobbed yesterday, were shipped to their homes in northern New York this morning. They were thoroughly frightened, and refused to return to the mill under any circumstances. The strikers have been held for assault.

HANNIBAL, Mo., April 16.—Last night the strikers or their sympathizers attacked three of the new employes of the Missour Pacific railway. One escaped without injuries, but the other two, Shears and Abbott, were badly beaten. So far as can be ascertained there was no reason for their attacking them, other than that they had filled the place of strikers. No arrests have been made.

A LODGE SUSPENDED.

HUDSON, Mass., April 16.—The executive board of division thirty Knights of Labor has suspended the local lodge, as, is alleged, for

insubordination. The Hudson buights are DR. ARMSTRONG.

highly indignant. The lodge numbers for members.

RATTAN WINDERS ON STRIKE.

GARDNER, Mass, April 16.—One hundred and seventy winders in the rattan works of Heywood Bros. & Co. are out on strike, which throws about 300 persons out of employment. The Knights of Labor do not approve of the strike.

weavers in Broadbrook woolen mills struck today for 10 per cent advance.

CHATTANOAGA CULLINGS.

The Street Railway—The South referse Company—Other Beins.

CHATTANOGA, Tenn., April 16.—[Special.]
The Chattanooga street railway company to day decided to perfect their system throughout the city. A double track of heavy steel rails will be built on Market street from Ninth to the river. Also a new line on East Ninth National Company and the interesting Cocasion, see, etc.

From the events that transpored last night it is likely the 'riends and admirers of Bay James G. Armstrong will yet have James G. Armstrong will be pleasure of listening to words of cobrasil from his line.

Dr. Armstrong will no process over any congregation, now will be present from his line.

Dr. Armstrong will no process over any congregation, now will be present of Bay James G. Armstrong will be been dead of Bay James G. Armstrong will be present of Bay James G. Armstrong will be been dead of Bay James G. Armstrong will be been will be been dead of Bay James G. Armstrong will be been dead of Bay James G. Armstrong will be been dead of Bay James G. Armstrong will be been dead of Bay James G. Armstrong will be been dead National cemetery, a distance of two miles, Also a line up Georgia avenue by the court-house to Oak street for nearly two miles. The

house to Oak street for nearly two miles. The work will be commenced immediately.

The South Tredegar company today completed all work on their steel plant and on Monday will be ready for regular operations. The experimental tests have been made and the success of the works is already assured.

Count Karwelse, a representative of a Belgian syndicate controlling Basic steel patents, who has been throughout the south examining the ores of the south, with a view of establishing a gigantic steel plant in the south, has returned to this city with a view of parsuing his investigations further at Chattanooga. He speaks very encouragingly of this city.

THE ATLANTA PRESBYTERY,

The Session Opens for Business--Rev. J. T. Bruce Elected Moderator. The spring session of 1886 of the Atlanta

Presbytery is now being held at the third Presbyterian church, corner of Baker and Luckie streets. The Presbytery had its first

Presbyterian church, corner of Baker and Luckie streets. The Presbytery had its first meeting last night.

Rev. J. T. DuBose, evangelist, preached the opening sermon to a fine congregation.

Owing to the absence of the moderator, Rev. W. T. Hollingsworth, the last moderator, Rev. J. E. DuBose, called the presbytery to order.

Upon a call of the roll the following delegates were found to be present:

Ministers—A. G. Feden of Friendship, James Stacey of Newnan, Henry Quigg of Conyers, J. L. Rogers of Bethany, William N. McKay of Griffin, G. B. Strickler of the Central church, E. H. Barnett of the First church, J. T. Bruce of LaGrange, J. E. DuBose (evangelist), T. P. Cleveland of the Fourth church, and N. Keff Smith of the Third church, Ruling elders—W. J. Cochran of Friendship, C. H. Hyde of Newnan, G. O. Scroggin of White Oak, A. A. Swinton of Carrollton, W. L. Peck of Conyers, J. W. Hollingsworth of Smyrna, W. B. Fowler of Covington J. L. Schaub of LaGrange, John Bryce of Midway, L. B. Davis of the First church, A. Livingston of Bethany, A. G. Butler of Rock Springs, J. L. Moore of Griffin, J.F. Hollingsworth of the Third church, J. N. Fain of the Central church, J. C. Russell Ebehezer, E. P. Ellis Salem, D. L. Adams, West Foott, A. H. Sneed of Forsyth, J. W. Suggs of Thomastion, J. C. Allensworth of the Fourth church, and John Brown (col.) of Zion church.

Nominations being in order for a moderator to preside of the present session, Rev. N. Keff Smith proposed the name of Rev. J. T. Bruce

to preside of the present session, Rev. N. Keff Smith proposed the name of Rev. J. T. Bruce fer the position, and he was elected without

opposition.

Mr. James Stacey was then elected permanent clerk and J. C. Allensworth assistant clerk. The officials came forward and accepted the positions to which they had been called.

cepted the positions to which they had been called.

It was decided upon the motion of Rev. N. Keff Smith, that the morning session shall commence at 9 o'clock and close at 12:30 and that the afternoon session shall open at 2:30 and close at the pleasure of the presbytery.

The meeting then adjourned.

The session will last until Tuesday evening. On Sunday the pulpits of the several Presbyterian churches of the city will be filled by visiting clergymen attending the meeting of the presbytery. At the Central Presbyterian church Rev. James Stacey will preach in the morning and Rev. J. T. Bruce in the evening. At the First Presbyterian church Rev. H. Quigg will occupy the pulpit at the morning service and Dr. D. Fraser will preach in the evening. At the Third church Rev. J. T. Bruce will preach in the evening Dr. G. B. Strickler will occupy the pulpit.

The Fourth church will be provided for today.

Sunday afternoon a mass meeting of the

The Fourth church will be provided for-today.

Sunday afternoon a mass meeting of the Presbyterian Sunday schools will be held at the Third church. The exercises will commence at 3:30. A number of short ad-dresses will be delivered by the elders in attendance upon the session of the presby. attendance upon the session of the presby-

THE COUNTY JAIL.

The Board of Health Considers Its Sanitary Condition and Reports.

Condition and Reports.

The board of health met in regular session yesterday afternoon, and during the session the sanitary condition of Fulton county jail was discussed.

During the recent epidemic in the jail the board of health by resolution directed Dr. Armstrong, president, Dr. Baird, secretary, and Mr. F. P. Rice, member, to visit the jail and make a thorough and careful investigation of the sanitary condition of the prison. The committee, at a time unexpected to the prison officials, called at the jail and went through, and yesterday submitted their report, which was considered and ordered filed. In their report the committee says:

was considered and ordered filed. In their report the committee says:

The prison proper consists of a double row of cells, one above the other, on each side of a corridor or hall. These cells are twenty-four in number, each measuring 8x12x9 feet, and the hall is sixty feet long, twelve feet wide and about thirty feet high. All the cells communicate with the hall, which has a large grated window at one end. a grated door leading into the jailer's office at the other end, and a ten or twelve inch ventilator in the ceiling overhead.

grated door leading into the jailer's office at the other end, and a ten or twelve inch ventilator in the ceiling overhead.

The cells have iron-grated doors and close wooden batton doors, and are all supplied with a grated window about six inches wide by four feet in length, and a small ventilating flue extending to the roof.

The building is heated by a hot air furnace in the basement. Every cell contains a hopper closet connected with a sewer, and said to be trapped under the floor. The water, however, is obtained from a fancet, located some three feet above, connected with the city water supply, and supposed to be turned on by the prisoners. The stream is small and iceble, and is allowed to run for a short time only. They sometimes get stopped up and have to be opened with a stick, and occasionally the water will not run on the upper floor. No arrangement for the ventilation of the sewer or the soil pipes was discoverable.

During the day, the prisoners have free access to the corridor-the cell doors being left open. At night, the grated cell doors are locked, but the close doors are fastened ajar.

Your cemmittee was informed by the jailer that the number of prisoners for seven years has never been at any time below \$5\$, ranging from that ig-

Your cemmittee was informed by the jailer that the number of prisoners for seven years has never been at any time below 35, ranging from that igure to 80, the maximum number confined within the space above described. At the date of our visitixixy prisoners were in the jail.

By computing the combined air space in all the cells and in the combined air space in all the cells and in the corridor it will be observed that the sixty prisoners have 705 cubic feet each.

In the opinion of your committee with the means of ventilation, this is sufficient. The number of prisoners, however, should never exceed sixty. This number should be fixed as the maximum limit.

This number should be fixed as the maximum limit.

The plumbing arrangements are bad. The pumbing should be immediately overhauled and remodeled. Thorough ventilation of the sewer and a water-seal trap outside of the building, and thorough ventilation of all soil pipes through the roof of the building, with first-rate hopper closets, flushed by an abundant quantity of water automatically supplied, are the essential changes demanded.

With these improvements faithfully executed, and the imperative limitation of prisoners to the number of sixty at any one time, in the judgment of your committee, the jail will be placed in a satisfactory sanitary condition and will not jeopardize the health of the city of any neighborhood thereof.

AN INTERESTING MEETING OF ST.

The Silenced Rector is to Talk in the Mandings of Brotherhood from time to Finns Tak as Any-bedy Rise-what He Said Lass Right An Interesting Occasion, etc., 450.

Yesterday the following nouse apprint the city papers:

A meeting of "St. Philips Frotherhood" will be held at the chapel tonight at 8 o'clock for the purpose of attending to some unfamined business from fast meeting, other important business will come up also.

A full attendance of the members is earnestly requested.

W. H. Parkins, Possident.

BURTON SMITH, Sec'y. President.
In response to this call about twenty-five members of the hrotherhood were at the chapet.

President Parkins presided and the question of paying for some chairs came up and was discussed. The matter was postponed, how-

There was something said about winding up the effairs of the brotherhood as it has been in a legging condition since the troubles of St. Phinp's parish began.

Philip's parish began.

A SMALL SENSATION.

No sconer was that said than Captain E. S. Gay arose and said he hoped no such thing as disbanding would be considered for an instant. He hoped the brotherhood would continue its meetings for it was possible that thereby the members might have words of counsel and wisdom from the line of Dr. Armstrong.

might have words of counsel and wisdom from the lips of Dr. Armstrong.

Every person at once began to take a deep interest in affairs and there was quite a little sensation when Dr. Armstrong arose from his seat. All eyes were turned on him.

DR. ARMSTRONG TALKS.

Dr. Armstrong said he hoped the brotherhood would not be abandened. Men, he said, needed just such things. They go to church with their families, hear the sermons that are preached, and go away, but they do not have an opportunity to mingle together and draw vigor from each other. If the politics of the country should be run as religion is run, politics would be a failue. In the caucus there is an interchange of views and every member of the party draws strength and every member of the party draws strength and vigor from the intermingling. The world needs manly religion. Men must understand that religion is for man as well as for woman. That church which comes with an effeminate and immasculated religion will fail. This brotherhood was organized to draw into St. Philip's more manly strength and vigor. The man who intimates, said the doctor, that it was organized by me

cannot sppreciate my honesty. [Applause.] We need not be in any particular hurry to disband. The brotherhood was organized to stir band. The brotherhood was organized to stir up more manly strength and vigor. That was my design when I was in St. Philip's pulpit, and before God that is my design honest and true on behalf of St. Philip's church now, that I do not stand in that pulpit. I am just as much interested in the growing, spirituality and moral force of St. Philip's church now as I was then. [Applause.] This brotherhood seemed to die. The manifestations of its death crieved me to the heart, but my hads were

seemed to die. The manifestations of its death grieved me to the heart, but my hands ware unable to minister to it in its seemingly expiring moments. If my voice should never sound in your ears again, I say to you as male members of St. Philip's parish, do all in your power to keep up this brotherhood. You will have more interest in the services the succeeding Sunday after you have attended the brotherhood meeting. Everything that tends to cement. after you have attended the brotherhood meeting. Everything that tends to cementing St. Philip's parish commends itself to us, and I believe this brotherhood will do more toward the preservation of the unity and integrity of St. Philip's parish than any other power that can be devised.

Dr. Armstrong then suggested that the entertainment committee should arrange an integrity of St. Philip's parish that the entertainment committee should arrange an integrity.

teristiment committee should arrange an in-teresting programme for each meeting.

FOR UNITY IN ST. PHILIP'S.

"I therefore hope," concluded the doctor,
"that if we adjourn to-night to meet next
week that we shall adjourn with the idea not
of setting up our business on that night, but
of entering anew upon a line of life and action that will apply to the helm of St. Philip's
whereh as the is structure with the ware in tion that will apply to the helm of St. Philip's church as she is struggling with the waves a unity of strength, a unity of hearts and a unity of hands of her male members and friends, and by the blessing of God she will ride the waves victoriously, and in the ead she will sweep into the haven where God would have her be."

Dr. Olmstead said he had not thought of disbanding. He was against it. What he wanted was to make arrangements to get a little "spiritual food."

Ex-Governor Bullock said the question was whether or not Dr. Armstrong would be with

whether or not Dr. Armstrong would be with

the brotherhood.

HE WILL BE THERE.

Dr. Armstrong arose and said that as he had said when he was suspended, he would do all in his power to preserve the integrity and unity of St. Philip's parish, he would continue to do everything consistent with his limitations and with the great and reverse that he was a limitation of the continue to the continue that the co

with the respect and reverence that he owed ecclesiastically to his ecclesiastical superiors. "In accordance with this position and these

"In accordance with this position and these feelings," said the doctor, "I shall continue to do all in my power to preserve the unity and integrity and increase the strength of St. Philip's church. [Applause.] The only way in which I see that I can do anything toward the accomplishment of these ends is through this brotherhood. If I can do that—help St. Philip's and show my gratitude—I shall carevery little that some

that I am adopting this line of policy as a sub-terfuge. I shall know that such a saying is not true. Let this brotherhood meet. Whenrot true. Let this brotherhood meet. When-ever I can I shall meet with it. [Applause.] I will in every possible way help it to accom-plish the ends which every member of it has in view. Man has a religious appetite or hun-ger for strong food—for common sense religion and it will be for this brotherhood to widen out that hind of religion and to and it will be for this prothermood to widen out that kind of religion and to help in feeding our fellowmen with the kind of food that they so honestly and earnestly crave. So far as I can, I shall help St. Philip's brotherhood for those ends."

help St. Philip's brotherhood for those ends."

THE BROTHERHOOD PLEASED.

Those who were present appeared pleased at the prospect of hearing Dr. Armstrong from time to time as a member of the brotherhood. The meeting was adjourned until next Wednesday night. It is presumed Dr. Armstrong will participate in the exercises of that occasion. The meeting will be held in St. Philip's chapel.

The Princeton Glee Club. The performance which this famous club,

composed of Princeton college boys, will present at the opera house next Tuesday evening, will be one of theimost novel, as well as one of the most interthe opera house next Tuesday evening, will be one of theimout novel, as well as one of the most interesting ever seen at our opera house. The club is composed of eighteen well known students of Princeton college, and among the number are some extraordinarily good voices. The spring vacation allows the boys a few weeks each year in which the Glee club generally makes a tour of neghboring cities. The trip of this club is a more extended one than has been that of any club for a number of years, and it is said that this ciub is one of the best that the college has ever had. Its membership comprises representatives of some of the very wealthy and influential families of the north. The New York Evening Post says of the performance of the club in New York:

"The concert given by this organization last night drew a very remarkable audience to Chickering Hall, one that was at once brilliant and capable of the most unbounded enthusiasm. One member after another was encored, and not without reason, for the club proved itself well worthy of the applause it received, and bespeaks a far more intelligent training than is suad or often possible among students' choral societies. These young gentlemen from Princeton are certainly to be congratulated upon the excellence of their performance, which was one of the best that has been heard in this city for a number of years."

A STARTLI G STORY Told by Mrs. Sallie Fishback on Marletta

Street.

The story about Dr. Gardner producing an abortion on a Virginia school girl proves to have been all moonshine.

Dr. Gardner was fully exonomical yesterday

by the startling confesson from a woman.
Several days ago, Captain Moon was approached by Dr. Dickson, who informed him that he had been visited by Mrs. Sallie Fiabback who lives on Marietta street, at State street, and that Mre. Fishback had tried to hird him to produce an abortion, and that he had declined. Subsequently Mrs. Fishback called upon Dr. Dickson, and stated that the girl had been taken to Dr. Gardner, and stated that he had

PRODUCED THE DESIRED RESULT, and that the girl was then lying in a critical condition. She further stated that she wanted tion. She nurther stated this saw waters Dr. Dickson to call at Dr. Gardner's and save the girl's life. Dr. Dickson declined to go unless Dr. Gardner would allow him to bring unless Dr. Gardner would allow him to bring another physician with him. Mrs. Fishback then left the doctor to see Dr. Gardner and afterwards returned, saying that Dr. Gardner would not consent to Dr. Dickson having any one with him. After hearing this statement Dr. Dickson, thinking it his daty so to do, reported it to Captain Moon. The captain called upon Mrs. Fishback but she denied having said anything to Dr. Dickson and asserted most positively that

SHE KNEW NOTHING

of the transaction described. Captain Moon.

she knew nothing of the transaction described. Captain Moon, however, placed no reliance on Mrs Fishback's denial, and after acquainting Chief Connolly with the facts, visited Dr. Gardner's residence, with the facts, visited Dr. Gardner's residence, which they searched, and it is a well-known fact that they found nothing, as no such girl was there. The doctor was then arrested.

Captain Moon was not satisfied with the result of the search. He knew Dr. Dickson to be wholly reliable, and when the doctor again assured him that Mrs. Fishback had told him the start he heave making the corresponding to the c the story he began working on the case again. Day before yesterday he again called on Mrs. Fishback and succeeded in inducing her to tell

THE STORY, WHICH WAS THE SAME as she had told Dr. Dickson. Captain Moon then asked Mrs. Fishback if she would visit police headquarters and report the story to Chief Connolly. She consented to do so, and on Thursday night Chief Connolly and the chairman of the board of police commissioners, and Captain Moon met Mcs. Fishback at police headquarters, and to these gentlemen she said:

gentlemen she said:
"I did go to Dr. Dickson and asked him to produce the abortion on Nellie Dupree, of Paducah, Ky., and he declined. I then said Dr. Gardner and he agreed to do it and she was taken there. Then she came very near dying and I went to Dr. Dickson, as he says, but when the police call-ed on Dr. Gardner that night he remved the girl the next morning before they came back."

A STARTLING CONFESSION. A STARTLING CONFESSION.

This was in substance Mrs. Fishback's story, but f when Captain Moon, tried to ascertain from her the disposition of the girl she would not talk. Her silence was of a sulien characteristic for the control of the state of the control of the state of the ter, and Captain Moon remarked: "I think the best think we can do is to lock

Mrs. Fishback up and keep her until Dr. Gardner can be brought down." This remark had a peculiar and powerful affect on Mrs. Fishback. She sprang out of "No, don't do that, don't do that. I have lied. There is not a word of truth in my storry, and I have told it to get even with Dr. Gardner."

WHY SHE DID IT.

The woman was terribly excited, but her remark carried conviction with it, and wondering what the woman meant Chief Connolly saked.

"What do you mean?" "I mean this. Several years ago I was sick, and Dr. Gardner waited on me. My husband did not want him, but I would have him. Dr. Gardner's treatment resulted in a separation between me and my husband, and eventually a divorce. Then I swore I'd get my revenge and I waited. I concocted this entire scheme. I went to Dr. Dickson and told him all he has said. It was all a lie but I felt sure he was an honorable man and would inform the police as he did. I wrote two or three notes which I hoped would fall into the hands of the police and put them on to it. My scheme worked and I felt like I was revenged, but I am sorry for it all now."

WHAT WAS DONE. WHAT WAS DONE.

The woman's audience were completely surprised. There was nothing to be done except to remedy the wrong done Dr. Gardner as far as possible. The chairman of the board ordered this done, and Mrs. Fishback was sent to her home. Yesterday Captain
Moon dismissed the case against Doctor Gardner and going to the doctor's house and made a clean breast of the whole affair. Dr. Gardner was much pleased with the result of the case and said:

the case and said:
"I knew captain that it would result just
this way. Of course I was more or less worried at first but when I calmly considered the
affair I felt no uneasiness for I knew that it
must terminate this way sooner or later."

SKIPPED THE GUTTER.

A Very!Bad Case in Which a Very Bad Man

When Colonel Buck, clerk of the United States court, opened his mail yesterday morning, he found in a letter a check for two thousand dollars.

The letter real The letter read:

CHESHIRE HOUSE, Keene, N. H., April 14, 1886.—
Colonel A. E. Buck, Clerk U. S. Court, Atlanta,
Ga.: Enclosed find check for two thousand dollars, to pay the bond of Mr. A. F. Call. Please send
receipt and oblige,
Alvin F. Call was arrested at Keene, New Alvin F. Call was arrested at Keene, New Hampshire, on the 15th day of February, this year, for sending an obscene letter through the mails. When the letter was written Call was at Dalton, Georgia, putting in position machinery for a cotton mill. He suspected W. O. Hardy, of Winchester, of being too intimate with his wife, and wrote him a letter filled with the vilest language possible for a man to use. When Hardy received the letter he carried it to Inspector Lawson and told him he desired Call's arrest. In a few days after this Call arrived in Winchester on a visit to his wife and was arrested by the inspector. He was taken before Commissioner Rolfe, of Hindale, and bound over in the sum of two thousand dollars for his appearance at the United States court for the northern district of Georgia. On the 8th of the present month a copy of the the 8th of the present month a copy of the letter, together with other evidence, was laid before the grand jury of the United States ecurt and a true bill was found against Call for depositing in the postoffice an obscene letfor depositing in the postoffice an obscene letter. A bench warrant was issed for Call's arrest and sent fothe United States marshal at Lowell, Mass., which was Call's home. It is supposed that Call thought things were getting too billions, and concluded to skip out. The gentleman who sent the check for two thousand dollars was one of his bondsmen. His other bondsmen were Norris G. Guinsey and Charles S. Shepherd, of Lowell, Massachusetts.

The two thousand dollars will be deposited in the registry of the court to await the action of the court. If Call is not on hand when the case is set for trial, the United

when the case is set for trial, the United States will take judgment against the bondsmen and the money will be deposited in the bank to the credit of the United States.

Taylor, Wylie & Bliley. Metropolitan undertakers and funeral directors, embalming and preserving a specialty, No. 26 W. Alabama street. Telephone 719. Jno. F. Barelay is with us. 6m.

To Pensacola and return via Atlanta and West Point railroad, only \$7.10. Everybody should go.

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Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO.,

New York City. Mention this paper. feb3-dly sat tues thu wky un roy b p nol

The Naval Drill at Pensacola

Will be unusually grand for the next week. Only \$7.10 for the round trip.

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Central Railroad of Georgia. TICKETS WILL BE SOLD FROM Atlanta to Brunswick and Return only \$6.0e. Atlanta to Fernandina and Return only

87.00. Atlanta to Jacksonville and Return only Tickets good to return May 1st, 1883.

CHOICE 2 ROUTES. 3 TRAINS DAILY

Leave Union Passenger Depot, Atlanta, 6:00 A. M., 2:45 P. M., and 6:50 A, M. Pullman and Mann Sleeping Cars ATLANTA TO JACKSONVILLE WITHOUT CHANGE.

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General Agent, Passenger Agent,
No. 9 Pryor street, Kimball House.
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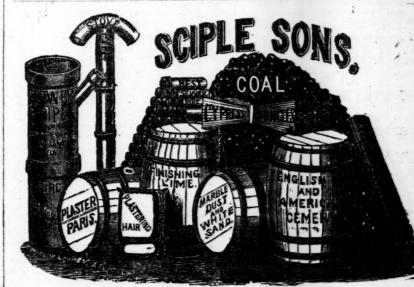
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WM. M. HABIRSHAW, F. C. S.,

Analyst for the Chemical Trade of New York; Chemist of the M. Y. State Agricultural Society: Analytical Chemist to the New York Produce Exchange.

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DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS RECRIVED FROM merchants and others, and interest

iness paper or other good collateral. Letters of credit issued. Collections made. Government bonds and other securities bought and

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Tobacco, Cigars, Boots, Shoes, Leather, Hardware, Hollowware, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges, Crockeryware and Varieties, would most respectfully inform his numerous customers both in town and country, that he has now on hand WHITE AND RED ONION SETS,

GERMAN MILLET, AND

ALL KINDS OF GRASS AND RED CLOVER SEEDS, That he is now offering at greatly reduced prices. All orders promptly filled. Terms cash. April 8, 1886.

BRYN MAWR COLLEGE,

A COLLEGE FOR WOMEN. BRYN MAWR, PA. Offers courses for graduate and undergraduate students in Sanskrit, Greek, Latin, Mathematics, English, French, Old French, Italian, Spanish, German, including Gothic and Old German—History, Folitical Science, Chemistry, Biology and Botany, Instruction given in Philosophy and Physics. Well equipped Laboratories, Gymnasium, with Dr. Sargenf's apparatus. Applications for the fellowships given next year in Greek, English, Mathematics, History, Biology, should be made at an early date. For Program, address as above.

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Bonds, Stocks and Money. CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

Money easy.

New York exchange buying at par; seiling at premium.

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Bid. Asked.

Bid. Asked.

Ga. R. 6, 1910.110

Ga. R. 6, 1920.111

M. 6 A. Ind. 1900

W. of Ala 1st. 109

do. 2d. 109

All'ta 8, 1892.114

All'ta 8, 1892.114

All'ta 6, L. D. 110

All'ta 6, L. D. 101

All'ta 6, STATE AND CITY BONDS.

New Gra., 4%
80 year. 167
90, 6a. 5s. 104
9ca. 7s. 1886. 101
9ca. 7s. 1886. 101
9ca. 7s. 1886. 102
9ca. 7s. 1886. 103
9ca. 7s. 1886. 103
9ca. 7s. 1889. 117
9ca. 112
9ca. 1 Atlanta Nat'l.200
Merch'ts B'k.103
B'k State Ga..120
Gate City Nat..100
RAILEOAD BONDS.
Ga. R. 6s, 1897.109
111

NEW YORK STOCKS. Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange. NEW YORK, April 16.-The stock market con tinues dull with prices drooping. At the opening there was a decline of \( \frac{1}{2} \) to \( \frac{1}{2} \) per cent, and further declines during the day of \( \frac{1}{2} \) to \( \frac{1}{2} \) per cent were established, but extreme iluctuations were generally within a range of 1 per cent, and in many cases even less. On a slight rally during the fore noon the highest prices were reached, and the lowest quotations were made generally in the last hour, from which there was a small reaction, and again a downward tendency at the close, the market closing, however, about steady. Jersey Central closed 7½ per cent lower. It is understood that the chancellor of New Jersey has ordered an immediate sale of Reading securities held by the Jersey Central, and at today's meeting of the board of directors of Jersey Central, President Little was ordered to sell the bonds at once. Northwest closed at 106½ on reports that the company was to issue twenty million additional bonds for the purpose of extending its lines. Richmond and West Point lost 13½ per cent. Sales 392,000 shares.

Exchange 165½. Money 265½. Sub-treasury balances: Coin, 5125,318,000; currency \$10,676,000. Governments firm; 4s 126½; 3s 100% bid. State bonds quiet. again a downward tendency at the close, the mar-

erments firm; 4s 126)4; 8s100% bid. State bonds quilet.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5 101
do. Class B 5s. 106
Ga. 6s. 9100%
Ga. 7s mortgage 1002
N. C. 6s 118
do. 4s. 9934
do. 4s. 9934
Tennessee 6s. 57
Virginia 6s. 44
Virginia consols. 55
Chessp ke & Ohio. 10
do. preferred. 1834
do. preferred. 1834
do. preferred. 1834
do. preferred. 1835
Chessp ke & Ohio. 10
Ga. Faul. 25
Erie. 253
East Tenn. 2
Union Pacific. 104
Lake Shore. 26%
Lake N. 384
Memphis & Char. 32
Mobile & Ohio. 111
\*Bid. 1Ex-dividend.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, New York-Cotton unchanged. Spots, middling

22,798 bales for the corresponding week last year exports for the week 81,621 bales, against 33,852 for the corresponding week last year; stock 756,693 bales, against 610,060 bales for the same time last

9.41@ 9.42 9.50@..... September 9.35@ 9.37@ 9.38

October 9.19@ 9.21 9.21@ 9.22

November 9.19@ 9.21 9.19@ 9.20

Closed dull; sales 27,500|bales.

Local—Cotton steady at the following quotations:
Good middling 9½c; middling 8½c; strict low middling 9½c; low middling 8½c; strict low middling 8½c; store good ordinary 78c; good ordinary 7½c; middling 8½c; strict spod ordinary 7½c; middling 8½c; strict spod ordinary 7½c; middling 8½c; strict spod ordinary 7½c; middling stains 8c; tinges 8½c.

shipments for to-day:

...157,599 137,669 20,363 ...169,050 ... 11,461 NEW YORK, April 16- The following is the

Net receipts at all United States ports...
Same time last year...
Showing an increase
Total receipts.
Same time last year...
Showing an increase... 
 Same time last year
 4,594,443

 Showing an increase
 345,232

 Exports for the week
 81,621

 Same time last year
 33,852

 Showing an increase
 47,769

 Total exports to date
 3,493,438

 Same time last year
 3,400,561

 Showing a decrease
 21,123

 Stock at all United States ports
 756,9-3

 Same time last year
 010,966

 Bhowing an increase
 145,997

 Bane time last year
 59,710

 Same time last year
 59,710

 Showing an increase
 75,894

NEW YORK, April 16—The following are the, total net receipts of cotton at all United States ports since September I, 1885:

Newport News Philadelphia... Brunswick. Port Royal. Pensacola...

NEW YORK, April 16—C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: A very dull market has prevailed with business confined principally to room trading and no quetable change made in prices. A large plantation movement creates caution on the bull side without increasing any positive action among the bears, and, all things con sidered, the position was fairly steady. A few orders cam upon the market, but quite a number of considerable magnitude are known to be awaiting anougher. onother comparatively small shading on the coast.

By Telegraph.

Liverpool, April 16—12:16 p. m.—Cotton in fair inquiry; middling uplands 5½: smiddling Orleans 52-16; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 2,000; all American; uplandslow middling clause May and June delivery 5 1-64, 5; June and July delivery 5 4-64, 5 3-61; July and August delivery 5 6-64, 5-654; August and September delivery 5 5-64; October and November delivery 5 2-64; futures opened quiet.

and November 5 1-64, sellors; futures casy.

LIVERPOOL, April 16—4:30 p. m.—Oplands low middling clause April delivery 5 '-64, sellers; April and May delivery 5 1-64, sellers; May and June delivery 51-64, sellers; May and June delivery 51-64, sellers; May and June delivery 51-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5 7-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5 7-64, sellers; September and November delivery 5 1-64, value; futures closed quiet and steady.

and steady.

NEW YORK, Aprill6—Cotion easy; sales 116 bales; middling uplands 34; middling obleans 3 7-15; net receipts 94; gross 2,125; consolidated net receipts 10 day 10.577; exports 10 Great Britain 9,447; to France 1,822; to continent 1,856.

Weekly—Net receipts 1 296; gross 16, 129; exports 16 Great Britain 9,495; to France 1,254; to continent 4,552 sales 2,651; stock 303,281.

Great Britain 4, 368; to France 1, 224; to continent 4, 9.2 sales 2,661; stock 303,281.

GALVESTON, April 18—Cotton quiet; middling 9, net receipts 968 bales; gross 968; sales 2, stock 40,513.

Weekly—Net receipts 7,741; gross 7,41; sales 3,551; exports coastwine 7,686.

NORFOLK, April 16—Cotton easy; middling 9, net receipts 1,114 bales; gross 9,625; gross 9,625; sales 4, 212; exports to Great Britain 5,781; coastwise 2,599.

BALTIMORE, April 16—Cotton steady; middling 93-16; net receipts 261 bales gross 261; sales 1,800; stock 29,400; sales to spinners—
Weekly—Net receipts 1,976; gross 5,917; sales 3,250; to spinners 400; exports to Great Britain 4,999; to continent 1,886; coastwise 1,259.

BOSTOM, April 16—Cotton offilet; middling 94: net

continent 1,586; coastwise 1,259.

BOSTOM, April 16—Cotton quiet; middling 9%; net receipts 448 bales; gross 806; sales none; stock 6,310.

Weekly—Net receipts 3,001; gross 10,861; sales none; experts to Great Britain 1,370.

WILMINGTON. April 16—Cotton firm; middling 5%; net receipts 222 bales; gross 222; sales none; stock 4,359.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,027; gross 1,027; sales none; exports coastwise 220. PHILADELPHIA, April 16—Cotton dull; middling 7-16; net receipts none bales; gross 2.393; stock Weekly-Net receipts 276; gross 2,851; sales none

exports none.

SAVANNAH, April 16—Cotton quiet: middling 8½;
net receipts 945 bales; gross 945; sales 750; stock 31,988.
Weekly—Net receipts 9,179; gross 9,181; sales 2,100;
exports coastwise 5,672.

Weekly—Net receipts 9,179; gross 9,181; sales 2,100; exports coastwise 5,672.

NEW ORLEANS, April 16—Cotton quiett middling 8 13-16; net receipts 1,550 bales; gross 1,650; sales 2,000; stock 219,007.

Weekly—Net receipts 11.275; gross 12.755; sales 25,960; exports to Great Britain 25,635; to France 14,216; to continent 1,230; coastwise 9,192.

MOBILE, April 16—Cotton quiet; middling 8 13-16; net receipts 9 bales; gross 9; sales 500; stock 30,760.

Weekly—Net receipts 841; gross 890; sales 1,950; exports to Great Britain 4,087; coastwise 1,017.

MEMPHIS, April 16—Cotton distribution 10,831; sales 11750; to spinners —

AUGUSTA, April 16—Cotton quiet; middling 8½; net receipts 326 bales; shipments 3,541; sales 31750; to spinners none.

AUGUSTA, April 16—Cotton quiet; middling 8½; net receipts 74 bales; shipments —, sales \$13; stock 25,605.

Weekly—Net receipts 354; shipments 2, 18; sales 3,788; to spinners none. CHARLESTON, April 16—Cotton quiet; middling; inet receipts 448 bales; gross 447; sales 500; stock

CHARLESTON, April 16—Cotton qufet; middling 9; Inct receipts 448 bales; gross 447, sales 500; stock 83,224.
Weekly—Net receipts 6,035; gross 6,035; salos 8,000; exports to continent 6,036; coastwise 2,156.
MONTGOMERY, April 18—Cotton firm; middling 8%; net receipts of the week 835 bales; shipments bio; stock of 1885, 3,415; 1886, 6,217; sales 640. MACON, April 16—Cotton steady; middling 8%, net receipts of the week 86 bales; sales 325; stock of 1885, 1,296; 1886, 2,359; shipments 335. 1885, 1,26; 1886, 2,359; shipments 3°3.

COLUMBUS, April 16—Cotton quiet: middling 8'4; net receipts of the week 4497 bales; shipments 3,302; sales 1,767; to spinners —; stock 5,665.

NASHYILLE, April 16—Cotton steady; middling 8%; net receipts of the week 125 bales; shipments 10; sales 519; to spinners 274; stock of 1885, 2,595; 1895, 1,475.

SELMA, April 16—Cotton dull; middling 8%; net receipts of the week 68 bales; shipments 302; stock 8,717.

THE CHICAGO MARKET. Features of the Speculative Movement in

Special to The Constitution. CHICAGO, April 16—A firmer feeling prevailed in the grain market with higher prices for wheat, which were moderately well maintained to the close, Cables were firmer, while export clearings from the seaboard aggregate 195,000 bushels. The marketlopened a shade lower, May starting at 78%c, but under a good buying demand advanced quite steadily to 78½c and closed on the regular, board at 78c, with no change in the afternoon. Shorts covout the entire session. Corn and oats both ruled stronger in sympathy with wheat, and closed a shade higher. Provisions ruled firmer and closed 121/6015c higher for mess pork,

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC,

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, April 16, 1896, The following quotations indicate the flucton the Chicago board of trace today:

WHEAT.
Opening. Highest. Lowest. Closing. 76% 76% 76% PORK. 9 22½ 9 17½ 9 22½ CLRAB BIB SIDES. 5 20 5 22½ 5 20 5 22½ April ..... 9 171/2

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, April 16—Flour—Best patent, \$6.23 @ \$6.50; extra fancy \$5.60@\$5.75; fancy \$5.25@5.59; extra family \$4.90@\$6.00; choice family \$4.25@\$6.50; extra \$3.75@\$4.00. Wheat—No. 2 red \$1.04@\$1.06; No. 3 do \$1.00. Bran—Large sacks\$1.00; small \$1.02. Corn meal—Plain 56c; bolted 56; pea meal\$1.10. Grits—\$3.25. Corn—No. 2 whiteTennessee 55c; No. 2 white mixed 55c; No. 2 mixed 54c. Oats—Red rust proof 47c; No. 2 mixed 45. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, \$1.00; small bales \$1.00; No. 1, large bales, 95c; small bales 95c; clover 90c; wheat straw baled 75c. Peas—Stock \$1.10. BAJTMORE, April 16—Flour quiet and steady; 90c; wheat straw bailed 75c. Peas—Stock \$1.0: BAJTIMORE, April §16—Flour quiet and steady; Howard street and western superfine \$2.55@\$3.10; extra \$3.25@.40; family \$4.25@.50.0; city mills superfine \$2.75@\$3.25; extra \$3.50@\$4.15; Riciotands \$1.62 @\$4.85. Wheat, southern lower and quiet; western firmer; southern sed 93@\$5; amber 95@\$7; No. 1 Maryland—; No. 2 western winter/red spot 90½ bid Corn, southern steady with good inquiry; western firmer; southern white 45@47; yellow 45@47.
NKW YORK April [16—Flour southern purchanged; NEW YORK, April 16—Flour, southern unchanged; common to fair extra \$3.256\$3.70; good to choice \$3.906\$5.45. Wheat a shade higher; ungraded red \$1; No. 2 red \$17,694 15-16 in store; May \$117,699\$1, Com. spot advanced about \$4.0; ungraded \$2.444\$2, No. 2 45%4645 in clevator. Oats, spot \$4.96\$2 lower; No. 2 \$65. Hops unchanged; common to choice \$7.615.

7@15.
CHICAGO, April 16—Flour firm; southern winter \$1.40@\$4.75. Wheat stronger; No. 2 April 76\@76\%; May 76\@78\%; June 78\@80\%. Corn \@96\%; daigher; cash 86\@26\%; April 86\@36\%; May 85\@37\%. Oats quiet but firm; No. 2 cash and April 28\%; May 28\@28\@28\%.

22%@23%.

ST. LOUIS, April 16—Flour unchanged; famfly \$3.25@25.35; choice \$3.80@83.90; patent \$5.10@5.40. Wheat active and strong: No. 2 red eash \$7%; May \$834@87%; June \$734@87%. Corn fairly active and firm; No. 2 mixed cash 33%; May \$35%@33%. Oats almost neglected; No. 2 mixed cash 23%@30%. almost neglected; No. 2 mixed cash 23 (@30) (. CINCINNATI, April 16—Flour unchanged; family \$3.85@\$4.10; fancy \$4.40@\$4.60. Wheat steady No. 2 red \$\$@\$0. Corn in good demand; No. 2 mixed 37. Oats active; No. 2 mixed 32. LOUISVILLE, April 16—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 red 82. Corn, No. 2 mixed 36%; do. white 37%, Oats, new No. 2 mixed 32.

2 red 82. Corn. No. 2 mixed 86%; do. white 37%. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 82.

ATLANTA, April 16—Coffee— Fancy Rio 116, 11½; choice 9½610½; prime 9½610: fair 969½; ordinary 8½690c. Sugar—Cut load, bbls, and halves 7½c; powdered, bbls, and halves, 7½c; standard granulated 5½c; standard A 6½c; off A 6½; white extra. 15½c; yellow C 5½c. Syrups—New Orleans fancy kettle 45c; choice cettle 45c; prime kettle 306, 35c; choice cettle 45c; prime kettle 306, 35c; choice centringal 36c; prime kettle 306, 35c; choice centringal 36c; prime 2½600, Nutmegs 75c. Cloves 25c. Alispice 10c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 14c. Mace 30c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 7½c; pearl oyster 5½c; X sods 4½c; XXX do. 5c. Candy—Assorted stick 2c. Mackerel—No. 1 bbls, 86.50; No. 3 bbls 85.50; ½ bbls, 83.50; kits 50; pails 56. Soap 82.00@\$5.00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 12½. Matches—Round wood. \$\frac{1}{2}\$c; gross \$\frac{1}{2}\$; \$\frac{1}{2}\$00, \$\frac{1}{2}\$.50; \$\frac{1}{2}\$00, \$\frac{1}{2}\$.50; \$\frac{1}{2}\$00, \$\frac{1}{2}\$00, \$\frac{1}{2}\$00; \$\frac{1}{2}\$00, \$\frac{1}{2}\$00, \$\frac{1}{2}\$00, \$\frac{1}{2}\$00; \$\frac{1}{2}\$00, \$\frac{1}{2}\$00; \$\frac{1}{2}\$00, \$\frac{1}{2}\$00; \$\frac{1}

CINCINNATI, April 16—Sugar firm; hards refined 7@7%: New Orleans 5@5%. CHICAGO, April 16—Sugar unchanged standard A

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, April 116 — Provisions quiet. Pork \$9.66.89 65. Lard 5.756.58. Bulk meats, loose lots, long clear 5.35; short ribs 5.45; short clear 5.60; boxed lots, long clear 5.30@5.35; short rib 5.40; short

con, clear rib 5.35, Mess 5.12 shoulders 5.00; mesta, clear the 5.30; clear tides 5.30; thoulders 5.00; thoulders 5.00; thoulders 5.00; thoulders 5.00; thoulders 5.00; the first series of 5.00; thoulders 5. Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, April 16—Turpentine firm at resin firm; strained 75; good strained 80; tar firm \$1.00; jerude turpentine firm; hards \$1.00; yell dip and virgin \$2.00. SAVANNAH, April 16—Turpentine firm at 39%; sales — barrels; noin quiet, strained and good strained \$1.15@\$1.25; sales — barrels.

OHARLESTON, April 16—Turpentine nominal; posin, strained \$2. good strained \$3.00.

NEW YORK, April 16—Rosin firm at \$1.07% \$1.12%; turpentine dull at 45.

Fruits and Confectioneries 

Hardware.

ATLANTA, April 16— Market steady. Horse shoes \$4.00; mule-shoes \$5.00; horse-shoe nails 12½ @20c. Iron-bound hames \$5.50. Trace-chains 30@70c. Ames' shovels \$9.50. Spades \$15.00. Well buckets \$5.75. Cotton rope 15c. Swede iron 5c rolled (or merchant bar) 2½ rate. Cast-steel 15c Nails \$2.75. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, \$ h 6c; painted 5c. Powder, rifle, \$5.00; blasting \$2.75. Bar-lead 7c; shot \$1.50.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, April 16—Eggs —100. Butter—Jersey 25c; Tennessee 18-32c; Foothry—Hens 25-92c; chickens 18-92c; cocks 15c; ducks 25-92c. Irish potatoes—\$5-95-95-\$5-

Live Stock ATLANTA, April 16—There are enough mules and horses on the market to supply the demands. Mules—14 to 14% hands \$90@\$119; 14% to 15 hands \$10@\$185. Horses—plug \$85\$99; ciriye \$122@\$175. € CINCINNATI, April 16—Hogs quiet; common and light \$8.40@\$4.20; packing and butchers \$4.00@\$4.40.

ATLANTA, April 16—Leather—Steady; G. D. 22@25c; P. D. 21@23; best 25@28c; whiteoak sole 36@40c; harness leather 30@38c; black upper 35@40c.

AT CAPITAL PRIZE, 875,000. ES

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY CO "We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the monthly and quarterly drawings of the Louisians State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

COM MISSION ERR.

We the undersigned banks and bankers will pay all prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters. J. H. Ooliksby, Pres't Louisiana Nat'l Bank, J. W. Kilberth, Pres't State Nati nal Bank, A. Ballowin, Pres't New Orleam Nat'l Bk.

A. BALDWIN, Prest New Orleans Nat'l Bk.

Incorporated in 1888 for 25 years by the legislature for educational and charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$650,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and indorsed by the people of any state.

INEVER SCALES OF POSITIONES.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings Take place monthly, and the Extraordinary Drawings regularly every three months instead of semi-Annually as heretofore, beginning March, 1886.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A POR-

March, 1886,

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. FIFTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS E,
IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC. NEW ORLEANS,
Tuesday, May II, 1886—192d Monthly
Drawing. CAPITAL PRIZE, 875,000.

100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each, Fractions, in Fifths, in Proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE.

25,000 25,000 10,000 12,006 18,000 10,000 20,000 80,000 25,000 1 CAPITAL PRIZE 1 do do do . 2 PRIZES OF \$6000 APPROXIMATION PRIZES. 9 Approximation Prizes of \$750.
9 do do 500.
9 do do 250.

to clubs should be made Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans. For further information write clearly, giving full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (all sums of \$5 and upwards at our expense) addressed

M. A. DAUPHIN.

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La. Cr M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.

Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to
NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
ssiwed wky or m
New Orleans, La.

**Electric Belt Free** To introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electre Galvanic Suspensory Belts, Price St. seesilve and unfailing core for Revenue Declary, and the seesilve and unfailing core for Revenue Declary and a seesilve and unfailing core for Revenue Declary and paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate agenuine selectricourrent. Address stonce ELECTRIC BELT AGENOY, P. O. Box 178, Brooklyn, N. Y. Name this paper.

HOLMES' SURE CURE MOUTH WASH AND DENTIFRICE.

Cures bleedinggums, ulcers, sore mouth, sore throat Cleanses the Teeth and Purifies the Breath; used and recommended by leading Deutists. Prepared by Drs J. P. & W. R. HOLMES, Deutists, Macon, Ga. For sale by all druggists and deutists. PILES, Instant relief. Final cure in 10 days salve, no suppository. Sufferers will learn of a simple remedy free, by addressing C, J. MASON, 78 Nassau st. N. Y.

CEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Unffice, April 2d, 1886.—John P. Wofford and Loyd Coursey, administrators of Charles P. Coursey, has applied for leave to sell part of the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in May next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

April 3,10,17,24 May 1

'Fence or No Fence.' GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, April 12th 1886.—Notice is hereby given that a petition signed by as many as fifty freeholders, of said county has been filed in this office, praying for the benefits, in said county, ofsections 1449, 1450 1451 1452 1453 and 1454 the code of Georgia of 1882, known as the Stock Law.

d20t W. H. CALHOUN, Ordinary. Hunnicutt & Bellingrath,

36 & 38 PEACHTREE

And Corner of Walton and Broad Streets, ATLANTA, GA. KEEP THE LARGEST STOCK

Of House furnishing goods, stoves, hollow ware, mantles, gas fixtures, baby carriages, and pumps and piping in the south. The

Plumbing Department

Is as complete as it can-be made. None but first class workmen employed and nothing but first class material used.

They Guarantee Satisfaction In work and material, and in prices.

Call and Examine the stock before making a purchase. Send for prices on any article in

CRIMPED & CORRUGATED END FOR CIRCULAR & PRICES - CINCINNATI. O

EAFNESS'tts CAUSES and CURES by one who, was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most the noted specialists of the day with no b-meft. Cured himself in three months, and since then hundreds of others by same process. A plain, simple and successful home treatment. Address T. 8. PACE, 128 East Seth street, Vork City.

Mention this paper. mar2-d3m tue thu sat wky

MANHOOD, YOUTHFUL IM-prudence, Nervous Debility cured by Botanic Nerve Bitters, 50c. Herb Med. Co., Phila., Pa., drug store, and cor. Pryor & Decatur sts , Atlanta.

CHECKS in 6 hours, cures in 3 days.

Drug Stores, 15 N. 11, Phila, Pa., and corner Pryor and Decatur sts., Atlanta. feb 7-ly tues thu sat sun AND MEN

AN UNUSAL OPPORTUNITY STANDARD ELECTRIC CLOCK

Accurate, reliable, perfection; adopted by the PENNSYLVANIA R. R. system, MACKEY BENNETT CABLE CO., NEW YORK CABLE R. R. and others. An assured success wherever introduced, yielding large profits on a small outlay. Call on or write to Standard Electric Clock Co., 252 B'way, N. Y.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Of office, April 2d, 1886.—In reapplication of Sarah Brown, widow of Guy Brown, for year's support. The appraisers in the above matter having returned to the undersigned a schedule of the property set apart by them, all "persons concerned are tequired to show cause, if any they can, before me at the next May term of the court of ordinary of said county, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, April 3.10.17.24 May 1 granted. W. I April 3,10.17,24 May 1

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. ORDINARY'S Office, March 5, 1886.—Thomas H. Kennedy, administrator of Clifton R. Pennick, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in June next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration, w. L. CALHOUN, mar6law2mo

PLANT YOUR GARDEN.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PLANT ALL HARDY vegetables, peas, cabbage, turnips, radish, salads, onions, lettuce, etc. Immense stock Landreth's Seed, just received, by Mark W. Johnson & Co., 27 Marietta street.

"NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

TARRANT'S EXTRACT

OF—

CUBEBS and COPAIBA

Is an old, tried remedy for gonornhea, gleet and all diseases of the urinary organs. Its neat, portable form, free dom from taste and speed; action (it frequently curei in three or four days and always in less time than any other preparation) make "Tarrant's Extract" the most desirable remedy ever manufactured.

To prevent fraud see that each package has a red

manufactured.

To prevent fraud see that each package has a restrip across the face of label, with the signature of TARRANT & CO., N. Y., upon it.

PRICE \$1.00.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TO EUROPE!

Cook's Excursion Parties leave in April, May, June and July. Send for Programmes.
Individual Tourist Tickets for travellin Europe and all parts of the globe. Passage Tickets by all lines of steamers.
Cook's Excursionist, with maps, published monthly, by mail for Ten Cents.
THOS. COOK & SON, 261 Broadway, New York.

THIS IS THEONLY LINE RUNNING SLEEPING
Cars from Cincinnati to Bostom, and the only
line running through cars into the city of New York
without any transfer whatever, avoiding the disa
greeable winter ferriage of the Hudson river
No extra charge on the limited express, four fast
express trains a day to Cleveland, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany and all points in Mew York,
New England and Canada; tak your ticket agent
for map and folder, or address

J. REEVES,

ORIGINAL OPIUM CURE NO CURE! NO PAY!

MEAN WHAT I SAY, IN FOURTEEN DAYS
my patients are all well. My remedy is infallible and known only by myself. Address
A. P. BROWN, M. D.,
Smyrna, Cobb county, Ga.
Name this paper.

DRUNKENNESS

or the Liquer Habit, Positively
Cured by Administering Dr.

Haines' Golden Specific. 4"

The can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never falls. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.

FOR SALE BY MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER, DRUGGISTS, Cor. Pryor and Decatur Ste., Atlanta, Ga.: Call or write for pamphlet containing hundreds of testimonials from the best women and men from all parse of the country. GUARDIAN'S SALE

THE

EVENTS F

MUSENENTS OFERA HOT NIGHT.

Pencil Parag

MEMORIAL

FUNERAL services of Ju yesterday more er was assisted

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GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE an order of the Court of Ordinary of Police county, granted at the January term, 1884, or county, will be sold before the courthonse door sid county, on the first Tuesday in May ne within the legal hours of sale, the following pretty, to-wit: The four-fifths undivided part of a

west side of Whitehall street and on the south side of McDaniel street, the same being the property of Ector B., Katie May and Thomas H. Latham, minors, of whom Thomas W. Latham is guardian, and of Nila D. Law, formerly Nila D. Latham, of whom A. M. Law is guardian, Mrs. Saphronia A. S. Latham also joining in the sale. Sold for the purpose of distribution and the support and education of said minors and reinvestment. Terms cash.

T. W. LATHAM, Guardian, A. M. LAW, Guardian, A. M. LAW, Guardian, SAPHRONIA A. S. LATHAM, ECTOR B. LATHAM.

apr 310 173 may 1

OTATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY,

Adella Scamans vs. O. Pearce Scamans. Livel
for Divorce. Superior Spring Term, 1886. It appearing to the court by the returns of the sherift in
above stated case that the defendant does not reside in this county, and it further appearing that
he does not reside in this state, it is therefore, ordered by the court, that service be perfected on
the defendant by the publication of this order
twice a month for two months, before the next
term of the court in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION,
a newspaper published in said county.

WEEL & BRANT,
April 3, 1886.

April 3, 1886.

April 3, 1886.

MARSHALL J. CLARKE, J. S. C. A. C.

A true extracts of the minutes of the Fulton Superior Court, this April 6, 1886.

apr 7-wed.sat 2m C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARYS office, April 2d, 1886.—Albert Howell and A. P.

Woodward have applied for letters of administration do bouls non cum testamento annex on the estate of Clark Howell, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in May next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

April 8,10,17,24 May 1 April 8,10,17,24 May 1

TEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, April 2d, 1886.—William M. Camp has applied for letters of administration on the estate of George W. Camp, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in May next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, April 3,10,17,24 May 1

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S U office, April 2d, 1886.—William H. Clayton has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Johnson Carns, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in May next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

April 3,10,17,24 May 1

Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARYS J office, April 2d, 1886—Henry M. Jackson, guardian of Ida May and Mamie Waldron Jackson, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minors. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in May next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

April 3-10-17-24 May 1.

Ordinary.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S To office, April 2d, 1886.—E. L. Connally, executor of the Will of Thomas W. Connally, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said/deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in May next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

April 3,10,17,24 May 1.

(\*BORGIA FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S Office, January 29th, 1886.—William Mims, administrator of Hattie Mims, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his and trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the dust monday in May next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration.

W. L. CALHOUN, jan 30 18w3m

jan30 law3m W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.
CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Orofice, April 2d. 1885.—Robert T. Smillie, administrator of Harriet F. Smillie, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in July next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration. law8mos W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary,

RWSMOS

W. L. CALHOUR, MARY'S

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

H office, April 2d, 1886.—John R. Owings, guardian of Petronia B. Owings, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause it any they can, on or before the first Monday in May next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said guardianship.

W. L. CALHOUN,

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, April 2d, 1886.—Ann Rogan has applied
for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Katie E. and Minnie Burke, minors under
the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to
notify all concerned to file their objections, if any
they have, on or before the first Monday in May
next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN,
April 3,10,17,24 May 1

Ordinary.

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

DY AN ORDER OF THE COURT OF ORDINARY Or Fulton County, will be sold on the premises hereinafter named, on the first Tuesday in May, between the legal hours of sale, the real estate of William B. Smith, late of said county, deceased, the followidg described property, to-wit:

One lot in the city of Atlanta, No. 67, fronting 60 feet on east side of Stonewall street, running back 200 feet to Porter street, thence along Porter street 60 feet, thence back 200 feet to Stonewall street, with a 5-room house. Also, one lot on west side, No. 60, fronting on Stonewall 63 feet, running back along Salter's line 122 feet, thence down Salter's line 23 feet to alley, thence along the alley 143 feet to Stonewall street, with a good 4-room house. Also, one lot on west side, No. 56, fronting 50 feet on Stonewall and running back along alley 139 feet to alley, thence along alley 50 feet, thence back 129 feet to Stonewall street, with a 4-room house.

Also one lot, No. 71, fronting 33 feet on west side of Chappel and running back along Stonewall street 71 feet, thence down line 33 feet on west side of Chappel and running back along Stonewall street, No. 73, running back down store house; also one lot fronting 50 feet on Chapel street, with a wooden store house; also one lot No. 79, fronting on Chapel street of Chappel street, with a four room house. Also one lot fronting 60 feet, thence back 97 feet to alley, thence along alley 97 feet to Chappel street, with a four room house.

One lot fronting on Chappel street of feet, running back 35 feet; thence down fine 75 feet to alley, thence along alley 97 feet to Chappel street, with a four room house.

One lot fronting on Chappel street of feet, thence along line 70 feet, thence along line 70 feet, thence along line 70 feet, thence line 75 feet to Chappel street, with a four room house.

One lot fronting on Chappel street 77 feet, thence along line 10 feet, thence up line 24 feet, thence lif feet to Chappel street, with a wood on the line 75 feet to Chap

One lot, No. 141, fronting on east side of Fair street sixty-four feet, and running back along Stewart's line eighty-two feet to Flynn's line, thence along Flynn's line sixty-four feet, with three-room house.

One lot, fronting forty six feet on same side of Fair street, No. 145, running along line eighty-two feet to Flynn's line, thence along Flynn's line forty-six feet to Harris's, thence along Harris's line eighty-two feet to Fair street, with three-room house.

eighty-two feet to Fair street, with three-room house.

One lot, fronting forty-seven feet on Fair, No. 149, running back along Chapel street eighty-two feet to Fiynn's thence along Flynn's line forty-three feet to Harris, thence along Harris's line eighty iwo feet to Fair, with three-room house.

All of said property being in the first ward in the said city, and part of land lot No. 84, in the 14th district originally Henry, now Fulton county, and said state of Georgia.

Terms of said sale—One-fhird cash and the remainder in two equal payments of six and twelve months, with eight per cent interest from date.

Executors of W. B. Smith, deceased.

Atlanta, Ga., April 3, 1886.

### CONSTITUTION EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, APRIL 17.

OPERA HOUSE-DANIEL E. BANDMAN TO-NIGHT.

LE.

LATHAM.

COUNTY ans. Libel 1886. It appears the sering that erefere, or erefected on this order re the next assistance, and the sering the sering that the sering that are the

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DINARY premises in May, estate of

stonewall hence back oden store in Chapel house line back 97 house; also t 61 feet, ne 56 feet, of Chappel

#### THROUGH THE CITY.

Pencil Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by the Constitution Reporters.

ELEVEN OUT OF TWELVE.—Solicitor Chas. D. Hill has convicted eleven out of twelve criminal cases in the superior court.

MEMORIAL DAY.—The ladies of the memorial association will meet at the Markham house Monday afternoon at four o'clock.

FUNERAL OF JUDGE RHEA.—The funeral services of Judge Rhea was largely attended yesterday morning at ten o'clock. Dr. Stricker was assisted by Dr. McDonald and Dr. J. L.

To BE TRIED FOR MURDER.—The case of the state vs. Scott Sowers, charged with mur-der, will be taken up in the superior court Monday. Sowers killed the adopted son of Ab Swett in a barroom on Marietta street about

THE MOONSHINERS.—Deputy Marshal Kellogg arrested Marion Blackwell, of Pickens county, for illieit distilling, and brought him to Atlanta yesterday. Deputy Marshal Campbell arrested William Bradford, of Pickens county for the same offense.

A Calico Hor.—The Young Ladies' Aid society of the German Lutheran church are just reflecting arrangements for a grand calico hep on the 26th instant. The hop will take place in Centennial hall and promises to be a most enjoyable occasion.

On TRIAL AGAIN.—Yesterday morning in the superior court the case of Miss Mary E. Tatum vs. the Gate City gas light company was taken up for the second time. The evi-dence so far is the same as brought out before the case was stopped by the death of the father of one of the jurymen.

IN THE CITY COURT.—Yesterday in this court Dr. J. S. Wilson sued Eliza Floyd, colored, for \$250. The doctor claimed \$40 as commission and \$20 as advertising fees. The jury gave him \$250, with eight per cent interest, and \$28 for attorney's fees, but struck out the commission as usurous.

OFF FOR ALBANY.—This afternoon Chief Deputy O. E. Mitchell and Deputy Marshal Newt McDonald, leave for Albany, New York, with W. A. Hall, who was convicted the United States court a few days ago, of rebbing the mails at Stamp creek, Georgia. His sentence is for two years.

THE NEW PARK. - The Metropolitan street cars on the L. P. Grant park time came into the city yesterday covered with wild flowers. The sight of the flowers created a general longing for fresh air and in the afternoon about three bundred ladies and children visited the park and all came back well pleased.

BACK FROM SAVANNAH.—Dr. Hutchison, Dr. Rankin, Dr. Russ and Dr. Behne, who went to Savannah to attend the annual session of the Georgia Pharmaceutical association, returned to the city pesterday morning. They were highly pleased with their trip and are loud in their praises of the hospitality of the forrest city people. forrest city people.

TOOK IT ALL .- In the case of Ella Julian vs. H. H. Tucker, administrator of the estate of Frank Quarles, deceased, which has been on trial in the city court, the jury returned a verdict giving to the complainant all the money in the hands of the admiristrator, which was one hundred and seventy dollars, the plaintiffs to pay all costs in the case.

THE COMMITTEES MEET.-The committees of the general council met in regular session last night in the committee room at the city hall and passed upon the petitions which were referred at the last meeting of the general council. The reports were made up during the meeting, and will be submitted to the general council at its meeting next Monday after-

THE WORKING WORLD.—The Working World is out of trouble, out of litigation and out of the hands of receiver. The differences between Mr. Woodward and Mr. Florence, the two gentlemen who are conducting the paper, have been amicably settled, and the receiver has been discharged. The paper will be conducted hereafter by Messrs. Woodward and Florence.

SCOTT THORNTON'S SUPPORT.— Miss Let tie Allen, who was Thomas W. Keene's leading tie Allen, who was Thomas W. Keene's leading lady for four years, has been engaged as Scott Thornton's principal support in his appearance at DeGive's. Mr. Thornton has decided to appear in the following selections: The fourth act of Richelieu, the second act of Fool's Revenge and the first fourth and last acts of Richard III, The date has not been decided on yet. Mr. Thornton intends to be entirely original in his concention of the roles he assumes. in his conception of the roles he assumes.

HE IS WORSE.—Alfred Stafford, the East Tennessee train hand who walked off the Rhodes street trestle Monday morning, was in a critical condition at midnight yesterday morning. Dr. Gaston found his patient much better, apparently, than he had been Thursday night, but during the day, yesterday, he began to grow worse. His pulse became very weak, and at one time during the day he was in a comatose condition. Unless a decided improvement in his condition takes place today, the chances for Stafford's recovery will be extremely few.

THE REVIVALS.—The revival meeting now in progress at the Sixth Baptist church is meeting with much success. Services were begun on Wednesday night by Rev. Mr. Weaver, pastor, and are increasing in interest each meeting. Rev. Mr. Barrett, of Newnan, is assisting Mr. Weaver, and large numbers are attendin g every night. During the present week Rev. Miles Dillard, pastor of the Sixth Methodiss church, has held services each evening, and the meetings have been largely attended. Mr. Dillard has concluded to continue the meetings another week.

ABOUT COMPLAINTS .- "Do you know," said ABOUT COMPLAINTS.—"Do you know," said Chief Connolly yesterday, "that many communications are sent to the police and other departments of the city government, complaining against officers and others connected with the city government, and signed 'Citizen' or other anonymous signatures. Such communications do no good, as the officer to whom they are sent have no means of establishing the charges, not knowing to whom to apply for information. If the writers would give their true names, such communications would, no doubt, do much good, and be treated as confidential."

Was She Kidnapped.—Mr. W. E. Smith, of the signal service bureau, now thinks that his little daughter, who strayed away from her mother's side at Ryan's store Friday afterneon, was kidnapped. Mr. Smith feels certain that the child could not have walked as far as Garnett street by herself, and has been reliably informed that a white woman was seen walking down Whitehall street leading the little girl about the time she was missed. The father thinks that a white woman led his daughter away, and afterwards became frightened and deserted her, after which the negro woman picked her up.

THE GERMAN ARTISTS.—Three of the German artists. Augustus Lehr, Wilhelm Schroeter, Gustave Wendling, from the panorama studio of Milwaukee are now in the city, to finish the landscape studies which they commenced last fall for the grand panorama of the battle of Atlanta, (fought 22d of July 1864.) The picture is now being worked on in Milwaukee and promises to excell in beauty and interest the great panorama of the battle of Missionary Ridge, now on exhibition in Chicago. The artists will most likely have to prolong their stay for several weeks, and would be very thankful to all gentlemen who are able from observation and otherwise to give accurate information of the battle of Atlanta. They are stopping at the Hotel Weinmeister.

#### LAUDANUM LANE

IS THE ROUTE OUT OF THE WORLD SELECTED BY MRS. MARTIN. A Brooklyn Blonds Comes into the City to do Some Bhopping-She Bres a Forthe of Luddanum and Goes Back Rome, Enters a Room and Swallows the Drug,

Mrs. Emma Martin, a young and decidedly bandsome blonde, drank an ounce of landsnum yesterday afternoon with suicidal intent. But the gods were unkind to Mrs. Martin and she did not die.

Mrs. Martin resides on Marietta street, between Cain and the junction of Walton street, on the scondificor of 'a building. Yesterday afternoon, accompanied by a friend, she came into the heart of the city to do some shopping, and before returning home purchased AN OUNCE PHIAL OF LUADANUM

without letting her companion know anything of it. During the shopping expedition Mrs. Martin appeared as lively and entertaining as ever, and gave no intimation of the desperate act she was then contemplating. About six o'clock in the afternoon she returned to her home, accompanied by her triend, and after home, accompanied by her triend, and after home. removing her wraps, sat down to entertain her visitor. After talking a while Mrs. Martin excused herself, and entering an adjoining room, closed the door behind her. Her mothroom, closed the door behind her. Her mother was left alone in the room with the visitor, and together the two women talked until the caller thought it time to go to her home. Mrs. Martin's mother then went to the door and called her daughter but received no response. She then grabbed the door knob and turned it, but when SHE PUSHED THE DOOR. She found it locked. The mother began pounding upon the door, but again no response came from the room. The woman knew that there was no way for her daughter to leave the room except through the door she had gone

there was no way for her daughter to leave the room except through the door she had gone through, unless she had gone out of the win-dow. When Mrs. Jenkuns—that is Mrs. Mar-tin's mother's name—knocked on the door until her patience was exhausted, she called her visitors to her ad, and together they forced the door oney. As the door flow back the two the door open. As the door flow back the two women saw Mrs. Martin lying on the bed ap-parently in a deep sleep. She had been ab-sent from the room in which she had left the other women only a short while, and they knew that her sleep could NOT BE A NATURAL ONE,

NOT BE A NATURAL ONE, and even if it had, the loud and long knocking on the door would have aroused her. While these thoughts were quickly flying through the two women's minds, they stepped hurriedly to the bedside, and at the first plance discovered a bottle grasped in Mrs. Martin's right hand. The hand was tightly clenched, and the bottle was removed with difficulty. When held up to the light the bottle was seen to be empty, and the label showed that it had contained laudanum. This told the story as plainly as if the later showed that it had contained laudanum. This told the story as plainly as if Mrs. Martin had told it. The alarm was quickly given, and physicians were sent for. Dr. Quillian responded to the call, and when he reached the woman's bedside he found her in a deep, unnatural sleep. He lost no time in APPLYING THE PROPER ANTIDOTES, and in a short time was pleased to see the

a deep, unnatural sleep. He lost no time in APPLYING THE PROPER ANTIDOTES, and in a short time was pleased to see the proper effect produced. The woman finally became conscious, and then looking around as though she had just awoke from an unpleasant dream, asked confusedly:

"Where am I? Wdat's the matter?"

Then, in a half minute, she seemed to remember everything, and dropping back on the pillows closed her eyes. She remained quiet and inactive a short while and then got up. Later in the night a Constitution reporter called at Mrs. Martin's home and was shown into the house. Mrs. Martin appeared so well that a stranger would never have suspected that she had just been snatched from the bink of the grave. When she saw the reporter she became quite angry, and remarked spitefully.

ed spitefully .
"There's nothing here for you."
Mrs. Martin's freak is a puzzle to all who know her, and as she declines to tell why she swallowed the laudanum, no one will over know. Her husband is a young carpenter, who always works and provides well. Those who know Mrs. Martin thought she was happily

FOUND AT THE CITY PRISON.

He Drove Over a Man--They Fought in Court -Wanted in Carolina.

Rufus Graham, a dray driver, will be ar-

raigned in police court this morning to answer the charge of disorderly driving.

Mr. J. A. Burns, at the Western and Atlantic railroad shops, will appear as the prosecuting wit-

Yesterday afternoon Graham was driving his dray down North Pryorstreet at a rapid and unsafe speed. Just as he reached Decatur street, Mr. Burns started to cross Pryor street. Graham paid

speed. Just as he reached Decatur street, Mr. Burns started to cross Pryor street. Graham paid no attention to the pedestrian, and Mr. Burns's efforts to escape were unsuccessful. He was struck by the moving horse and knocked several feet, quite a number of persons saw the accident and rushing into the street picked Mr. Burns up and carried him to the sidewalk. Fortunately he was not much hurt. Graham was arrested by Patrolman Whitely.

FIGHTING IN A COURTHOUSE.

Maggie Cummings and Alice Hilliard, two negro women created quite a disturbance in the superior court room yesterday.

Maggie Cummings wanted to Alice Hilliard's throat.

Both women were in the court room listening to the trial of Hillard Garner, and began a discussion in subdued tones about the case They could not agree and the disagreement soon led to a quarrel. The quarrel progressed until the women indulged in a fight. In the first round Mag Cummings drew a knife with which she attempted to cut her adversary's throat. The racket attracted the attention of everybody in the courtroom and caused a suspension for business for a few minutes. Deputy Sheriff Green was not long in gathering the two belligerent negroes together. They were then conducted to the city prison and locked up. This morning they will stand up before Judge Anderson and auswer the charge of disorderly conduct.

WANTED IN CARCLINA.

Joe Dunn, who is badly wanted in Sonth Carolina, was arrested

Joe Dunn, who is badly wanted in South Carolina, was arrested yesterday by Patrolmen Cochran and Morcer, and will be sent back to Carolina to-

A CONJURER'S TRICK.

Pierce Albert, a late importation from Africa, was arrested yesterday upon a warrant charging him with cheating and swindling. The complainant is an old negro woman, who avers that the prisoner sold her a trick bag which is no account at all.

THE NEW UNIFORMS.

Mr. E. B. Fletcher, at 9½ Whitehall street, sgent for Browning, King & Co., of New York, has been awarded the contract for the summer uniforms for the police department.

PAVEMENT PARAGRAPHS

Short Items Picked Up Here and There by the Reporters Yesterday,

The protracted meeting at the First Baptist hurch closed last night.

Mr. Sam'l W. Goode sells at auction three new, neat three and five room Baker street at 4 p. m. today.

The examination papers for the last quarter of the public schools have been handed to Superintendent Slayton by the pupils.

The excavation at the artesian well is getting deeper and deeper. Colonel Baum proves that he is as good a digger as borer.

The Gate City cars will begin running to Ponce de Leon springs today, and the regular schedule will go into effect tomorrow. The East Tennessee road carried a train of thirteen cars through to Jacksonville yesterday The train contained five sleepers.

George Inman, who has been working at Miller's box factory, 232 Marietta street, mashed a finger so badly yesterday that amputation was necessary.

essary.

In the United States court yesterday Judge McCay heard in chambers the case of the Patapaco guane company vs. Huntington & Wright, avg. ment on special masters report. Recision reserved for one week.

IN STRIPES AND CHAINS.

A White Convict Kuns Away from the Convict Camp. He is still at Large.

William Bell, a young white convict, escaped from the convict squad on the north side of the city early yesterday.

Bell was serving a six-months term for lar-ceay from the Kimball house.

Early yesterday morning when the convict squad was marched out of the prison and started to the works on Spring street, Bell dropped out of ranks and walked off towards a section of the enclosure where a rude hut stands in which rome tools are kept. The guards saw Bell as he started towards the hut and offered.

guards saw Bell as he started towards the hut and offered

NO OBJECTION TO HIS CONDUCT
when he stated what he was going after. The squad was not halted to await Bell's return, because the guards belived that he would follow to the works. An hour after searching the works, however, Bell had not put in an appearance, and a guard went back to the camp to ascertain the cause of his continued absence, but Bell was not at the camp, and a thorough search of the buildings and the enclosure failed to produce him. Then the country immediately around the camp was searched, but no trace of the convict could be obtained. This looked very much like Bell had taken

ADVANTAGE OF THE LIMITED LIBERTY

convict could be obtained. This looked very much like Bell had taken

ADVANTAGE OF THE LIMITED LIBERTY which had been extended him and skipped out. A messenger was sent to police head-quarters with a request for a mounted officer. Officers McWilliams and Clark responded to the call, and after considerable hard work ascertained that the convict had been seen on Pine street, moving hurriedly and watchfully in the direction of Ponce de Leon springs, but they were unable to follow him far because he left the road and took to the fields and woods. Bell had served five months of his six months sentence, and had always shown himself a hard working, submissive convict. These facts induced the superintandent of the camp to remove the chains from one of Bell's legs.

A CONVICT WHO IS DOUBLE SHACKLED cannot move rapidly or easily but one who has a chain on one leg feels but little inconvenience when he becomes accustomed to it.

nience when he becomes accustomed to it. This single shackle, as it is called, is a band of iron around one ankle with a chain eight or ten inches long. The convict generally wraps the chain about his leg and ties it up with a string and in this way is half the time unconscious of the presence of the chain. When Bell left he had on the convict garb, and when the officers heard of him mov-ing in the direction of the springs he was still wearing the stripes, which will brand him as a convict to all who see him until he obtains

a convict to all who see him until he obtains other wearing apparel.

THE DOGS SET ON THAT TRACK.

Officers Clark and McWilliams abandoned the chase after following the trail an hour or two, and then a guard with the man dogs belonging to the camp took it up. The dogs are the best trailers in the country, and when turned loose upon the convict's track followed them right 'through the course designated by the officers. The dogs were turned loose about noon and at three o'clock were near Bell Junction on the Air-Line road. They were then on a warm trail, but nothing has been heard of the dogs since that hour.

Bell was about twenty years old.

Y. M. C. A. Young men cordially invited to attend a meeting for young men only in the parlors of the Young Men's. Christian association, corner Walton and Forsyth streets, tonight at 8 o'clock. Good singing, short talks, free seats and no collections. Strangers especially welcome.

A Romantic Marriage. A Romantic Marriage.

A young man receives an introduction to a lady with whom he was wedded just three days after first meeting her. He had fallen desperately in love from first sight, and called on her only three times, the latter of which he pressed his suit and requested an immediate answer. She asked for time to consider, which he refused to allow. The young lady then said you must answer one question. "Do you chew Baseball tobacco?" "I do," was the prompt reply. "Then I accept. You are a sensible man and will do to the on to." All nice young men should follow this example.

We ask only a trial to more than substantiate what we claim for Moxie Nerve Food.

STILSON 58 Whitenail Street,

MY STOCK FOR SP IS COMPLETE IN A FINE CLOTHING FOR ME IN GREAT GIVE ME ORDER. GEOR -38 Whitehall street.

ASK FOR AND'USE DRU "J. T.," Big Chunk an BLUE RIBBON ON THEIR THE ONLY GENUINE

REISER & STERN, GUCKENHEIMER & SON, } SAVANNAH. TOLLENS BROS, CHARLESTON, S. C. LORRICK & LAWRENCE, COLUMBIA, S. C.

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An elegant lines just received. Prices down. Call early and make your selection.

PRAYERS AND HYMNALS for Easter offerings at exceedingly low prices. STATIONERY. five hundred boxes elegant paper at 10c. per box PICTURE FRAMES.

Any size or style made to order. No fancy prices. Stratchers made to order. CROQUET SETS.

A large lot just in, from 75 cents to \$5.00. BASE BALLS and BATS In endless quantities, at bottom prices. ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

We have just added a complete assortment of trists? Materials to our business, which we propose elling at prices never before sold at in this city. Give us a call and get our prices before purchas-THORNTON & SELKIRK, Successors to E. H. Thornton, un muse n r m 28 Whitehall Street.

HELLO!! HELLO!! YOU HAVE NO IDEA

What a comfort and convenience a telephone staion is in your residence.
IT COSTS LESS THAN FIFTEEN CENTS PER.
DAY. DAY.
Its value to you IN A CASE OF ILLNESS IN YOUR FAMILY, or in other emergencies may be

You Cannot Afford to Be Without It. Call on the manager or send him a postal card and he will call on you. W. T. GENTRY, Manager. H. H. JACKSON, Ass't Manager, No. 21½ Marietta St.

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of our original methods of ADVERTISING



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JEWELER RELIABLE GOADS FAIR DEA LING AND BOTTOM PRICES. Atlanta, Georgia.

A CALL.

RING AND SUMMER LL DEPARTMENTS. N, BOYS AND CHILDREN VARIETY. The Largest Stock of Chi | Idren's Suits in the City.

> MMOND'S HORSE SHOE d Natural Leaf Tobacco, MERITS AT NEW ORLEANS.

GE MUSE,

MATURAL LEAF.
TANNER CURIER & HRATH, ATLANTA.
M. J. O'BRIEN & CO., CHATTANOGA, TENN!
H. W. PERRY & CO., BIRMINGHAM, ALA,
P. & G, T. DODD. ATLANTA.

Spring Opening
Elegant Styles, Light Weight and Perfect Fitth SHOES and SLIPPERS

McKELDIN & CARLTON



35 PEACHTREE ST. Best \$2 Kid Button Shoe in the World. Handmade Only \$ 3.50.

our new styles for Spring wear are perfectly elegant, and the assortment the largest in the south Ladies Button Bocts from \$1 to \$10. Our \$2 and \$3 Shoes for Men are far ahead of any in the city. School Shoes a specialty. Spring heels in all sizes. Remember, we are sole agents for Latric, Schober & Mitchell's fine shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children. For Gentlemen we have all styles made by Hanan & Son, Boyden, Burts, Farrar, and other celebrated manufecturers, that cannot be found elsewhere in the city.

Silk, Stiff and Soft Hats in all new styles.

McKELDIN & CARLTON, 95 PEACHTREE STREET, su, we&sa,2mo

\$1,000 to \$3,000

NO COMMISSION CHARGED

C. P. N. BARKER, 311/4 Peachtree.

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Telephones 502 & 486.

To Attest our appreciation of the enormous patronage ex-tended our boys, and children's department, will give away a fine pair of parlor skates with every boy's suit amounting te \$5.00. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall street.

Pompano at Donehoo's palace market. Grand concert at Kenny & Werner's, 14 and 16 Marietta street, tonight.

Are You Going to Paint? Are You Going to Paint?

If so, use the best goods. Wadsworth, Martinez & Longman's Pure Paints fill the bill.

Call on us and we will give you a list of between 500 and 600 houses that have been painted in and around Atlanta with them. We guarantee them three to five years.

F. J. Cooledge & Bro., ap 13 tues, thu, sat.

Remember the Hour of Sale is 4 p. m. Today, At Nos. 102, 104 and 100 West Baker street. The payments one-third cash, the balance very liberal. Sam'l W. Goode.

Grand concert at Kenny & Werner's, 14 and 16 Marietta street, tonight.

Ir you want any of the following articles,

IF you want any of the following articles, call on F. J. Cooledge & Bro., 21 Alabama street, and you can be supplied with as good goods and as low prices as anywhere in the city:

St. Pure White Lead,
Raw Linseed Oil,
Boiled Lin: eed Oil,
Turpentine,
apan and Varnishes
Hard Oil Finish,
Mahogany Stain,
Cherry Stain,
Colors in Oil,
Turbe Colors,
Any or all of above at wholesale or retail, at bottom prices.

Any or all of above at wholesale or retail, at bottom prices.

I xira fine Roe Shad at Donehoo's market. Southern Sanitarium

Southern Sanitarium

Is in every respect tnoroughly equipped, and a scientifically conducted institution for treating various forms of acute and chronic diseases. It is the only strictly first class "water cure infirmary" outh. Nearly three thousand patients have been restored chuing its thirteen years of unprecedented necess! Charges less, according to accommodations and the results obtained, than any similar institution in the country.

For illustrated pamphlet giving full description of methods, with references, etc., address "smitarium," Atlanta, Ga.

Buy a Cottage Home Today,

At San'l W. Goode's auction sale on West Baker

At Fam'l W. Goode's auction sale on West Baker street, Nos. 102, 104 and 100. Sale at 4 p. m. Grand concert at Kenny & Werner's, 14 and 16 Marie tta street, tonight.

Stamps for sale at Construction business office.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.



**NEW SPRING CLOTHING** 

Men's and Youths' All Wool Suits \$8, \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$25

Our Boys' Department,

\$3.50, \$4, \$5 and \$6 Plaited Suits OUR TAILORING DEPARTMENT Cannot be Equaled South. Jas. A. Anderson & Co.,

Chas. C. Thorn CHEAP CASH GROCER. Small Profits! Quick Sales!

41 Whitehall Street.

118 WHITEHALL STREET. 

re the best.
Please show this to your neighbor. Cut this out.
CHAS C. THORN.
mch19 Im 7p 118 Whitehall Street. THE NEW YORK HOTEL NEW YORK CITY.

THIS POPULAR HOTELHAS BEEN COMPLETE-ly renovated and 100 rooms added, making its present capacity five hundred guests. Conducted on both the American and European plans. A Restaurant of superior excellence, supplies meals a la carte. Price of rooms, with board, from \$3 per day; without board, from \$1 per board, from \$3 per day; without day and upwards. Broadway cars pass the hotel. SPECIAL RATES TO PEPMANENT GUESTS.

REMOVAL.

Mark W, Johnson & Co. have removed from 27 Marietta to 61 and 63 Peachtree street. Warlick's old stand.

Come to our new home and buy your SEEDS, etc. Attention, Boys! A pair of parlor skates give away with every boys' suit amounting to \$5.00. Eiseman Bros., 35 Whitehall street, who make boy's clothing one of their speciatites.

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127 WHITEHALL.

- Is ALWAYS supplied with-THE BEST MEATS.

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Largest stocks. Lowest in price. Best in quality. Kiln dry dressed and matched flooring and ceiling and lumber

HENRY F. EMERY.

of all kinds. Atlanta Lumber Co. Telephone 502. Humphries and E. T., V. and G. R. R.

City Tax Notice.

MY BOOKS ARE NOW OPEN FOR RECEIVING city tax returns. I am in hopes that the citizens will come forward promptly and make their re turns as I have only six weeks to make up my digest, before the books will be opened for collection,

must make your returns before you can pay. April 1st, 1886. satimo 7p City Tax Receiver.

For pamphlet, railroad and com mercial printing, the Constitution job office has unexcelled facilities,

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### McBRIDE & CO. 1886

China, Crockery, Clocks, Show Cases, Fine Cutlery, Spoons, Forks, Lamps, Dry-Air Refrigerators, Gate City Stone Filters, Improved Fly Fans, to trade at manufacturers prices.

#### THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORFS, U. S. A.

U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE. April 16, 9:00 P. M. All observations taken at the same moment-me at each place named: WIND.

	Barometer.	Thermomete	Dew Point.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rainfall.	Westher.
	30.15	67	-	E	Light.	.00	Fair.
Savannah	30.12			E	18	.00	Clear.
Jacksonville	30.03			NE	12	.17	Lt.rain
Montgomery				C'm	Calm.	.00	
New Orleans	29.97	68		SE	770		Cloudy
Galveston	29.94	66	64	E	6	.04	Clear.
Palestine	29,95	66		8	7	.00	Clear.
Fort Smith	******	***					
Shreveport	29.93	68	62	W	Light.	.00	Clear.
LO	CAL	OB	SE	RVA	TIONE		
6 a. m	80.15	59	511	E	10	.00	Clear.
10 s. m	30.16	68	53	E	18	.00	Fair.
2 p. m	30.08	72	49	E	19	.00	Cloudy
	30.08			E	11	.00	Fair.
9 p. m	30.12	62	54	S	5	.01	Cloudy
Maximum ther Minimum ther Total rainfall.			****	*******	*** ******	*****	5

ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Maximum Temp	Minimum Temp	Rainfall
Atlanta, Ge	73 83 77 76 76 78	57 53 60 60 56 55 54 56 58	.00

"THE OLD BOOK STORE.

### BASEBALL SUPPLIES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES,

Lovell's Libraries We are the only house south of New York carrying afull line, 10 to 100 copies of every number always on hand. Trade supplied at New York discounts. Send for catalogues, free. Old Books bought and sold.

W. J. WILLINGHAM, 64 ELLIOT STREET.

DRESSED AND ROUGH LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS, DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDING AND LIME.

J. T. White, leading dealer in Wall Paper and Window Shades, 46 Marietta et. New goods received every week. Samples free.

#### Burmese Ware, The new artistic pottery at

J. P. STEVENS

JEWELER.

47 WHITEEALL ST.

HE LEADS THEM ALL.

Just Consider For a Moment, Ryan Offers Immense Bargains in All Kinds of Shoes,
Here is a chance for all. I intend selling
shoes today at prices that will cause many to
sigh, yet bring pleasure to the hearts of all
buyers. It is time now to make big offers in
shoes, and I intend deing it. So for today you
can buy shoes from me twenty-five per cent
cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere.
Here are a few of my low prices: Gents'
London toe bals, \$2 per pair, sold anywhere
else at for \$3.50, \$4.50; Howell's opera toe button bals and congress, \$2.50; gents' plain toe,
calf congress, \$2.50. Now, this is the cheapest
shoe ever sold in the city. If there is a man
in the city who wants shoes, I can please him,
for I have them from \$2.50 to \$8.
Ladies, here is your chance. Summer is Immense Bargains in All Kinds of Shees,

for I have them from \$2.50 to \$8.

Ladies, here is your chance. Summer is coming, and of course you want new shoes. Think of buying Dunbar's goat button shoe for only \$1. Ladies' kid button boots, plain and box toe, \$1.50. This is the cheapest shoe ever seen in Atlanta. Come and see them, even if you don't want to buy. Ladies' kid Bernhardt button, only \$2, a shoe that formerly soly sold for \$4. I intend having a big rush in my shoe department today, and have prices fixed so that there will be no trouble in buying. Call early and get these bargains. They may never be offered again.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE. For Sick Headache.

Dr. N. S. READ, Chicago, says: "I think it is a remedy of the highest value in many forms of mental and nervous exhaustion; attended by sick headache, dyspensia and diminished vi-

Pensacola and return only \$7.10. Good 5 days. Tickets will be sold until 20th.

The demand for Moxie increases daily.

If you retire and cannot sleep go to your drug-gist the next day and buy a 50 cents bottle of Moxie Nerve Food.

38 Acres in Land Lots 150 and 151, Near Sandtown road, 1½ miles from West End limits, for \$1,000 cash. Sam'l W. Goode. Moxie is a sure specific for intemperance.

Stamps for sale at Constitu-

tion Business office. Dr. J. M. Armstrong receives invalids and boarders summer and winter, at his Water Cure Infirmary. He never fails to cure all sick persons cursible, and benefit those incursible. All charges made reasonable and arranged to suit all. For particulars send for circular. Address, Temple, Ga.

Money to Lend on Real Estate

### SECOND GEORGIA SWEEP

THE GEORGIA TEAMS ALL VICTORIS

The Same Teams as Won the Day Before Report the
Record of the First Day-Watching the Molanta-Charleston Game at the Doers
Rouse - Purcell's Grast His

Atlanta held her own in Charleston yesterday, playing with but a single error. Lynch was great behind the bat eathing four of the five men who tried to steal second. Stricker held second brilliantly and is becoming a great favorite. Moore improves. Lyons gut in one of his old timers, and Purceil astonished Clark by making a home run. Williams is making a good record, and is said to be as fine in the field as at bat and behind it. The details below will show that the Georgia clubs are hard to down, each of them being second as well as first day winners:

te down, each of them being second as well as first day winners:

DETAILS OF THE GAME.

Charleston went to but and Say took first on balls, Brosuan filed out to Moore lichmend hit to pitcher who cut Say off at second, Richmond got first, fellman hit safe to center for a double and was caught at second, Richmond sooring. For Atlanta, Cline hit to center for a single and was thrown out at second; Purcell hit to third and out at "first, Moore hit to center for a single and second on two wild pitches; Lynch got first on a familie of short, stole second, went to third on a pass, and scored on safe hit to center by Lyous Stricker stuck out. There was nothing of interest in the next five innings, each side going out in almost one, two

innings, each side going out in aimest one, the three order, neither side scoring.

In the sixth, Say hit to short and out at first: Bresnan hit to pitcher and out at first: Richmond hit to center and out at first. Cline hit to left, who muffed it, but threw Cline out at second; Purcell bit to second and out at first; Moore hit to second and out at first.

hit to center and out at first. Cline hit to left, who muffied it, but threw Cline out at second; Purcell bit to second and out at first; Moore hit to second and out at first.

In the seventh, Gilman hit safe to center for a single Powed filed out to Purcell; Gilman was thrown out at second; Holland out at first on strikes. Lynch hit to second and out at first; Lyous hit to left for a three bagger and scored on wild throw of short; Stricker hit to short and made first on a fumble; McDonald filed out to second and Stricker was caught at first on a neat double play.

In the eighth, McAleer bit to short and out at first; Clark hit to second and out at first; Lanser hit to Cline and out at first. Williams filed out to short, Kimber struck out; Cline hit to left for a two bagger; Purcell made a clean home run, bringing in Cline; Moore made first on a famble and out at second on Lynch's hitto second.

In the ninth, Sayout at first on strikes; Brosnan made first on Cline's fumble and wet at second on Lynch's drop; Richmoud fouled out to Lyons; Gilman hit hot to short for a single; Brosnan scored on Lynch's throw to second. Poweil hit to first and out.

The score is as follows:

ATLANTAS.	CHARLESTONS,
R BH PO	A E R BH PO A
Cline, ss1 3 0 4	3 1 Say, ss0 0 3 0 0 0 Brosuan, 25.1 0 5 5 1 0 Richm'd.cf1 0 1 0 6 0 Gilman, rf0 3 0 1 1 0 Powell, 1b0 0 10 0
Purcell, lf1 1 3 (	0 0 Brosuan, 2b1 0 5 5
Moore, cf 1 1 0 1	1 0 Richm'd,cf1 0 1 0
Lynch, lc 0 4 (	6 0 Gilman, rf0 3 0 1
Lyons, 3b1 2 1 1	1 0 Powell, 1b0 0 10 0
Stricker, 2b0 0 5	9 Holland, 3b.0 1 0 6
McD'ald, 1b.0 0 14 (	0 0 McAleer, lf0 0 0 1 0 Clark p 0 0 0 0
Williams, rf., 0 1 0 0	0 Clark p 0 0 0 0
Kimber, p0 0 .0 2	0 Lanser, c 0 1 5 2
Control of the control of	
Totals 5 \$ 27-17	1 Totals 2 5 24 15
~	
	INNINGS.
Atlantas	2 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 *-

SUMMARY.

Earned runs, Atlanta, 2; two base hits, Cline, 1; Williams, 1; Gilman, 1; three base hits, Lyons, 1; heme runs, Purcell, 1; double plays, Brosnan and Powell; struck out, by Kimber, 5 by [Clark, 3; bases from being hit by pitched ball, Kimber, 1; passed balls, Lynch, 2; time, 1:45; unpire, Burns.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 16.—[Special.]—
The Atlantas and Charlestons crossed bats again here today, and the Atlantas won by a score of five to two. The Charleston club showed up in fine form. Their fielding was admirable, Clark, their pitcher, did excellently, also Holland, Say, and December 2017. and Brosnan, carrying off the fielding honors with Gilman doing the effective work with the stick. For the Atlantas the feature of the game was a home run hit over the fence in the ninth inning by Purcell. He also made a fine running catch in left field. Stricker showed up in fine form, and the pitching and catching of Kimber and Lynch was away above the average. Lyons hit for three bases in a critical point of the game, earning a bases in a critical point of the game, carming a run. The only error made by the Atlantas was a wild throw to first base. Lynch's throwing to bases would send terror to the heart of any club. Shaffer and Gunson is the battery for tomorrow. While the defeat of the home team by Atlanta is

very deeply regretted by the Charlestonians, yet a very general admiration is felt at the pluck, skill and perseverence which marked the work of the home team. The game was as fine and even a struggle as has ever been witnessed here, and both sides played splendidly. The spirited coaching of the Atlanta team is admitted to have been a very saportant; factor in winning the game. The effective work of the Atlanta battery as well as of the field were greatly admired. The Atlantas caught Clark's delivery after the fifth inning and batted him very fiercely. Charleston will put up Weyhing and O'Neal as its battery

Atlanta Seeing the Game.

Several hundred people were present again today at the opera house to witness the game between Atlanta and Charleston. A novel feature of the report was the actual running of the bases by uniformed boys, who obeyed the telegraph in-strument in their moves around the diamond. Great interest prevailed, and all enjoyed the report. A great many ladies were present.

As the opera house will be engaged by the Bandman-Baudet combination, which will play a matinee today. Managers Stephens and Howard have engaged the large vacant store just under the opera engaged the large vacant store just under the opera-house, for today's report. It is the large store for-merly occupied by Mark W. Johnson & Co., with the entrance on the ground floor, immediately un-der the opera house. Two or three hundred chairs have been put in for use today.

Augusta Again Defeats Nashville.

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—Augusta again defeated the Nashvilles today. The battery work of Nashville was fine, but the Nash villes were clearly outplayed, making ten errors to Augusta's four. There were about twelve hundred people present. Goldsby was fined \$25 for disputing with the umpire. Augusta is happy tonight. The Nashville players admit Augusta to be their superiors. Dundon pitches for Nashville tomorrow and Brown for Augusta. Following is the score

		BH		E	R	BH	
1	Hogan, lf 2	1	1 0	0	Marr, rf. c1	1 :	1
	Harbri'e.rf1	0	3 0	0	Goldsby, lf1	3 1	0
3	Lannell Sh 9	13	9 3	- 0	Hillery 3h 1	1- 1	1 1
4	Sylvester, cf.1	1	3 0	0	Sowders, ef.,0	4 3	3 0
	Manning.2b.1	1	2 1	1	Beard, ss1	1 4	1
	Phillips, ss0	1	5 0	3	Sowders, cf0 Beard, ss1 O'Brien, 1b0	0 9	0
-	Tov. c 0	0	3 2	- 0	Bittman, 2b.,0	0 1	2
	Weidell, p1	1	3 3	0	McVey,rf, c 0	0 8	0
	Parker, 1b 0	0	5 0	0	Smith, p2	2 (	7
н	Line Colors	-		-	Carlot -		-
-	Totals 8	7	27 9	4	Totals 6	12 27	12
8		S	COLE	BY	INNINGS.	,	
в	Augusta			.1	0 0 0 1 0	4 0	2-
4	Nashvilles			1	00001	2 0	2-
н			ST	MM	ARY.		
8	1 Runs earned	. Ni			3; struck out, b	W Y	eide
•	2 2 (2 142 4		hace	1.2	to Assessate 1.	***	1 -21

1; by Smith 4; two base hits, Augusta 1; Nashville 2; passed balls, by Augusta 1; Nashville 5; umpire McQuade.

A Close Match in Savannah. SAVANNAH, Ga., April 16 .- [Special.]-The game this afternoon between the Chattanoogas and the Savannahs was very finely played. It opened with two runs for the Savannahs. In the fourth inning Chattanooga made two, in the fifth one, leading the Savannahs to the seventh, when the Savannahs made two. The eighth and ninth developed nothing for either side, and the game closed with Savannah four Chattanooga three.

Earned runs, Chattanooga I, Sayannah I.
Two base hits, Sayannah 2, Chattanoogas 1.
Three base hits, Sayannah 3.
Left on bases, Chattanoogas 5, Sayannah 5.
Struck out, by Sayannah 9, by Chattanoogas 1. Passed balls, Savannah 2.

Passed balls, savannah 2. Chattanoogas 1. Errors Savannahs 6. Chattanoogas 4. Base hits, Savannahs 7. Chattanoogas 5. The Savannah baltery tomorrow will be Me-Laughlin and O'Day, Chattanooga's Kent and

Macon Downs Memphis. MACON. Ga., April 16.—[Special.]—Near 1,000 people witnessed the second game this afternoon between Macon and Memphis. The visitors put Knouff in the box Fussellback to catch. Macon Becker to catch. Macon to the lead

Beschille Ma San Ait, Macon S. Hemphis 6; errors, Macon 8 muniting struck out Smith 10, Knouff 9; passed to the out Smith 10, Knouff 9; passed to passed State on balls, Smith 1, Knouff 2; um

Chicago in Columbus.
Columbus. Ca., April 16.—[Special.]—In
the game at Star park today. Pfeffier's nine detoated Aman's nine by a score of its to 10. McCormack was the pitcher for Pfeiffer, and Clarkson
for Amon. One of the features of the game was
clarkson's heavy batting. They will play again
Tuesday.

Baseball Elsewhere. Washipton, D. C.—Nationals 6. Jersey Citys 1.
This epiphia, Pa.—Athleties 3: Philadelphias 4.
Norfolk—Bostons 9: Rochester 1.
Baltimore—Baltimores 9: Detroits 2. The Detroit players included "Big Four."

Diamond Dets. Diamond Dets.

Manager Purcell was the first to knock a home run in the league championship games. Charleston has signed John Richmond, the famous short stop who played with Gus Schmeltz's old Columbus, Ohio, team.

The many southern friends of Horrace Phillips will be delighted to know that matters have been so arranged as to permit him to play that excellent haseman Barkley during this season. Phillips is certainly one of the best managers in the country, and thoroughly understands his position.

The Mobile Baces MOBILE, April 16 .- Fourth day of Bascombe ockey club meeting.

The first race, seven-eights of a mile dash for

the first race, seven-eights of a mile dash for three-year-olds, Wahoo first; Asceola, second; Lura Brown, third. Time-1:31.

The Battle house handicap sweepstakes, one and one-sixteenth miles, Spalding first; Anna Woodcock, second; Taylor, third. Time-1:51. Consolation purse, one mile, Bob Swim first; Tom Barlow, second; Kensington, third. Time-1:47%.

TWO BAD PREACHERS. They Meddled With the Mails and Get Into

Mr. Henry Booth, inspector in charge of this division, returned yesterday from Huntsville, Ala., where he went to attend the trial of two men charged with violating the internal reve-

men charged with violating the internal revenue laws.

Dr. L. James, of Blount Springs, was charged with forging bonds to bids and contracts for carrying the mails. He plead guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 or work in the penitentiary for six months. His counsel entered a strong plea, and proved to the court that he was at times demented. James was formerly a Bantist proceder and stood grall in

that he was at times demented. James was formerly a Baptist preacher, and stood well in the community.

James Cargile, late postmaster at Stephenson, Ala, was tried for appropriating money order funds to his own use. He was convicted, but sentence has not yet been passed. Cargile is one of the second adventist preachers, and told a very pitiful story. He said he had four children sick with pneumonia and a young man who had been living with him had died. There were no friends for him to go to for assistance and having no other means left to supply the wants of his children he had taken the money, intending to replace it just as soon as he found

Supreme Court of Georgia.

ATLANTA, April 16, 1886. Order of circuits with the number of cases re-M ACON CIRCUIT.

No. 1. Argument concluded.

No. 2. Ruan vs. Gunn. Complaint, from Houston. Argued. Dessau & Bartlett, for plaintiff in error. Hardeman & Davis; A. L. Miller, for defendant.

No. 3. Holley vs. Hardeman & Gibson. Illegality from City Court of Macon. Submitted. Loiton & Moore, by brief; for plaintiff in error. No appearance for defendant.

No. 5. Roland vs. Coleman & Co. Refusal of injunction, from Bibb. Argued. Nisbet, Edze & Nisbet, for plaintiff in error. Dessau & Bartlett, for defendant.

CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT.

CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT.

No. 1. Cook vs. State. Murder, from Taylor. Argued. W. S. Wallace & Son, for plaintiff in error. C. Anderson. att'y gen'l, by J. H. Lumpkin. Thos. W. Grimes, sol. gen'l, by J. H. Lumpkin, for the state.

No. 3. Metealf vs. State. Selling liquor without a license, from Chattahoochee. Argued. Peabody, Brannon & Battle, for plaintiff in error. Thos. W. Grimes, sol. gen'l by J. M. McNeill, for the State.

No. 3. Latham vs. Kolb et al. Complaint, from Harris. Argued. W. L. Latham: Geo. Latham, for plaintiff in error. No appearance for defendants.

No. 5. Crawfordvs. Kolb et al. Money rule, from Marion. Argued. Miller & Butt, J. S. McCorkle; Harrison & Peeples, for plaintiff in error. Butt & Lumpkin, by brief, for defendants.

error. Butte Lumpkin, by brief, for defendants.

No. 6. Lee vs. State. Murder, from Marion. J. S. McCorkle; Miller & Butt; Willis-& Matthews, for defendant. Thos. W. Grimes, sof. gen'i, by J. W. McNeill; Clifford Anderson, att'y gen'i, by J. H. Lumpkin, for the state. Pending reading of abstract the court adjourned to nine velock this morning.

PERSONAL

Buy fine shad from Emery's market, cheap. MRS. R. J. Scott and son, have returned to

REPRESENTATIVE W. M. BUTT, of Marion w. C. Barksdale was yesterday commissioned notary public of the 159th district of War

MR. J. H. SPILMAN, representing the Bruns wick Balke Collender company, is in the city with his family. He spent the winter in Florida. REV. JOHN PENSER, of Troy, Ala., who has been conducting the series of meetings at the SPEAKER W. A. LITTLE, Corey W. Thornton, James M. Russell and J. S. Peabody, of Columbus, are in the city attending the supreme court. A. B. CULBERSON, Jr , and Hugh Culberson have returned from Thomasville, where they have been for several months on account of the health of the latter. Mr. Cuiberson was much improved by the trip.

MR. SAM SHALL left Atlanta yesterday morning for Columbus, Miss., where he goes to inaugurate a series of revival meetings. Rev. sam Jones will leave for Columbus Tuesday to oin Mr. Small, The meetings will last two weeks. Chairs used at the Moody and Sankey meetings are now offered at 30c. each. Call at Bell street compress and get what you want. They are ingood condition, nicely painted and cheap at the price. A few white chairs 25c. each. James W. Harle.

'REV. J. B. HAWTHORNE will leave for Richmond, Monday, for the purpose of addressing a mass meeting to be held Tuesday night in that city in favor of prohibition. He is very anxious to have Judge Locarane accompany him and make a pro-hibition speech at the same time and place. Judges Locarane has not decided what he will do with reference to the trip. He is announced to speak in both Lynchburg and Richmond on Tuesday night.

AT THE KIMBALL.—J Cartledge, C Cartledge, JG Richardson, New York; B K Hatchcroft, Lexington, Ky; Mrs Blevins and family, Miss Fannie Lemoyne, Arkansas; John Moore, New York; F A Stratton Chattanooga; J Losey, Louisville; George F Pepper, New York; W H Corner, Baltimore; J H Gray, J C Buck, Dallas; H C Reeches, Louisville; We B Lyman, New Orleans; R B Wasplug, Mobile; Jas Weartherly, B Honse? H Lee, S C: R J Powell, Barnesville; Georgia W D Powers, Rome, Ga: A W Walton, Rome, Ga: S A Taylor, Athens, Tenn; Miss Oakly, Monticello, Fla; A F Marston, Lymu, Mass; A D Stevens, P P C Co; W J Bass, Nashville Tenn; W; W Meigs, Philadelphia; B B Wiggins, Lowell, Mass; Master W H Wiggins, Lowell, Mass; H Kimgood, Baltimore; J M Banks and wife, Chicago; Miss M S Banks, Chicago; Miss E DeLands, Grand Rapids; Miss G DeLands, Grand Rapids; Miss E DeLands, Grand Rapids; Miss E DeLands, Grand Rapids; Miss E Paul Minn: Miss E B Bobbins, Miss E A Robbins, Miss A M Robbins, St Paul Minn: Z G Simmons and wife, Miss B S Best Paul Minn: Z G Simmons and wife, Miss B S B Bobbins, Miss E A Robbins, B H Wiggins, Baltimore; H C Smith, H H Malms, N Blackshear, Ala: H J Brown, Va; O E Osborn. Cla; J H MeMay, Chicago; R E Strother, St Louis, H B Winship, New York, W S Seabrook, G P Rey, J W Jones, Lynchburg, Va; R P Wood, New York; S D Dennard, Chicago; L H Hubbell, St Louis; W H Fisher, Rockford, Ili; J S Richardson, Philadelphia; Geo F Williams and wife, Brooklyn; B H H Roan, Fairburn, Ga; A Knsuh, Baltimore; E C Whittmore, J M Gallison, South Carolina; H M Brown, Baltimore; W H White and wife, New York; N D Bennard, Chicago; W H White and wife, New York; N D Bennard, Chicago; L H Hubbell, St Louis; W H Fisher, Rockford, Ili; J S Richardson, Philadelphia; Geo F Williams and wife, Brooklyn; B H H Roan, Fairburn, Ga; A Knsuh, Baltimore; E C Whittmore, J M Gallison, South Carolina; H M Brown, Baltimore; W H White and wife, New York; N D Bennard, Chicago; L H Hubbell, St Louis; W H Fisher, Rockford, Ili; J S Richardson, Philadelphia; Geo F Wil AT THE KIMBALL .- J Cartledge, C Cart-

Trial bottles of Moxie will be forwarded by ex-

CHARGING CHISHOLM

THE MOONSHINERS TURN LOOSE THEIR ARTILLEYY.

Deputy Collector J. P. Chisholm came near losing his life in Banks county Thursday night.

An old time moonshiner emptied the con-tents of his shotgun at him.

Mr. Chisholm left Athenas Thursday morning

An old time moonshiner emptied the contents of his shotgun at him.

Mr. Chisholm left Atlanta Thursday morning to make a raid in Banks country, when he had information that several likely gin mills were running in that part of the country, and he wanted to lope in and pull in the violating. Upon reaching Gaineaville Mr. Chisholm was joined by Deputy Marshal Cape and Strong. Mr. Cape was with Deputy Marshal Merritt WHEN HE WAS MURDERED by John Coffee at Lulu. The three officers rode horseback to the neighborhood where the stills were reported to be located, one of them being near the home of William Murray. The place was found without much trouble, and the men began to nose around for the still after having tied their horse in the woods on the hill. Mr. Chisholm found a path and followed it down to a large spring, a few yards from the home of Murray. Looking around carefully the officer discovered a door in the side of the hill by the spring, and he began trying to open it. While engaged at this he was suddenly stopped by a load of shot falling around him and the report of a gin. Wheeling around he saw the faint outlines of a man

IN THE DOOR OF THE HOUSE justs little way up the hill.

"Fall back and fire again!" yelled the officer as he made a home run up the hill in the direction of the house.

"Don't come up here," commanded the man in the door.

"I just guess I am," replied the officer,

"Don't come up here," commanded the man in the door.

"I just guess I am," replied the officer, quickening his pace.

In an instant the door closed, just as the officer resched the house. After a time he succeeded in getting the door open, and stepped inside, telling the moonshiner to be careful or there would be shooting from another conarter.

quarter.
"Now, where's your liquor," asked the offi-cer, as the old man placed his gun in the rack over the door.
"Haven't got any," was the reply.
"You havn't?"

"No, I havn't.

"Then I will just hunt around here and

here. I want it. But here, first put on your clothes. I don't like to see men wear such airy garments. Where is the liquor?"
"Havn't got it."
"T'll see," and the officer began a search, but before hustling long, a woman hopped out of bed, and, crawling under the bed, drew forth a gallon jug, handed it to him and said:
"By gosh, if yer is determined to have the liquor, here it is. Drink your fool head off."
"That is less than five gallons, and you can keep it. Where did you get it?"
"In town."
"Who runs that still at the spring?"

"Who runs that still at the spring?"
"What still?"
"You know what still?"

"Me and the old woman make a little spirits coasionally. Just enough for our own use."
"What did you want to shoot at me for?"
"Mister, take er drink?" "Mister, take er drink?"
Mr. Chisholm took Murray and lead him to
the spring. With the assistance of his men.
HE MANAGED TO OPEN
the door, and upon entering found a good still
house in the cave. Everything was in working order, but when the officers came out there
was little left.

Murray was carried before Commissioner Gaston at Gainesville and gave bond.

Then other places were visited and three men arrested.

Mr. Chisholm was in tight quarters but come SENDING THEM UP.

Three More Negroes Sent to the State Chaingang.

Judge Richard Clarke is dealing out justice in the criminal side of the superior court.

Yesterday Bob Patterson was tried for robbing a cab of an East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad train. He hooked a vest, coat, pants, shirts, and quilt, the property of B. J. Elrod. The evidence was conclusive and the intervence of the condition of and the jury were not long in finding him guilty. Judge Clarke thought the clothing worth as much as five years in the chaingang for the aforesaid Robert.

P. Alfred Whatley alias Alfred Bussey was found guilty of stealing a couple of cows, and

was sent up for four years. Gus Hillyer, for burgls Gus Hillyer, for burglarizing the cotton compress, was given four years in which to re-pent. William Horton, who was tried for the same offense, was found not guilty.

More cases of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, etc., can be cured in less time, with less medicine, and for less money, by using Carter's Liver Pills, than by any other

Fun for the Boys. A pair of roller skates given away with every boy's suit amounting to \$5. Eiseman Bros., 55 Whitehall.

Parlor Skates Given Away oth every boys' suit amoung to \$5.00. Biseman cos., 55 Whitehall Street, who make boy's clother one of their specialties. Good variety of Fresh Fish. Donehoo's market.

The Lots are 50x200 Feet, Rear Alley, The houses new and neat 3 and 5-room cottages Nos. 102, 104 and 100 West Baker street, at auction at 4 p. m. today. Sam'l W. Goode.

Gould and Powderly. Who is right and who is wrong is a question open for discussion. One thing is certain, sympa-thizers of both sides without a dissenting voice re-commend Baseball tobacco to be the best chew of nine-inch made.

The Atlanta and West Point railroad resum the sale of round trip tickets to Pensacols told We understand that the exercises will be unusual grand for the next week. The fare is only 37.10. Send for circular from Moxie company, 96 South Pryor street, Atlanta. If you cannot enjoy a dinner in consequence of sack of appetite, buy Moxie and eat heartily.

For pamphlet, railroad and commercial printing, the Constitution obj office has unexcelled facilities.

It costs only 50 cents to test the virtue of Moxie Nerve Food. Prohibition or Not.

Whether prohibition takes effect in Atlanta or not, there is one consolation, a pleasant thought for both sides, there will be plenty of baseball to

Moxie recovers everything caused by overtaxing the nervous system. Real Estate Sales. Thursday N. R. Fowler, salesman for Sam-el W. Goode, sold the vacant lot corner Peachtree and West Leverett street, 150x400 feet, for \$10,000

# cash. A small store and cottage on Collins street brought \$995, Mr. A. M. Robertson being the pur-chaser. Colonel Malcomb Johnston bought at pri-vate sale a house and lot on Fort street for \$50. ON SALE AGAIN.

Round-Trip Tickets

Pensacola, Fla., Only \$7.10. Good Five Days,

THE DEMANDS OF THE

NOW COMPLETE IN MEN'S, BOYS' A ND H | ILDREN'S CLOTHING.

IMMENSE STOCK! CHOICE Our Tailoring Department, as ductions of the season. Our cus-

HIRSCH

## WEAK, HERYOUS DEBILITATED MEN



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It treats on health, hygiene, physical culture, and medical subjects, and is a complete encyclopedia of information for suffering humanity affilieted with long-standing, chronic, nervous, exhausting and painful diseases. Every subject that bears on health and human happiness receives attention in its pages; and the many questions saked by alling persons and invalids who have despaired of a cure are an exercicle and valuable information is volunteered to all who are in need of medical advice. No similar work has ever been published. Every sick or alling person should have it.

YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN. and others who suffer from nervous and physical debility, exhausted vitality premature deline, etc., are especially benefited by consulting its contents. Everything such sufferers wish to know is fully given in its pages. If in need of medical sid-of-counsel, read it before "doctoring" of its vesting in medicinass in gradient of the property of the straight medicinass will save time, money and discontinuous. If using medicine or medical reatment of any kind, read it and learn the better way. read it and learn the better way.

THE REVIEW exposes the fraudi practiced by quacks and medical impostors who profess to "practice medicine," and points out the only site site of the profession and bodily energy.

Therefore, The control of the profession of the p

and bodily energy.

Ricctric Beits and all curative appliances are treated upon; all about them—which are generate, which are begons. Beits on thirty days trial (?) and other fallacies reviewed. Thousands of dollars saved nervous-debility sufferes and others by the advice given. THE REVIEW is now in its ninth year of publication formulets apecius no copies mailed FREE Address.

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Amnsements.

#### OPERA HOUSE. ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, APRIL 12,

Wednesday and Saturday Matin MR. DANIEL E. BANDMAN

The eminent Tragedian, supported by an exceller company of artists, and by the beautiful MISS LOUISE BEAUDET.

Will present the best pieces of the Shakespearian and dramatic repertoire.

Performances as good as any given in the city, and better than the usual grun!

Prices fixed so low that nobody has any excuse to remain at bone!

\* Change of programme every performance. MATINEE East Lynne. Saturday | RICHARD 1II! Popular prices: Night, 10c, 25c, 35c. Reserved 15c extra. Matinee, 25c—Children 15c.

OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday Night, April 20, The Princeton College Glee Club

Will give a grand concert, composed of

COLLEGE SONGS, GLEES AND WARBLES.

which will be a raretreat to the music loving peo-ple of Atlanta, this being the first and only tour of this famous club south.

An entirely novel performance, and one which the music-loving people of Atlanta should not miss,

Eighteen Well-Trained Voices College.

Reserved seats for sale at Wilson & Bruckner's at popular prices.

Prof. O. S. Fowler's Last Lecture

Concordia Hall.

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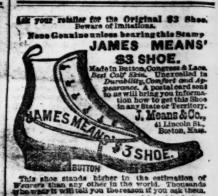
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